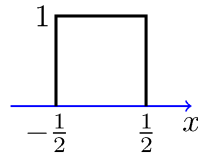
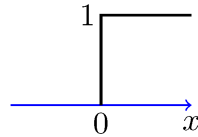


$$(1) \operatorname{sinc}(x) = \frac{\sin(\pi x)}{\pi x}$$

$$(2) \Pi(x) = I_{[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}]}(x)$$



$$(3) u(x)$$



$$(4) \Lambda(x)$$

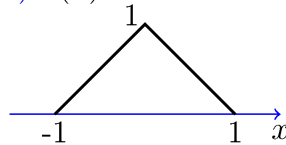


Figure 1. Some common functions.

Table of Fourier Transform Pairs

$x(t)$	Fourier Transform $X(f)$
$\delta(t)$	1
1	$\delta(f)$
$\delta(t - a)$	$e^{-i2\pi fa}$
$e^{i2\pi at}$	$\delta(f - a)$
$\cos(2\pi at)$	$\frac{1}{2}\delta(f - a) + \frac{1}{2}\delta(f + a)$
$\sin(2\pi at)$	$-\frac{1}{2i}\delta(f + a) + \frac{1}{2i}\delta(f - a)$
$\Pi(t)$	$\operatorname{sinc}(f)$
$\operatorname{sinc}(t)$	$\Pi(f)$
$\Lambda(t)$	$\operatorname{sinc}^2(f)$
$\operatorname{sinc}^2(t)$	$\Lambda(f)$
$e^{-at}u(t), a > 0$	$\frac{1}{a + i2\pi f}$
$te^{-at}u(t), a > 0$	$\frac{1}{(a + i2\pi f)^2}$