

LAPORAN TUGAS

JARINGAN SYARAF TIRUAN

“Implementasi Clustering dengan menggunakan Kohonen SOM”



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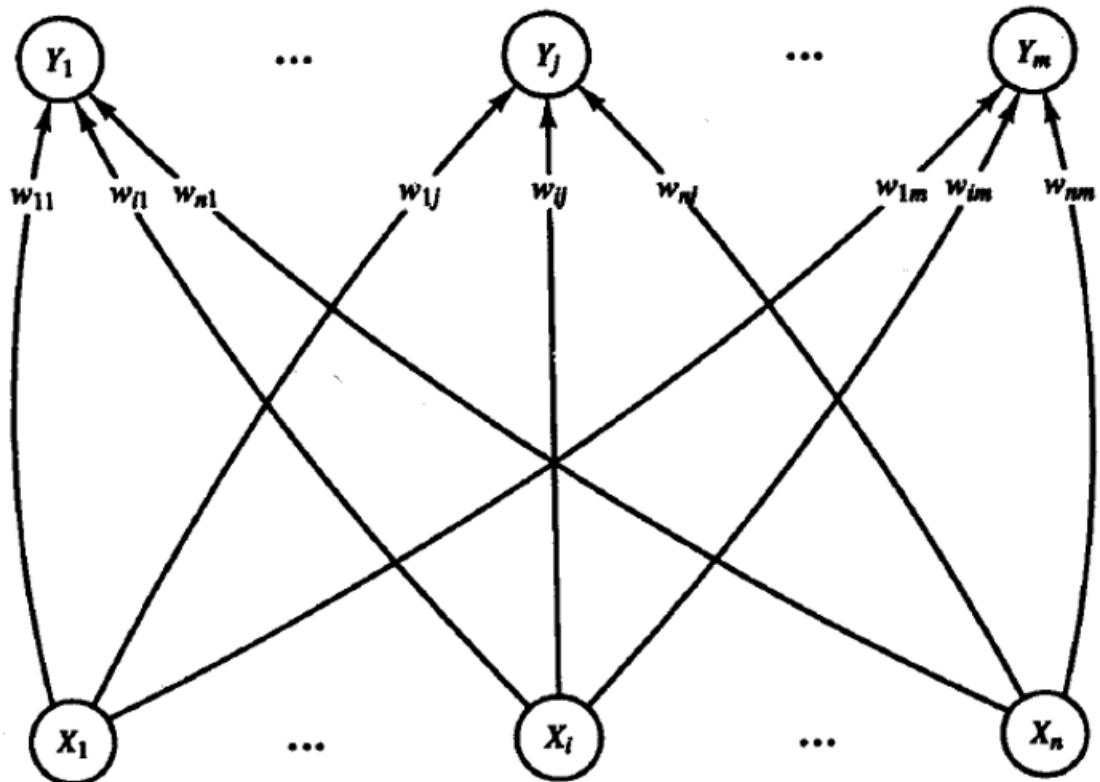
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I. Deskripsi

Arsitektur Kohonen SOM, sebagai berikut:



Algoritma Kohonen SOM, seperti berikut:

- Step 0.* Initialize weights w_{ij} . (Possible choices are discussed below.)
Set topological neighborhood parameters.
Set learning rate parameters.
- Step 1.* While stopping condition is false, do Steps 2–8.
 - Step 2.* For each input vector x , do Steps 3–5.
 - Step 3.* For each j , compute:
$$D(j) = \sum_i (w_{ij} - x_i)^2.$$
 - Step 4.* Find index J such that $D(J)$ is a minimum.
 - Step 5.* For all units j within a specified neighborhood of J , and for all i :
$$w_{ij}(\text{new}) = w_{ij}(\text{old}) + \alpha[x_i - w_{ij}(\text{old})].$$
 - Step 6.* Update learning rate.
 - Step 7.* Reduce radius of topological neighborhood at specified times.
 - Step 8.* Test stopping condition.

Akan dilakukan Implementasi Clustering menggunakan Kohonen SOM dengan Data sebagai berikut:

Tabel2 Hasil Pengkodean Data

Nama_daerah	X ₁	X ₂	X ₃	X ₄	X ₅	X ₆	X ₇	X ₈	X ₉	X ₁₀	X ₁₁	X ₁₂	X ₁₃
Kdy. Madiun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Pacitan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
Ponorogo	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
Trenggalek	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
Tulungagung	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Blitar	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Kediri	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Malang	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
Lumajang	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Jember	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Banyuwangi	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Bondowoso	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
Situbondo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
Probolinggo	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Pasuruan	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Sidoarjo	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Mojokerto	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Jombang	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Nganjuk	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
Madiun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Magetan	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Ngawi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Bojonegoro	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
Tuban	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Lamongan	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Gresik	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Bangkalan	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0
Sampang	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Pamekasan	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Sumenep	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Kdy. Kediri	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Kdy. Blitar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Kdy. Malang	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
Kdy. Probolinggo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Kdy. Pasuruan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
Kdy. Mojokerto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0

Dan inisialisasi weight setiap elemennya bernilai random antara 0 sampai 1.

Lalu dengan Radius (Neighborhood) sama dengan 0.

Dan learning rate (alpha) sama dengan 0.6

II. Source Code

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import random

print("@author: Muhammad Syahrul Romadhon (06111740000078)")

# Searching Function index distance minimal
```

```

def imin(m):
    a = m[0]
    index = 0
    for i in range(len(m)):
        if m[i-1] > m[i]:
            b = m[i]
            if a > b:
                index = i
    return index

# Data

A = pd.read_csv("data.csv")
print("DATA:\n", A.head(),
      "\n=====")
# A = np.array(A)
# print(A)

# Initialization
c = 36
m = 4
n = 13
r = 0
alpha = 0.6

# weight
w = np.zeros((n, m), dtype=float)
for j in range(m):
    for i in range(n):
        w[i, j] = '{:03.1f}'.format(random.uniform(0, 1))
print("WEIGHT:\n", w, "\n=====")

# Distance Euclidian
print("DISTANCE:")
for i in range(c):
    print("For Input vector", A.loc[i][0])
    D = np.zeros([w.shape[1]])
    for k in range(m):
        for j in range(n):
            D[k] = D[k] + (w[j, k] - A.loc[i][j+1]) ** 2
    print(D)
    index = imin(D)
    print("Winning cluster is D(", index, ")")
    print("=====")
    print("Update Weight (New Weight) column", index)
    for j in range(w.shape[0]):
        # print(A.loc[j][i+1])
        w[j, index] = (1-alpha)*w[j, index] + alpha*A.loc[i][j+1]
    alpha = alpha*0.5
    print(w)
    print("=====")

```

III. Hasil (Output)

- Weight

```
WEIGHT:
[[0.7 0.8 0.6 0.6]
 [0.5 0.9 0.1 0. ]
 [0.4 0.8 0.4 0.1]
 [0.4 0.3 0.7 0.7]
 [0.9 0.1 0.8 0.3]
 [0.1 0.5 0.8 0.1]
 [1.  0.7 0.2 0.2]
 [0.2 0.7 0.6 0.9]
 [0.3 0.3 0.9 0.5]
 [0.1 0.9 0.2 0.9]
 [0.6 0.7 0.5 0.4]
 [0.7 0.3 0.5 0.3]
 [0.5 0.  0.3 0.9]]
```

- Sample Distance

```
DISTANCE:
For Input vector Kdy. Madiun
[4.52 4.9  3.14 3.73]
Winning cluster is D( 2 )
=====
Update Weight (New Weight) column 2
[[0.7  0.8  0.24 0.6 ]
 [0.5  0.9  0.04 0.  ]
 [0.4  0.8  0.16 0.1 ]
 [0.4  0.3  0.28 0.7 ]
 [0.9  0.1  0.32 0.3 ]
 [0.1  0.5  0.32 0.1 ]
 [1.   0.7  0.08 0.2 ]
 [0.2  0.7  0.84 0.9 ]
 [0.3  0.3  0.96 0.5 ]
 [0.1  0.9  0.08 0.9 ]
 [0.6  0.7  0.8  0.4 ]
 [0.7  0.3  0.8  0.3 ]
 [0.5  0.   0.12 0.9 ]]
```