```
<html><head></head><body>/*
circle_circle_intersection() *
 * Determine the points where 2 circles in a common plane intersect.
 * int circle circle intersection(
                                 // center and radius of 1st circle
                                 double x0, double y0, double r0,
                                 // center and radius of 2nd circle
                                 double x1, double y1, double r1,
                                 // 1st intersection point
                                 double *xi, double *yi,
                                 // 2nd intersection point
                                 double *xi_prime, double *yi_prime)
 * This is a public domain work. 3/26/2005 Tim Voght
 */
#include <stdio.h&gt;
#include <math.h&gt;
int circle_circle_intersection(double x0, double y0, double r0,
                              double x1, double y1, double r1,
                              double *xi, double *yi,
                              double *xi prime, double *yi prime)
 double a, dx, dy, d, h, rx, ry;
 double x2, y2;
  /* dx and dy are the vertical and horizontal distances between
   * the circle centers.
  */
 dx = x1 - x0;
 dy = y1 - y0;
  /* Determine the straight-line distance between the centers. */
  //d = sqrt((dy*dy) + (dx*dx));
 d = hypot(dx,dy); // Suggested by Keith Briggs
  /* Check for solvability. */
  if (d \& gt; (r0 + r1))
    /* no solution. circles do not intersect. */
   return 0;
  if (d < fabs(r0 - r1))
    /* no solution. one circle is contained in the other */
   return 0;
  /* 'point 2' is the point where the line through the circle
   * intersection points crosses the line between the circle
  * centers.
  */
  /* Determine the distance from point 0 to point 2. */
 a = ((r0*r0) - (r1*r1) + (d*d)) / (2.0 * d);
  /* Determine the coordinates of point 2. */
 x2 = x0 + (dx * a/d);
 y2 = y0 + (dy * a/d);
  /* Determine the distance from point 2 to either of the
  * intersection points.
```

```
*/
 h = sqrt((r0*r0) - (a*a));
  /* Now determine the offsets of the intersection points from
  * point 2.
  */
  rx = -dy * (h/d);
  ry = dx * (h/d);
  /* Determine the absolute intersection points. */
  *xi = x2 + rx;
  *xi prime = x2 - rx;
  *yi = y2 + ry;
  *yi_prime = y2 - ry;
  return 1;
}
#define TEST
#ifdef TEST
void run_test(double x0, double y0, double r0,
             double x1, double y1, double r1)
  double x3, y3, x3_prime, y3_prime;
 printf("x0=%F, y0=%F, r0=%F, x1=%F, y1=%F, r1=%F:\n",
          x0, y0, r0, x1, y1, r1);
 circle_circle_intersection(x0, y0, r0, x1, y1, r1,
                             &x3, &y3, &x3_prime, &y3_prime);
  printf(" x3=%F, y3=%F, x3_prime=%F, y3_prime=%F\n",
           x3, y3, x3_prime, y3_prime);
}
int main(void)
  /* Add more! */
  run test(-1.0, -1.0, 1.5, 1.0, 1.0, 2.0);
  run_test(1.0, -1.0, 1.5, -1.0, 1.0, 2.0);
 run test(-1.0, 1.0, 1.5, 1.0, -1.0, 2.0);
  run_test(1.0, 1.0, 1.5, -1.0, -1.0, 2.0);
  exit(0);
#endif
</body></html>
```