### Lecture 7.1

- Dr. Anurag Sharma

### **Meta-heuristic Algorithms**

CS214, semester 2, 2018

### Course Learning Outcomes

- 2. Assess the suitability of different algorithms for solving a given problem
- 3. Solve computationally difficult real world problems using appropriate algorithmic techniques.

CS214, semester 2, 2018

\_

# Algorithm Design Paradigms

So far we have seen various kinds of algorithm design approaches. No design is perfect and they come with their pros and cons.

- Brute force
- Divide and Conquer
- Dynamic Programming
- Greedy Approach (not yet studied)

# Solve complex problems like TSP

- No one has ever found an algorithm for the Traveling Salesperson problem whose worst-case time complexity is better than exponential. Yet, no one has ever proved that the algorithm is not possible.
- Worst case Time complexity with various approaches:
  - Brute Force factorial
  - Dynamic Programming exponential
  - Divide & Conquer?

CS214, semester 2, 2018

CS214, semester 2, 2018

### Do we have a satisfactory solution?

- There are no 'deterministic method' that can solve TSP better than exponential.
- That means we cannot have solutions for large problems in a reasonable time frame.
- But we have seen solutions can be obtained very quickly. Such as GPS tracking, shortest route etc.

CS214, semester 2, 2018

5

### Artificial Intelligence Methods

- These complex optimization problems can be solved by meta-heuristic algorithms.
- Like:
  - Genetic Algorithm
  - Particle Swarm Optimization
  - Ant Colony Optimization
  - Etc.

CS214, semester 2, 2018

6

## Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO)



# PSO Algorithm

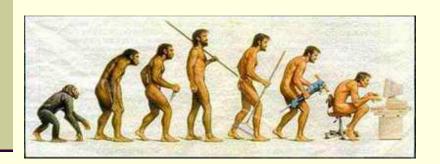
```
//PSO Algorithm:
//Input: problem in matrix form;
//output: optimum solution
read(); // read the matrix from the file;
parameter setting();
for(int i=0; i<max iter; i++)
     for(int j=0; j<swarm size; j++)
          best neighbor = get best neighbor(particle[i]);
     if(best neighbor<global best)
          global best = best neighbor;
     End if:
     extra_best = move_towards(particle[j], best_neighbor);
    If(global_best<extra_best)</pre>
          solution = global_best;
     End if;
          solution = extra best;
     End for loop:
End for_loop;
```

CS214, semester 2, 2018

8

# Framework Meta-heuristic Algorithm PSO algorithm Terminate? Preprocesss raw data CS214, semester 2, 2018 PSO algorithm Terminate?

# **Evolutionary Algorithm**



CS214, semester 2, 2018