# 11.4.3 Solved Problems

#### **Problem 1**

Let W(t) be a standard Brownian motion. Find P(W(1) + W(2) > 2).

# **Solution**

Let X=W(1)+W(2). Since W(t) is a Gaussian process, X is a normal random variable.

$$EX = E[W(1)] + E[W(2)] = 0,$$
  $Var(X) = Var(W(1)) + Var(W(2)) + 2Cov(W(1), W(2))$   $= 1 + 2 + 2 \cdot 1$   $= 5.$ 

We conclude

$$X \sim N(0,5)$$
.

Thus,

$$P(X>2) = 1 - \Phi\left(rac{2-0}{\sqrt{5}}
ight) \ pprox 0.186$$

#### **Problem 2**

Let W(t) be a standard Brownian motion, and  $0 \le s < t$ . Find the conditional PDF of W(s) given W(t) = a.

#### **Solution**

It is useful to remember the following result from the previous chapters: Suppose X and Y are jointly normal random variables with parameters  $\mu_X$ ,  $\sigma_X^2$ ,  $\mu_Y$ ,  $\sigma_Y^2$ , and  $\rho$ . Then, given X=x, Y is normally distributed with

$$E[Y|X=x] = \mu_Y + 
ho\sigma_Y rac{x-\mu_X}{\sigma_X}, 
onumber \ ext{Var}(Y|X=x) = (1-
ho^2)\sigma_Y^2.$$

Now, if we let X=W(t) and Y=W(s), we have  $X\sim N(0,t)$  and  $Y\sim N(0,s)$  and

$$\rho = \frac{\operatorname{Cov}(X, Y)}{\sigma_x \sigma_Y}$$

$$= \frac{\min(s, t)}{\sqrt{t} \sqrt{s}}$$

$$= \frac{s}{\sqrt{t} \sqrt{s}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{s}{t}}.$$

We conclude that

$$E[Y|X=a] = \frac{s}{t}a,$$
  $Var(Y|X=a) = s\left(1 - \frac{s}{t}\right).$ 

Therefore,

$$W(s)|W(t)=a \ \sim \ N\left(rac{s}{t}a,s\left(1-rac{s}{t}
ight)
ight).$$

# **Problem 3**

(Geometric Brownian Motion) Let W(t) be a standard Brownian motion. Define

$$X(t) = \exp\{W(t)\}, \quad \text{for all } t \in [0, \infty).$$

- a. Find E[X(t)], for all  $t \in [0, \infty)$ .
- b. Find  $\operatorname{Var}(X(t))$ , for all  $t \in [0, \infty)$ .
- c. Let  $0 \le s \le t$ . Find Cov(X(s), X(t)).

# **Solution**

It is useful to remember the MGF of the normal distribution. In particular, if  $X \sim N(\mu, \sigma)$  , then

$$M_X(s) = E[e^{sX}] = \expiggl\{s\mu + rac{\sigma^2 s^2}{2}iggr\}, \qquad ext{for all} \quad s \in \mathbb{R}.$$

a. We have

$$egin{aligned} E[X(t)] &= E[e^{W(t)}], \qquad & ext{(where } W(t) \sim N(0,t)) \ &= \expigg\{rac{t}{2}igg\}. \end{aligned}$$

b. We have

$$egin{aligned} E[X^2(t)] &= E[e^{2W(t)}], \qquad & ext{(where } W(t) \sim N(0,t)) \ &= \exp\{2t\}. \end{aligned}$$

Thus,

$$Var(X(t)) = E[X^{2}(t)] - E[X(t)]^{2}$$
  
=  $exp{2t} - exp{t}.$ 

c. Let  $0 \le s \le t$ . Then, we have

$$\operatorname{Cov}(X(s), X(t)) = E[X(s)X(t)] - E[X(s)]E[X(t)]$$
$$= E[X(s)X(t)] - \exp\left\{\frac{s+t}{2}\right\}.$$

To find E[X(s)X(t)], we can write

$$\begin{split} E[X(s)X(t)] &= E\left[\exp\{W(s)\}\exp\{W(t)\}\right] \\ &= E\left[\exp\{W(s)\}\exp\{W(s) + W(t) - W(s)\}\right] \\ &= E\left[\exp\{2W(s)\}\exp\{W(t) - W(s)\}\right] \\ &= E\left[\exp\{2W(s)\}\right]E\left[\exp\{W(t) - W(s)\}\right] \\ &= \exp\{2s\}\exp\left\{\frac{t-s}{2}\right\} \\ &= \exp\left\{\frac{3s+t}{2}\right\}. \end{split}$$

We conclude, for  $0 \le s \le t$ ,

$$\operatorname{Cov}(X(s), X(t)) = \exp\left\{\frac{3s+t}{2}\right\} - \exp\left\{\frac{s+t}{2}\right\}.$$