We use default.retail - data on transactions of the British online store in the period from December 1, 2010 to December 9, 2011, with the following columns:

- InvoiceNo transaction number
- StockCode product Code
- Description product description
- Quantity number of units in the order
- InvoiceDate transaction date
- UnitPrice price per unit
- CustomerID userid
- Country country where the user lives

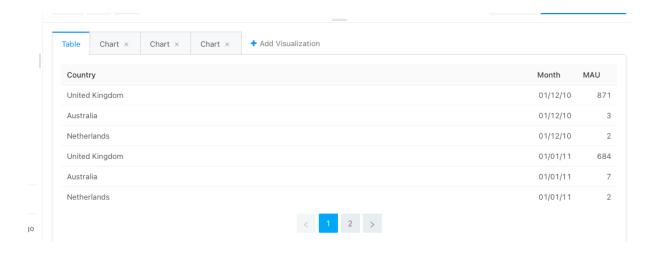
# Let's find the countries with the highest number of unique users.

SELECT
COUNT(DISTINCT CustomerID ) AS UNIQUE\_USERS,
Country
FROM
default.retail
GROUP BY Country
ORDER BY UNIQUE\_USERS DESC

# Let's look at the dynamics of changes in the number of active users per month in the UK, Australia and the Netherlands. The resulting table you get should look like: country - the number of unique users for a particular month

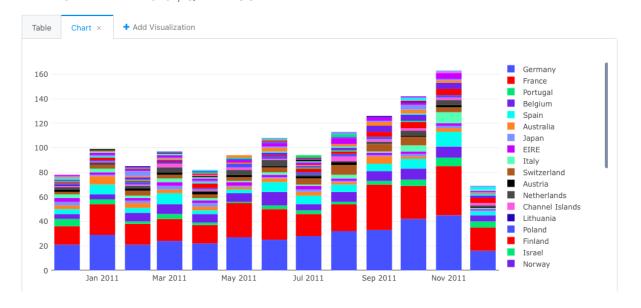
MAU (monthly active users) – number of unique users per month. Active users are those who made at least one order for the selected period of time (month)

SELECT
Country,
toStartOfMonth(InvoiceDate) AS Month,
COUNT(DISTINCT CustomerID) AS MAU
FROM
default.retail
WHERE Country IN ('United Kingdom', 'Netherlands', 'Australia')
GROUP BY Country, Month
ORDER BY Month, MAU DESC

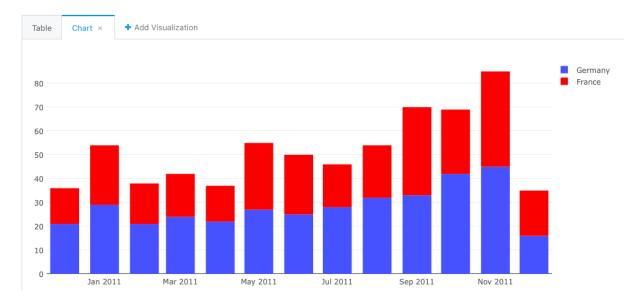


# Let's look at the dynamics of changes in the number of active users per month for all countries except the UK.

SELECT
Country,
toStartOfMonth(InvoiceDate) AS Month,
COUNT(DISTINCT CustomerID) AS QTY
FROM
default.retail
WHERE Country != 'United Kingdom'
GROUP BY Country, Month
ORDER BY Month, QTY DESC

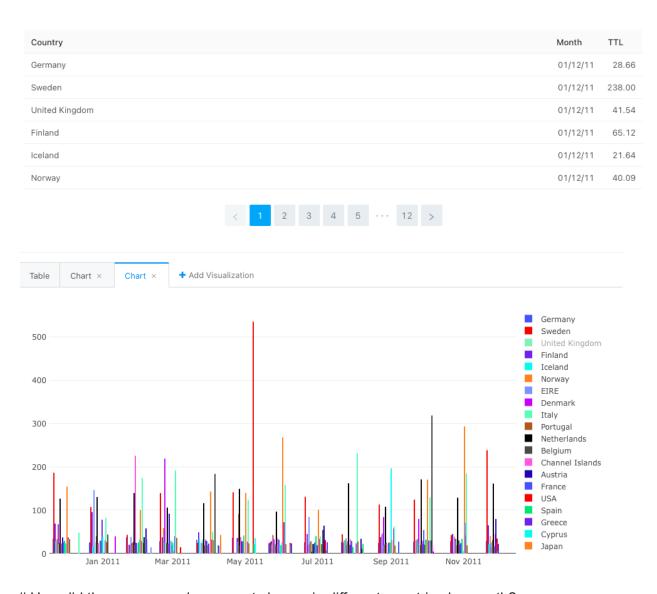


In what months did France have more active users than Germany? -Dec 2011, May 2011, Sept 2011

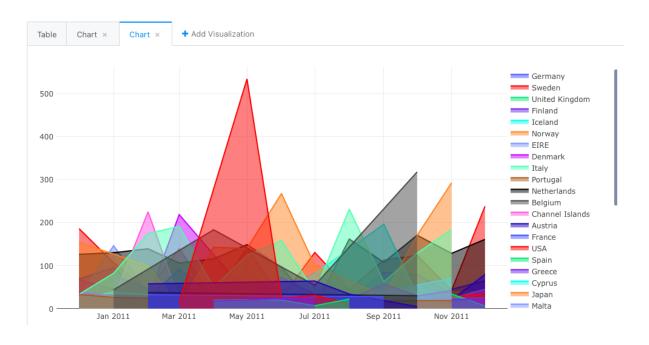


# Now let's analyze the orders themselves. Calculate the average order value (AOV - average order value) in each country.

```
SELECT
Country,
Month,
AVG(ORDER) AS TTL
FROM
  (
  SELECT
  Country,
  toStartOfMonth(InvoiceDate) AS Month,
  Quantity,
  UnitPrice,
  InvoiceNo,
  (Quantity * UnitPrice) AS ORDER
  FROM
  default.retail
  WHERE Quantity > 0
  GROUP BY Country, Month, InvoiceNo, Quantity, UnitPrice
  ORDER BY Month DESC
GROUP BY Country, Month
ORDER BY Month DESC
```

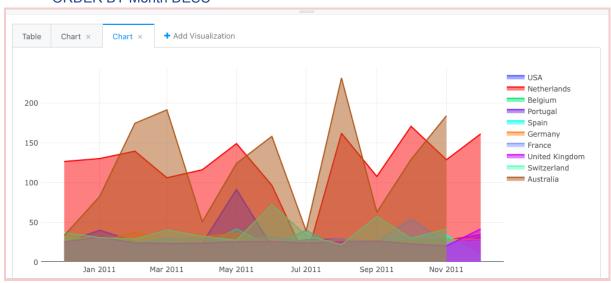


## # How did the average order amount change in different countries by month?



Let's visualize dynamics for the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Spain, Netherlands, Belgium, Switzerland, Portugal, Australia, USA.

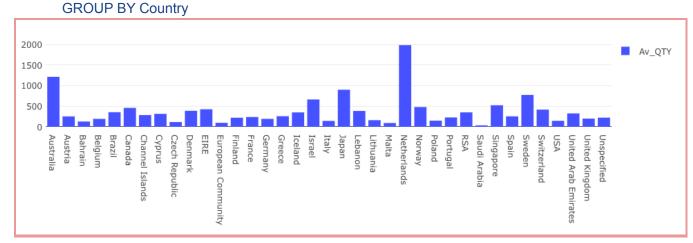
```
SELECT
Country,
Month,
AVG(ORDER) AS TTL
FROM
  (
 SELECT
  Country,
  toStartOfMonth(InvoiceDate) AS Month,
  Quantity,
  UnitPrice,
  InvoiceNo.
  (Quantity * UnitPrice) AS ORDER
  FROM
  default.retail
  WHERE Quantity > 0
  GROUP BY Country, Month, InvoiceNo, Quantity, UnitPrice
  ORDER BY Month DESC
WHERE Country IN ('United Kingdom', 'Germany', 'France', 'Spain', 'Netherlands',
'Belgium', 'Switzerland', 'Portugal', 'Australia', 'USA')
GROUP BY Country, Month
ORDER BY Month DESC
```



# How many items do users typically add to their shopping cart?

```
SELECT
Country,
AVG(QTY) AS Av_QTY
FROM
(
SELECT
Country,
```

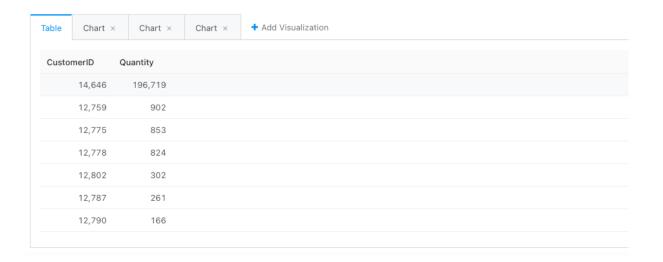
```
SUM(Quantity) AS QTY,
InvoiceNo
FROM
default.retail
GROUP BY InvoiceNo, Country
Order BY QTY DESC
)
```



The result in the previous step seemed strange to you, especially if you correlate the average basket size with the number of unique users in some countries.

# Let's look at the Netherlands (Netherlands) in more detail.

SELECT
CustomerID,
SUM(Quantity) AS Quantity
FROM
default.retail
WHERE Country = 'Netherlands'
GROUP BY CustomerID
ORDER BY Quantity DESC



One user added almost 200,000 items to their shopping cart. # Lets' study what exactly he buys.

**SELECT** 

CustomerID,

Description,

Quantity,

(Quantity \* UnitPrice) AS TTL

**FROM** 

default.retail

WHERE Country = 'Netherlands' AND CustomerID = '14646'

GROUP BY CustomerID, Description, Quantity, TTL

**ORDER BY Quantity DESC** 

