



### **Quick Start**

This page helps you quickly create your first source, dataset, model, and prediction.

To get started with BigML.io you need:

- 1. Your username and your API key.
- 2. A terminal with curl or any other command-line tool that implements standard HTTPS methods.
- 3. Some sample data. You can use:
  - A csv file with some data. You can download the "Iris dataset" or "Diabetes dataset" from our servers.
  - Even easier, you can just use a URL that points to your data. For example, you can use https://static.bigml.com/csv/iris.csv or https://static.bigml.com/csv/diabetes.csv.
  - Even even easier, you can just send some inline test data.

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# Getting a Toy Data File

If you do not have any dataset handy, you can download Fisher's Iris dataset using the **curl** command below or by just clicking on the link.

curl

curl -o iris.csv https://static.bigml.com/csv/iris.csv

#### Authentication

The following snippet will help you set up an environment variable (i.e., **BIGML\_AUTH**) to store your **username** and **API key** and avoid typing them again in the rest of examples. See this **section** for more details.

Note: Use your own username and API Key.

```
export BIGML_USERNAME=alfred
export BIGML_API_KEY=79138a622755a2383660347f895444b1eb927730
export BIGML_AUTH="username=$BIGML_USERNAME&api_key=$BIGML_API_KEY"
```

If you have a private deployment, you have to connect to your own API server. Ask to your server administrators to know what is your API server. All the BigML bindings are able to set the appropriate API server domain using the env var **BIGML\_DOMAIN**. Read the documentation of the bindings you're using for further information.

# Creating a Source

To create a new source, POST the file containing your data to the source base URL.

```
curl "https://bigml.io/andromeda/source
?$BIGML_AUTH" -F file=@iris.csv
```

To create more **sources** simply repeat the **curl** command above using another file. Make sure to use the full path if the file is not in your current directory.

# Creating a Remote Source

You can also create a source using a valid URL that points to your data or some public data. For example:

```
curl "https://bigml.io/andromeda/source?$BIGML_AUTH" \
   -X POST \
   -H 'content-type: application/json' \
   -d '{"remote": "https://static.bigml.com/csv/iris.csv"}'
```

# Creating an Inline Source

You can also create a source using some inline data. For example:

```
curl "https://bigml.io/andromeda/source?$BIGML_AUTH" \
    -X POST \
    -H 'content-type: application/json' \
    -d '{"data": "a,b,c,d\n1,2,3,4\n5,6,7,8"}'
```

**BigML.io** will respond with a JSON object containing preliminary information about your new **source**. As with all **BigML.io** resources, the new source will have a **resource** key with a unique **resource/id**. You can use the **source/id** to retrieve the source or to create new datasets.

```
"code": 201,
    "content_type": "application/octet-stream",
    "created": "2012-03-01T05:29:07.217968",
    "file_name": "iris.csv",
    "md5": "d1175c032e1042bec7f974c91e4a65ae",
    "name": "iris.csv",
    "number_of_datasets": 0,
    "number_of_models": 0,
    "number_of_predictions": 0,
    "private": true,
    "resource": "source/4f52824203ce893c0a000053",
    "size": 4608,
    "source parser": {
```

For nicely formatted JSON responses, pipe the  $\boldsymbol{curl}$  command to

```
| python -m json.tool or to | *jq* "." |.
```

You can get jq here.

# **Creating a Dataset**

To create a dataset, POST the source/id from the previous step to the dataset base URL as follows.

```
curl
curl "https://bigml.io/andromeda/dataset?$BIGML_AUTH" \
    -X POST \
    -H 'content-type: application/json' \
    -d '{"source": "source/4f52824203ce893c0a000053"}'
```

**BigML.io** will return a **dataset** resource if the request succeeds. **BigML.io** detects types for each field and will begins computing the histograms and summary statistics. In the **Datasets Section** you can learn how customize the parsing rules and other options when converting a datasource to a dataset. Each field in your source is automatically assigned an id that you can later use as a parameter in models and predictions.

# Creating a Model

To create a **model**, POST the **dataset/id** from the previous step to the model base URL. By default **BigML.io** will include all fields as predictors and will treat the last non-text field as the objective. In the **Models Section** you will learn how to customize the input fields or the objective field.

```
curl "https://bigml.io/andromeda/model?$BIGML_AUTH" \
   -X POST \
```

```
-H 'content-type: application/json' \
-d '{"dataset": "dataset/4f52da4303ce896fe3000000"}'
```

If the request is successful a new model will be created. The model will contain a **model/id** that you can use to retrieve it later or to create predictions.

```
"code": 201,
    "columns": 5,
    "created": "2012-03-04T03:46:53.033372",
    "dataset": "dataset/4f52da4303ce896fe3000000",
    "dataset_status": true,
    "holdout": 0.0,
    "input_fields": [],
    "max_columns": 5,
    "max_rows": 150,
    "name": "iris' dataset model",
    "number_of_predictions": 0,
    "objective_fields": [],
    "private": true,
```

# Creating a Prediction

To create a prediction, POST the model/id and some input data to the prediction base URL.

```
curl "https://bigml.io/andromeda/prediction?$BIGML_AUTH" \
    -X POST \
    -H 'content-type: application/json' \
    -d '{"model": "model/4f52e5ad03ce898798000000", "input_data": {"0000000": 5, "0000001": 3]
```

If the request succeeds, **BigML.io** will return a new **prediction** resource with its own **prediction/id**. You can use this id to retrieve the prediction later on. The predicted value is found in the **prediction** object, keyed by the corresponding **objective field id**.

```
json {
"code": 201,
```

```
"created": "2012-03-04T04:11:10.433996",

"dataset": "dataset/4f52da4303ce896fe3000000",

"dataset_status": true,

"fields": {

    "000000": {

        "column_number": 0,

        "datatype": "double",

        "name": "sepal length",

        "optype": "numeric"

    },

    "000001": {

        "column_number": 1,
```

Documentation

Tools

Certifications

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