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## 5.4.0 End of Chapter Problems

### Problem 1

Consider two random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  with joint PMF given in Table 5.4

Joint PMF of  $X$  and  $Y$  in Problem 1

	$Y = 1$	$Y = 2$
$X = 1$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{12}$
$X = 2$	$\frac{1}{6}$	0
$X = 4$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{3}$

- Find  $P(X \leq 2, Y > 1)$ .
- Find the marginal PMFs of  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- Find  $P(Y = 2|X = 1)$ .
- Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?

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### Problem 2

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be as defined in Problem 1. I define a new random variable  $Z = X - 2Y$ .

- Find the PMF of  $Z$ .
- Find  $P(X = 2|Z = 0)$ .

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### Problem 3

A box contains two coins: a regular coin and a biased coin with  $P(H) = \frac{2}{3}$ . I choose a coin at random and toss it once. I define the random variable  $X$  as a Bernoulli random

variable associated with this coin toss, i.e.,  $X = 1$  if the result of the coin toss is heads and  $X = 0$  otherwise. Then I take the remaining coin in the box and toss it once. I define the random variable  $Y$  as a Bernoulli random variable associated with the second coin toss. Find the joint PMF of  $X$  and  $Y$ . Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?

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#### Problem 4

Consider two random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  with joint PMF given by

$$P_{XY}(k, l) = \frac{1}{2^{k+l}}, \text{ for } k, l = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

- Show that  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent and find the marginal PMFs of  $X$  and  $Y$ .
  - Find  $P(X^2 + Y^2 \leq 10)$ .
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#### Problem 5

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be as defined in Problem 1. Also, suppose that we are given that  $Y = 1$ .

- Find the conditional PMF of  $X$  given  $Y = 1$ . That is, find  $P_{X|Y}(x|1)$ .
  - Find  $E[X|Y = 1]$ .
  - Find  $Var(X|Y = 1)$ .
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#### Problem 6

The number of customers visiting a store in one hour has a Poisson distribution with mean  $\lambda = 10$ . Each customer is a female with probability  $p = \frac{3}{4}$  independent of other customers. Let  $X$  be the total number of customers in a one-hour interval and  $Y$  be the total number of female customers in the same interval. Find the joint PMF of  $X$  and  $Y$ .

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#### Problem 7

Let  $X \sim \text{Geometric}(p)$ . Find  $Var(X)$  as follows: Find  $EX$  and  $EX^2$  by conditioning on the result of the first "coin toss", and use  $Var(X) = EX^2 - (EX)^2$ .

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#### Problem 8

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent  $\text{Geometric}(p)$  random variables. Find  $E \left[ \frac{X^2 + Y^2}{XY} \right]$ .

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#### Problem 9

Consider the set of points in the set  $C$ :

$$C = \{(x, y) | x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, x^2 + |y| \leq 2\}.$$

Suppose that we pick a point  $(X, Y)$  from this set completely at random. Thus, each point has a probability of  $\frac{1}{11}$  of being chosen.

- Find the joint and marginal PMFs of  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- Find the conditional PMF of  $X$  given  $Y = 1$ .
- Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?
- Find  $E[XY^2]$ .

### Problem 10

Consider the set of points in the set  $C$ :

$$C = \{(x, y) | x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, x^2 + |y| \leq 2\}.$$

Suppose that we pick a point  $(X, Y)$  from this set completely at random. Thus, each point has a probability of  $\frac{1}{11}$  of being chosen.

- Find  $E[X|Y = 1]$ .
- Find  $Var(X|Y = 1)$ .
- Find  $E[X||Y| \leq 1]$ .
- Find  $E[X^2||Y| \leq 1]$ .

### Problem 11

The number of cars being repaired at a small repair shop has the following PMF:

$$P_N(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{8} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{1}{8} & \text{for } n = 1 \\ \frac{1}{4} & \text{for } n = 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \text{for } n = 3 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Each car that is being repaired is a four-door car with probability  $\frac{3}{4}$  and a two-door car with probability  $\frac{1}{4}$ , independently from other cars and independently from the number of cars being repaired. Let  $X$  be the number of four-door cars and  $Y$  be the number of two-door cars currently being repaired.

- Find the marginal PMFs of  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- Find the joint PMF of  $X$  and  $Y$ .
- Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?

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**Problem 12**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent random variables with PMFs

$$P_X(k) = P_Y(k) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{5} & \text{for } x = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Define  $Z = X - Y$ . Find the PMF of  $Z$ .

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**Problem 13**

Consider two random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  with joint PMF given in Table 5.5

Table 5.5: Joint PMF of  $X$  and  $Y$  in Problem 13

	$Y = 0$	$Y = 1$	$Y = 2$
$X = 0$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{8}$
$X = 1$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{4}$

Define the random variable  $Z$  as  $Z = E[X|Y]$ .

- Find the Marginal PMFs of  $X$  and  $Y$ .
  - Find the conditional PMF of  $X$ , given  $Y = 0$  and  $Y = 1$ , i.e., find  $P_{X|Y}(x|0)$  and  $P_{X|Y}(x|1)$ .
  - Find the PMF of  $Z$ .
  - Find  $EZ$ , and check that  $EZ = EX$ .
  - Find  $\text{Var}(Z)$ .
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**Problem 14**

Let  $X$ ,  $Y$ , and  $Z = E[X|Y]$  be as in Problem 13. Define the random variable  $V$  as  $V = \text{Var}(X|Y)$ .

- Find the PMF of  $V$ .
- Find  $EV$ .
- Check that  $\text{Var}(X) = EV + \text{Var}(Z)$ .

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**Problem 15**

Let  $N$  be the number of phone calls made by the customers of a phone company in a given hour. Suppose that  $N \sim \text{Poisson}(\beta)$ , where  $\beta > 0$  is known. Let  $X_i$  be the length of the  $i$ 'th phone call, for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, N$ . We assume  $X_i$ 's are independent of each other and also independent of  $N$ . We further assume

$$X_i \sim \text{Exponential}(\lambda),$$

where  $\lambda > 0$  is known. Let  $Y$  be the sum of the lengths of the phone calls, i.e.,

$$Y = \sum_{i=1}^N X_i.$$

Find  $EY$  and  $\text{Var}(Y)$ .

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**Problem 16**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two jointly continuous random variables with joint PDF

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}e^{-x} + \frac{cy}{(1+x)^2} & 0 \leq x, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Find the constant  $c$ .
  - Find  $P(0 \leq X \leq 1, 0 \leq Y \leq \frac{1}{2})$ .
  - Find  $P(0 \leq X \leq 1)$ .
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**Problem 17**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two jointly continuous random variables with joint PDF

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-xy} & 1 \leq x \leq e, y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Find the marginal PDFs,  $f_X(x)$  and  $f_Y(y)$ .
  - Write an integral to compute  $P(0 \leq Y \leq 1, 1 \leq X \leq \sqrt{e})$ .
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**Problem 18**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two jointly continuous random variables with joint PDF

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4}x^2 + \frac{1}{6}y & -1 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Find the marginal PDFs,  $f_X(x)$  and  $f_Y(y)$ .
- Find  $P(X > 0, Y < 1)$ .
- Find  $P(X > 0 \text{ or } Y < 1)$ .
- Find  $P(X > 0 | Y < 1)$ .
- Find  $P(X + Y > 0)$ .

### Problem 19

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two jointly continuous random variables with joint CDF

$$F_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-x} - e^{-2y} + e^{-(x+2y)} & x, y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- Find the joint PDF,  $f_{XY}(x, y)$ .
- Find  $P(X < 2Y)$ .
- Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?

### Problem 20

Let  $X \sim N(0, 1)$ .

- Find the conditional PDF and CDF of  $X$  given  $X > 0$ .
- Find  $E[X | X > 0]$ .
- Find  $\text{Var}(X | X > 0)$ .

### Problem 21

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two jointly continuous random variables with joint PDF

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} x^2 + \frac{1}{3}y & -1 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

For  $0 \leq y \leq 1$ , find the following:

- The conditional PDF of  $X$  given  $Y = y$ .

- b.  $P(X > 0|Y = y)$ . Does this value depend on  $y$ ?  
c. Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?
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### Problem 22

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two jointly continuous random variables with joint PDF

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{2}{3}y & -1 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find  $E[Y|X = 0]$  and  $\text{Var}(Y|X = 0)$ .

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### Problem 23

Consider the set

$$E = \{(x, y) | |x| + |y| \leq 1\}.$$

Suppose that we choose a point  $(X, Y)$  uniformly at random in  $E$ . That is, the joint PDF of  $X$  and  $Y$  is given by

$$f_{XY}(x, y) = \begin{cases} c & (x, y) \in E \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a. Find the constant  $c$ .  
b. Find the marginal PDFs  $f_X(x)$  and  $f_Y(y)$ .  
c. Find the conditional PDF of  $X$  given  $Y = y$ , where  $-1 \leq y \leq 1$ .  
d. Are  $X$  and  $Y$  independent?
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### Problem 24

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent  $Uniform(0, 2)$  random variables. Find  $P(XY < 1)$ .

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### Problem 25

Suppose  $X \sim Exponential(1)$  and given  $X = x$ ,  $Y$  is a uniform random variable in  $[0, x]$ , i.e.,

$$Y|X = x \sim Uniform(0, x),$$

or equivalently

$$Y|X \sim Uniform(0, X).$$

- a. Find  $EY$ .
- b. Find  $Var(Y)$ .

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**Problem 26**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent  $Uniform(0, 1)$  random variables. Find

- a.  $E[XY]$
- b.  $E[e^{X+Y}]$
- c.  $E[X^2 + Y^2 + XY]$
- d.  $E[Ye^{XY}]$

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**Problem 27**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent  $Uniform(0, 1)$  random variables, and  $Z = \frac{X}{Y}$ . Find the CDF and PDF of  $Z$ .

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**Problem 28**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent  $N(0, 1)$  random variables, and  $U = X + Y$ .

- a. Find the conditional PDF of  $U$  given  $X = x$ ,  $f_{U|X}(u|x)$ .
- b. Find the PDF of  $U$ ,  $f_U(u)$ .
- c. Find the conditional PDF of  $X$  given  $U = u$ ,  $f_{X|U}(x|u)$ .
- d. Find  $E[X|U = u]$ , and  $Var(X|U = u)$ .

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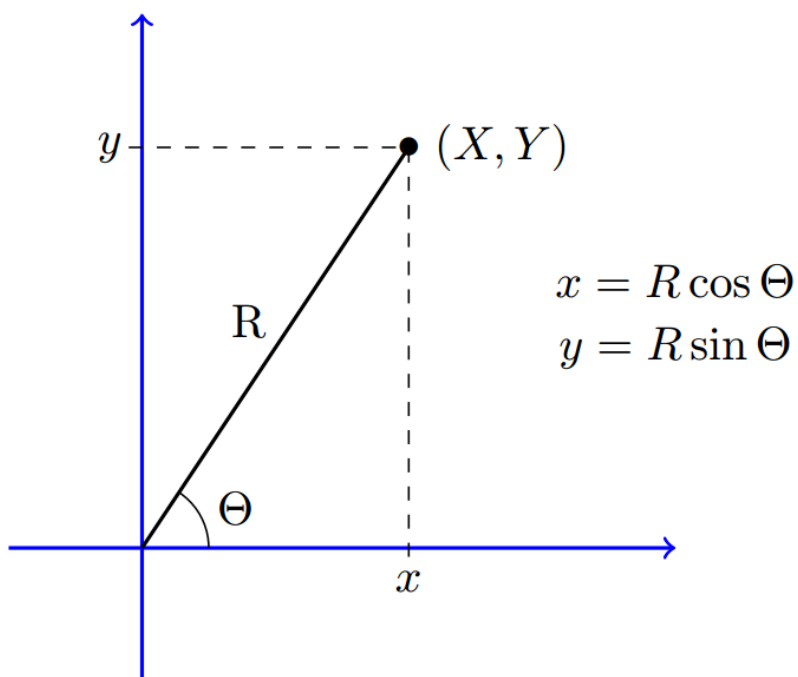
**Problem 29**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent standard normal random variables. Consider the point  $(X, Y)$  in the  $x - y$  plane. Let  $(R, \Theta)$  be the corresponding polar coordinates as shown in Figure 5.11. The inverse transformation is given by

$$\begin{cases} X = R \cos \Theta \\ Y = R \sin \Theta \end{cases}$$

where,  $R \geq 0$  and  $-\pi < \Theta \leq \pi$ . Find the joint PDF of  $R$  and  $\Theta$ . Show that  $R$  and  $\Theta$  are independent.






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**Problem 30**

In Problem 29, suppose that  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent  $Uniform(0, 1)$  random variables. Find the joint PDF of  $R$  and  $\Theta$ . Are  $R$  and  $\Theta$  independent?

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**Problem 31**

Consider two random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  with joint PMF given in Table 5.6.

Table 5.6: Joint PMF of  $X$  and  $Y$  in Problem 31

	$Y = 0$	$Y = 1$	$Y = 2$
$X = 0$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$
$X = 1$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$

Find  $Cov(X, Y)$  and  $\rho(X, Y)$ .

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**Problem 32**

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent  $N(0, 1)$  random variable and

$$Z = 11 - X + X^2Y,$$

$$W = 3 - Y.$$

Find  $\text{Cov}(Z, W)$ .

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### Problem 33

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two random variables. Suppose that  $\sigma_X^2 = 4$ , and  $\sigma_Y^2 = 9$ . If we know that the two random variables  $Z = 2X - Y$  and  $W = X + Y$  are independent, find  $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$  and  $\rho(X, Y)$ .

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### Problem 34

Let  $X \sim \text{Uniform}(1, 3)$  and  $Y|X \sim \text{Exponential}(X)$ . Find  $\text{Cov}(X, Y)$ .

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### Problem 35

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two independent  $N(0, 1)$  random variable and

$$Z = 7 + X + Y,$$

$$W = 1 + Y.$$

Find  $\rho(Z, W)$ .

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### Problem 36

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be jointly normal random variables with parameters  $\mu_X = -1$ ,  $\sigma_X^2 = 4$ ,  $\mu_Y = 1$ ,  $\sigma_Y^2 = 1$ , and  $\rho = -\frac{1}{2}$ .

- Find  $P(X + 2Y \leq 3)$ .
  - Find  $\text{Cov}(X - Y, X + 2Y)$ .
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### Problem 37

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be jointly normal random variables with parameters  $\mu_X = 1$ ,  $\sigma_X^2 = 4$ ,  $\mu_Y = 1$ ,  $\sigma_Y^2 = 1$ , and  $\rho = 0$ .

- Find  $P(X + 2Y > 4)$ .
  - Find  $E[X^2Y^2]$ .
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### Problem 38

Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be jointly normal random variables with parameters  $\mu_X = 2$ ,  $\sigma_X^2 = 4$ ,  $\mu_Y = 1$ ,  $\sigma_Y^2 = 9$ , and  $\rho = -\frac{1}{2}$ .

- Find  $E[Y|X = 3]$ .

b. Find  $\text{Var}(Y|X = 2)$ .

c. Find  $P(X + 2Y \leq 5|X + Y = 3)$ .