# Assignment 5: Data Visualization

Ruiging Li

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#### **OVERVIEW**

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Visualization

#### **Directions**

- 1. Rename this file <RuiqingLi>\_A05\_DataVisualization.Rmd (replacing <FirstLast> with your first and last name).
- 2. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 3. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 4. Be sure your code is tidy; use line breaks to ensure your code fits in the knitted output.
- 5. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 6. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.

### Set up your session

## -- Conflicts -----

## x dplyr::lag()

## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()

masks stats::lag()

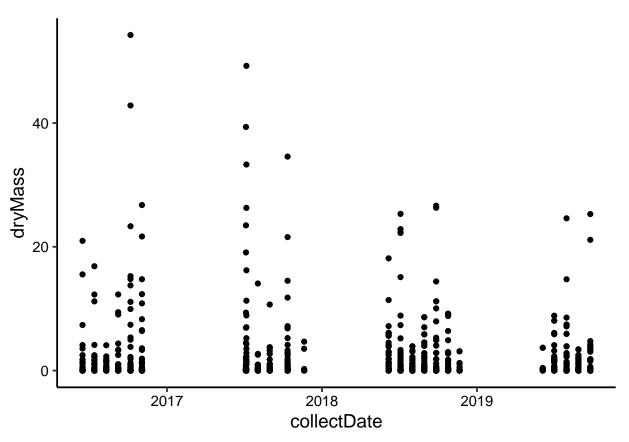
- 1. Set up your session. Load the tidyverse, lubridate, here & cowplot packages, and verify your home directory. Upload the NTL-LTER processed data files for nutrients and chemistry/physics for Peter and Paul Lakes (use the tidy NTL-LTER\_Lake\_Chemistry\_Nutrients\_PeterPaul\_Processed.csv version) and the processed data file for the Niwot Ridge litter dataset (use the NEON\_NIWO\_Litter\_mass\_trap\_Processed.csv version).
- 2. Make sure R is reading dates as date format; if not change the format to date.

```
library(tidyverse)
                                      ----- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## -- Attaching packages -----
## v ggplot2 3.3.6
                      v purrr
                               0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.8
                      v dplyr
                               1.0.10
## v tidyr
           1.2.1
                      v stringr 1.4.1
## v readr
            2.1.2
                      v forcats 0.5.2
                                            ----- tidyverse conflicts() --
```

```
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       date, intersect, setdiff, union
library(here)
## here() starts at /Users/ruiqingli/Desktop/DataAnalytics/RWORK/EDA-Spring2023
library(cowplot)
##
## Attaching package: 'cowplot'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
       stamp
getwd()
## [1] "/Users/ruiqingli/Desktop/DataAnalytics/RWORK/EDA-Spring2023"
PeterPaul.chem.nutrients <-
  read.csv(here("Data/Processed_KEY/NTL-LTER_Lake_Chemistry_Nutrients_PeterPaul_Processed.csv"), string
Niwot.Ridge.litter <-
  read.csv(here("Data/Processed_KEY/NEON_NIWO_Litter_mass_trap_Processed.csv"), stringsAsFactors = TRUE
#2
PeterPaul.chem.nutrients$sampledate <- ymd(PeterPaul.chem.nutrients$sampledate)
Niwot.Ridge.litter$collectDate <- ymd(Niwot.Ridge.litter$collectDate)</pre>
Define your theme
  3. Build a theme and set it as your default theme. Customize the look of at least two of the following:
```

- Plot background
- Plot title
- Axis labels
- Axis ticks/gridlines
- Legend

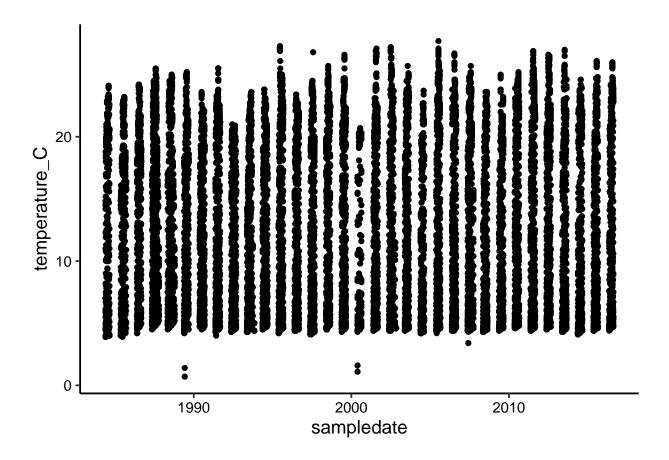
```
Plot.Niwot.Ridge.litter <- ggplot(Niwot.Ridge.litter) +
  geom_point(aes(x = collectDate, y = dryMass)) +
  mytheme.A5
print(Plot.Niwot.Ridge.litter)</pre>
```



```
theme_set(mytheme.A5)

Plot.PeterPaul.chem.nutrients <- ggplot(PeterPaul.chem.nutrients) +
   geom_point(aes(x = sampledate, y = temperature_C)) +
   mytheme.A5
print(Plot.PeterPaul.chem.nutrients)</pre>
```

## Warning: Removed 3566 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).



## Create graphs

For numbers 4-7, create ggplot graphs and adjust aesthetics to follow best practices for data visualization. Ensure your theme, color palettes, axes, and additional aesthetics are edited accordingly.

4. [NTL-LTER] Plot total phosphorus (tp\_ug) by phosphate (po4), with separate aesthetics for Peter and Paul lakes. Add a line of best fit and color it black. Adjust your axes to hide extreme values (hint: change the limits using xlim() and/or ylim()).

#4

5. [NTL-LTER] Make three separate boxplots of (a) temperature, (b) TP, and (c) TN, with month as the x axis and lake as a color aesthetic. Then, create a cowplot that combines the three graphs. Make sure that only one legend is present and that graph axes are aligned.

Tip: R has a build in variable called month.abb that returns a list of months;see https://r-lang.com/month-abb-in-r-with-example

#5

Question: What do you observe about the variables of interest over seasons and between lakes?

Answer:

- 6. [Niwot Ridge] Plot a subset of the litter dataset by displaying only the "Needles" functional group. Plot the dry mass of needle litter by date and separate by NLCD class with a color aesthetic. (no need to adjust the name of each land use)
- 7. [Niwot Ridge] Now, plot the same plot but with NLCD classes separated into three facets rather than separated by color.

#6		
#7		

Question: Which of these plots (6 vs. 7) do you think is more effective, and why?

Answer: