

Exam

Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment

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Outline

Problem style

Tools

Sample problems

Midterm scope

Q&A

Problem Style

All problems are console-based problems

Two styles

Interaction

- Interact with a problem server
- Follow the instructions, and solve it interactively or automatically (by implementing scripts)
- Let the server call the `showflag()` function

Code submission

- A problem statement is given
- Implement your solution as a function or a standalone problem
- Copy-and-paste your C/C++ code to the problem server (end with **`//EOF`**)

Tools

netcat

- ``nc aup.zoolab.org [port-number]``

Python3 and pwntools

- <https://github.com/Gallopsled/pwntools>

Internet is not available - some sites are white-listed

Online documents will be available

- man pages: <http://man7.org/linux/man-pages/>
- Python3 reference: <https://docs.python.org/3/reference/>
- Pwntools reference: <http://docs.pwntools.com/en/stable/>
- C/C++ reference: <https://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp>

You can also bring your own documents (books or papers)

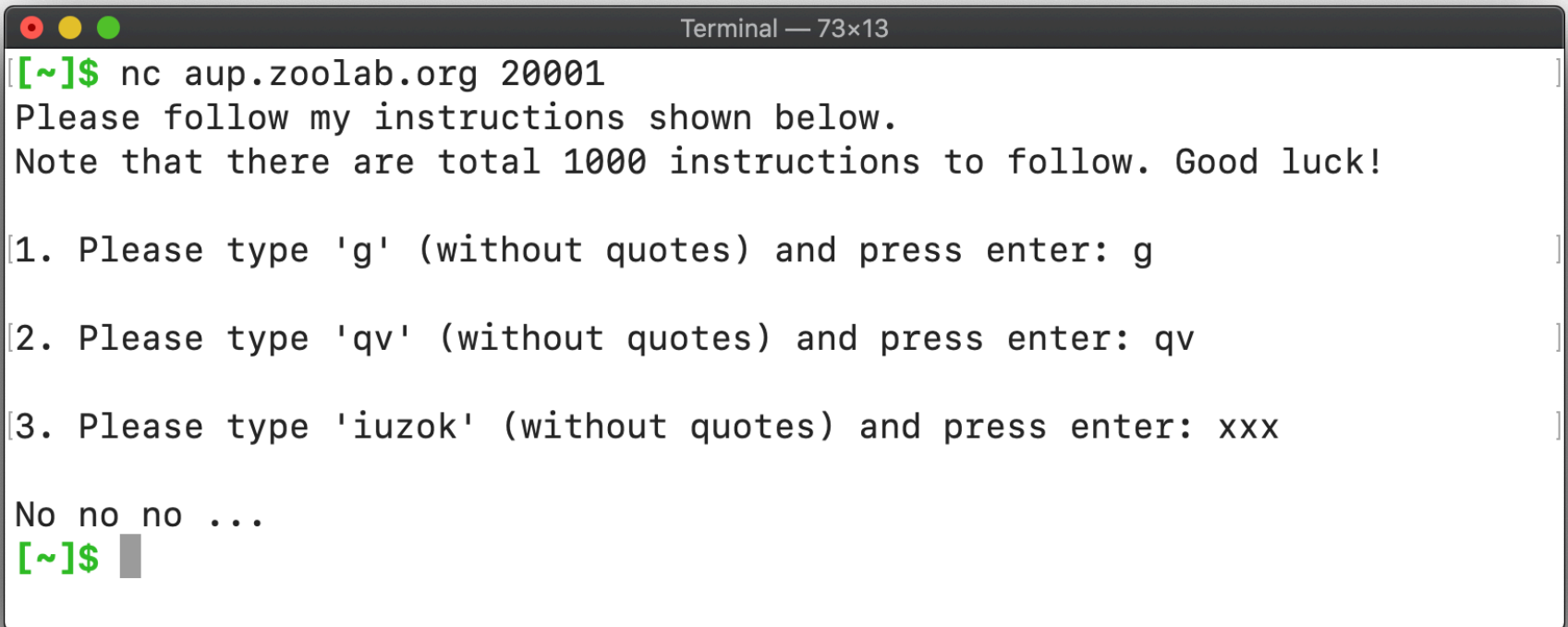
Sample Problems

Interaction: The **echo** server

Code submission: The **helloworld** problem

The echo Server

``nc aup.zoolab.org 20001``



```
Terminal — 73x13
[[~]$ nc aup.zoolab.org 20001
Please follow my instructions shown below.
Note that there are total 1000 instructions to follow. Good luck!

[1. Please type 'g' (without quotes) and press enter: g
[2. Please type 'qv' (without quotes) and press enter: qv
[3. Please type 'iuzok' (without quotes) and press enter: xxx

No no no ...
[[~]$ █
```

The echo Server

– Source Code

The source of the sever program is provided

Two fundamental functions

- `unbuffered()` – disable buffering for standard input, output, and error
- `showflag()` – print out the flag (answer) of this problem

```

1 #include "tools.c"
2
3 #define N      1000
4
5 int readword(int n) {
6     int i, len;
7     char buf[256], word[16];
8     len = 1 + rand() % 8;
9     for(i = 0; i < len; i++) word[i] = 'a' + rand() % 26;
10    word[i] = '\0';
11    printf("\n%d. Please type '%s' (without quotes) and press enter: ", n, word);
12    if((len = read(0, buf, sizeof(buf))) < 0) return -1;
13    if(buf[len-1] == '\n' && strcmp(word, buf, len-1) == 0) {
14        return 0;
15    }
16    return -1;
17 }
18
19 int main() {
20     int i;
21     srand(time(0) ^ getpid());
22     unbuffered();
23     printf( "Please follow my instructions shown below.\n"
24            "Note that there are total %d instructions to follow. Good luck!\n", N);
25     for(i = 0; i < N; i++) {
26         if(readword(i+1) != 0) {
27             printf("\nNo no no ...\n");
28             return -1;
29         }
30     }
31     printf("Good job!\n");
32     showflag();
33     return 0;
34 }

```

~
:set number

2,0-1

All

Solution

Implement a script to interact with the server program

- Connect to the problem server's IP and port
- Read server response
- Parse and send the corresponding outputs

Once solved, the `FLAG` of the problem will be displayed

```
Terminal — 66x9
(pwntools) [echo]$ ./solve.py x
[+] Opening connection to aup.zoolab.org on port 20001: Done
[*] Switching to interactive mode
Good job!
FLAG{A[REDACTED]ns!}
[*] Got EOF while reading in interactive
$
```

The helloworld Problem

`nc aup.zoolab.org 20002`

```
Terminal — 100x23
```

```
[helloworld]$ nc aup.zoolab.org 20002
```

Please implement helloworld() function that prints the string "Hello, world!" to standard output.

The prototype of your implemented function should be `void helloworld()`

Note: You have to include all the required header files by yourself.
Your source code will be compiled and then linked against the mainfile.c.

Please paste your codes below, and
use a single line containing only '//EOF' (without quotes) to submit your codes.

```
=====  
#include <stdio.h>  
void helloworld() { printf("Hello, world!\n"); }  
//EOF
```

```
*** Compiling ... OK  
*** Running ...  
Bingo!  
FLAG{[REDACTED]}  
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^^  
*** If your code is correct, you should see the flag here.  
*** Bye ...  
[helloworld]$
```

The helloworld Problem

– How Your Program is Executed?

Your submitted codes are stored in a single file

The main function is usually implemented in a **mainfile.c** file

- Only limited syscalls are allowed in your program
- The main function is responsible to call your function

The two files are compiled independently, and then linked together

The helloworld Problem

– The Sample mainfile

See the next page or see the course demonstration.

```

10 extern void helloworld();
11
12 #define HELLOWORLD      "Hello, world!"
13
14 #define xerror(x)        { perror(x); exit(-1); }
15
16 static void
17 setup_filter() {
18     scmp_filter_ctx ctx;
19     /* only the following syscalls are allowed: write exit exit_group */
20     if((ctx = seccomp_init(SCMP_ACT_KILL)) == NULL) xerror("seccomp_init");
21     if(seccomp_rule_add(ctx, SCMP_ACT_ALLOW, SCMP_SYS(write), 0) < 0)      xerror("seccomp_rule");
22     if(seccomp_rule_add(ctx, SCMP_ACT_ALLOW, SCMP_SYS(exit), 0) < 0)      xerror("seccomp_rule");
23     if(seccomp_rule_add(ctx, SCMP_ACT_ALLOW, SCMP_SYS(exit_group), 0) < 0) xerror("seccomp_rule");
24     if(seccomp_load(ctx) < 0) xerror("seccomp_load");
25 }
26
27 static pid_t child = 0;
28
29 void sigchld(int s) {
30     if(child > 0 && waitpid(child, &s, 0) > 0) {
31         if(WIFSIGNALED(s)) printf("child terminated with signal = %d.\n", WTERMSIG(s));
32         child = 0;
33     }
34 }
35 void killchild()    { if(child > 0) kill(child, SIGKILL); }
36 void sigterm(int s) { killchild(); }
37
38 int
39 main() {
40     int fd[2];
41     char buf[64];
42     atexit(killchild);
43     setvbuf(stdout, NULL, _IONBF, 0);
44     setvbuf(stderr, NULL, _IONBF, 0);
45     signal(SIGCHLD, sigchld);
46     signal(SIGTERM, sigterm);
47     signal(SIGINT, sigterm);
48     if(pipe(fd) < 0)      xerror("pipe");
49     if((child = fork()) < 0) xerror("fork");
50     if(child == 0) {
51         signal(SIGCHLD, SIG_DFL);
52         dup2(fd[1], 1);
53         alarm(10);
54         setup_filter();
55         helloworld();
56     } else {
57         int s;
58         if((s = read(fd[0], buf, sizeof(buf))) > 0) {
59             if(strncmp(buf, HELLOWORLD, s-1) == 0) {
60                 printf("Bingo!\n");
61             } else {
62                 printf("No no no ...\n");
63                 return -1;
64             }
65         }
66     }
67     return 0;
68 }
69

```

Midterm Scope

From the beginning of this semester to now

Currently we have 8 problems (exclude the two demo problems)

- Include several important concepts we introduced in the class

To be more specific ...

- Basic programming practice (C/C++ and python)
- File I/O and standard I/O
- Directory operations
- Process environment and process control
- Memory layout and management

Q & A
