

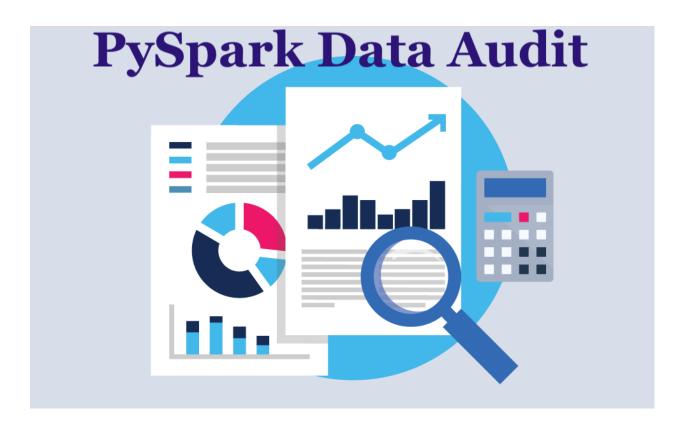
PySparkAudit: PySpark Data Audit

Wenqiang Feng and Yiming Xu

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Welcome to our **PySparkAudit: PySpark Data Audit Library API**! The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE.

You can install the PySparkAudit from [PyPI](https://pypi.org/project/PySparkAudit):

pip install PySparkAudit

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2 CONTENTS

CHAPTER

ONE

PREFACE

Chinese proverb

Good tools are prerequisite to the successful execution of a job. – old Chinese proverb

1.1 About

1.1.1 About this API

This document is the API book for our **PySparkAudit**: PySpark Data Audit Library [PySparkAudit] API. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE. You may download and distribute it. Please be aware, however, that the note contains typos as well as inaccurate or incorrect description.

The API assumes that the reader has a preliminary knowledge of python programing and Linux. And this document is generated automatically by using sphinx.

The python version **PyAudit**: Python Data Audit Library API can be found at [PyAudit].

1.1.2 About the author

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Biography

Wenqiang Feng is Data Scientist within DST's Applied Analytics Group. Dr. Feng's responsibilities include providing DST clients with access to cutting-edge skills and technologies, including Big Data analytic solutions, advanced analytic and data enhancement techniques and modeling.

Dr. Feng has deep analytic expertise in data mining, analytic systems, machine learning algorithms, business intelligence, and applying Big Data tools to strategically solve industry problems in a cross-functional business. Before joining DST, Dr. Feng was an IMA Data Science Fellow at The Institute for Mathematics and its Applications (IMA) at the University of Minnesota. While there, he helped startup companies make marketing decisions based on deep predictive analytics.

Dr. Feng graduated from University of Tennessee, Knoxville, with Ph.D. in Computational Mathematics and Master's degree in Statistics. He also holds Master's degree in Computational Mathematics from Missouri University of Science and Technology (MST) and Master's degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC).

Declaration

The work of Wenqiang Feng was supported by the IMA, while working at IMA. However, any opinion, finding, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IMA, UTK, DST and Harvard University.

1.2 Acknowledgement

At here, Wenqiang Feng would like to thank **Weiyu Wang** at Missouri University of Science and Technology and **Jiangtao** (**Lotto**) **Xie** at Purdue University for the unit testing and valuable disscussion.

1.3 Feedback and suggestions

Your comments and suggestions are highly appreciated. I am more than happy to receive corrections, suggestions or feedbacks through email (Wenqiang Feng: von198@gmail.com and Yiming Xu: yimingxu@g.harvard.edu) for improvements.

CHAPTER

TWO

HOW TO INSTALL

2.1 Install with pip

You can install the PySparkAudit from [PyPI](https://pypi.org/project/PySparkAudit):

pip install PySparkAudit

2.2 Install from Repo

2.2.1 Clone the Repository

git clone https://github.com/runawayhorse001/PySparkAudit.git

2.2.2 Install

cd PySparkAudit
pip install -r requirements.txt
python setup.py install

2.2.3 Uninstall

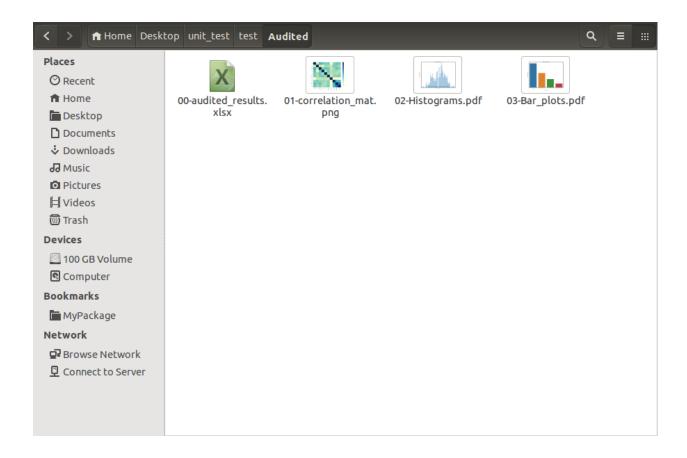
pip uninstall statspy

2.2.4 Test

```
cd PySparkAudit/test
python test.py
```

test.py

2.2.5 Audited Results



CHAPTER

THREE

PYSPARK DATA AUDIT FUNCTIONS

3.1 Basic Functions

3.1.1 mkdir

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.mkdir(path)

Make a new directory. if it's exist, keep the old files.

Parameters path – the directory path

3.1.2 mkdir_clean

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.mkdir_clean (path)
Make a new directory. if it's exist, remove the old files.

Parameters path – the directory path

3.1.3 df_merge

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.**df_merge** (*dfs*, *key*, *how='left'*)

Merge multiple pandas data frames with same key.

Parameters

- **dfs** name list of the data frames
- **key** key for join
- how method for join, the default value is left

Returns merged data frame

3.1.4 data_types

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.data_types (*df_in*, *tracking=False*)
Generate the data types of the rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns data types pandas data frame

3.1.5 dtypes_class

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.dtypes_class(df_in)

Generate the data type categories: numerical, categorical, date and unsupported category.

Parameters df_in – the input rdd data frame

Returns data type categories

3.1.6 counts

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.counts (df_in, tracking=False)

Generate the row counts and not null rows and distinct counts for each feature.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns the counts in pandas data frame

3.1.7 describe

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.describe (*df_in*, *columns=None*, *track-ing=False*)

Generate the simple data frame description using .describe() function in pyspark.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- columns the specific feature columns, the default value is None
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns the description in pandas data frame

3.1.8 percentiles

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.percentiles (df_in , deciles=False, track-ing=False)

Generate the percentiles for rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- **deciles** the flag for generate the deciles
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns percentiles in pandas data frame

3.1.9 feature len

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.feature_len (*df_in*, *tracking=False*)

Generate feature length statistical results for each feature in the rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df** in the input rdd data frame
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns the feature length statistical results in pandas data frame

3.1.10 freq items

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.**freq_items** (df_in , $top_n=5$, tracking=False)

Generate the top_n frequent items in for each feature in the rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- top_n the number of the most frequent item
- **tracking** the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns

3.1.11 rates

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.rates (*df_in*, *columns=None*, *numeric=True*, *tracking=False*)

Generate the null, empty, negative, zero and positive value rates and feature variance for each feature in the rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- columns the specific feature columns, the default value is None
- numeric the flag for numerical rdd data frame, the default value is True
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns the null, empty, negative, zero and positive value rates and feature variance in pandas data frame

3.1.12 corr_matrix

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.corr_matrix (df_in , method='pearson', $out-put_in=None$, rotation=True, display=False, tracking=False)

Generate the correlation matrix and heat map plot for rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- **method** the method which applied to calculate the correlation matrix: pearson or spearman. the default value is pearson
- **output_dir** the out put directory, the default value is the current working directory
- rotation the flag for rotating the xticks in the plot, the default value is True
- display the flag for displaying the figures, the default value is False
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns the correlation matrix in pandas data frame

3.2 Plot Functions

3.2.1 hist_plot

```
PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.hist_plot(df_in, bins=50, output_dir=None, sample_size=None, display=False, tracking=False)
```

Histogram plot for the numerical features in the rdd data frame. **This part is super time and memory consuming.** If the data size is larger than 10,000, the histograms will be saved in .pdf format. Otherwise, the histograms will be saved in .png format in hist folder.

If your time and memory are limited, you can use sample_size to generate the subset of the data frame to generate the histograms.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- bins the number of bins for generate the bar plots
- **output_dir** the out put directory, the default value is the current working directory
- **sample_size** the size for generate the subset from the rdd data frame, the default value none
- **display** the flag for displaying the figures, the default value is False
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

3.2.2 bar_plot

```
PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.bar_plot (df_in, top_n=20, rotation=True, out-put_dir=None, display=False, track-ing=False)
```

Bar plot for the categorical features in the rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- top_n the number of the most frequent feature to show in the bar plot
- rotation the flag for rotating the xticks in the plot, the default value is True
- **output_dir** the out put directory, the default value is the current working directory
- display the flag for displaying the figures, the default value is False

3.2. Plot Functions 13

• tracking – the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

3.2.3 trend_plot

```
PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.trend_plot(df_in, types='day', d_time=None, rotation=True, output_dir=None, display=False, tracking=False)
```

Trend plot for the aggregated time series data if the rdd data frame has date features and numerical features.

Parameters

- **df** in the input rdd data frame
- **types** the types for time feature aggregation: day, month, year, the default value is day
- **d_time** the specific feature name of the date feature, the default value is the first date feature in the rdd data frame
- rotation the flag for rotating the xticks in the plot, the default value is True
- **output_dir** the out put directory, the default value is the current working directory
- **display** the flag for displaying the figures, the default value is False
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

3.3 Summary Functions

3.3.1 dataset_summary

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.dataset_summary (*df_in*, *tracking=False*)
The data set basics summary.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns data set summary in pandas data frame

3.3.2 numeric_summary

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.numeric_summary (df_in, columns=None, deciles=False, top_n=5, tracking=False)

The auditing function for numerical rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- **columns** the specific feature columns, the default value is None
- **deciles** the flag for generate the deciles
- top_n the number of the most frequent item
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns the audited results for the numerical features in pandas data frame

3.3.3 category_summary

PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.category_summary (df_in , columns=None, $top_n=5$, tracking=False)

The auditing function for categorical rdd data frame.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- columns the specific feature columns, the default value is None
- top_n the number of the most frequent item
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns the audited results for the categorical features in pandas data frame

3.4 Auditing Function

3.4.1 auditing

```
PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.auditing (df_in, writer=None, columns=None, deciles=False, top_freq_item=5, bins=50, top_cat_item=20, method='pearson', output_dir=None, types='day', d_time=None, rotation=True, sample_size=None, display=False, tracking=False)
```

The wrapper of auditing functions.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- writer the writer for excel output
- columns the specific feature columns, the default value is None
- **deciles** the flag for generate the deciles
- top_freq_item the number of the most frequent item
- bins the number of bins for generate the bar plots
- top_cat_item the number of the most frequent feature to show in the bar plot
- **method** the method which applied to calculate the correlation matrix: pearson or spearman. the default value is pearson
- **output_dir** the out put directory, the default value is the current working directory
- **types** the types for time feature aggregation: day, month, year, the default value is day
- **d_time** the specific feature name of the date feature, the default value is the first date feature in the rdd data frame
- **rotation** the flag for rotating the xticks in the plot, the default value is True
- **sample_size** the size for generate the subset from the rdd data frame, the default value none
- display the flag for displaying the figures, the default value is False
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

Returns the all audited results in pandas data frame

3.5 Plotting Function

3.5.1 fig_plots

```
PySparkAudit.PySparkAudit.fig_plots (df_in, output_dir=None, bins=50, top_n=20, types='day', d_time=None, rotation=True, sample_size=None, display=False, tracking=False)
```

The wrapper for the plot functions.

Parameters

- **df_in** the input rdd data frame
- **output_dir** the out put directory, the default value is the current working directory
- **bins** the number of bins for generate the bar plots
- top_n the number of the most frequent feature to show in the bar plot
- **types** the types for time feature aggregation: day, month, year, the default value is day
- **d_time** the specific feature name of the date feature, the default value is the first date feature in the rdd data frame
- rotation the flag for rotating the xticks in the plot, the default value is True
- **sample_size** the size for generate the subset from the rdd data frame, the default value none
- display the flag for displaying the figures, the default value is False
- tracking the flag for displaying CPU time, the default value is False

CHAPTER

FOUR

AUDITING DEMOS

The following demos are designed to show how to use PySparkAudit to aduit rdd DataFrame.

4.1 Auditing function by function

For example:

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
spark = SparkSession \
    .builder \
    .appName("Python Spark regression example") \
    .config("spark.some.config.option", "some-value") \
    .getOrCreate()
# import PySpark Audit functions
from PySparkAudit import data_types, hist_plot, bar_plot, freq_items,
→feature_len
from PySparkAudit import dataset_summary, rates
from PySparkAudit import trend_plot, auditing
# load dataset
data = spark.read.csv(path='Heart.csv',
                      sep=',', encoding='UTF-8', comment=None,...
→header=True, inferSchema=True)
# audit function by function
# data types
print (data_types (data))
# check frequent items
```

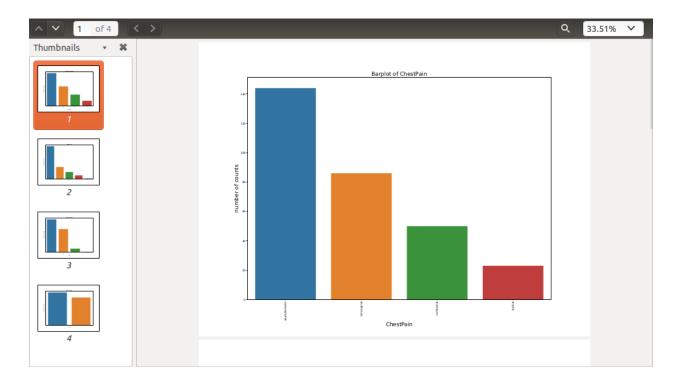
```
print(freq_items(data))

# bar plot for categorical features
bar_plot(data, display=True)
```

Result:

```
feature
              dtypes
0
         Age
                 int
1
         Sex
                  int
2
    ChestPain
              string
3
      RestBP
                 int
4
        Chol
                 int
5
         Fbs
                 int
6
     RestECG
                 int
7
       MaxHR
                 int
8
        ExAng
                 int
9
     Oldpeak
              double
10
        Slope
                 int
11
          Ca
              string
12
        Thal
              string
13
              string
         AHD
                                        freq_items[value, freq]
      feature
0
         Age
              [[58, 19], [57, 17], [54, 16], [59, 14], [52, ...
                                             [[1, 206], [0, 97]]
1
         Sex
2
              [[asymptomatic, 144], [nonanginal, 86], [nonty...
    ChestPain
3
      RestBP
              [[120, 37], [130, 36], [140, 32], [110, 19], [...
4
              [[197, 6], [234, 6], [204, 6], [254, 5], [212, ...
        Chol
5
         Fbs
                                            [[0, 258], [1, 45]]
6
     RestECG
                                    [[0, 151], [2, 148], [1, 4]]
7
              [[162, 11], [163, 9], [160, 9], [152, 8], [132...
       MaxHR
8
        ExAng
                                            [[0, 204], [1, 99]]
9
     Oldpeak [[0.0, 99], [1.2, 17], [0.6, 14], [1.0, 14], [...
10
        Slope
                                   [[1, 142], [2, 140], [3, 21]]
11
                  [[0, 176], [1, 65], [2, 38], [3, 20], [NA, 4]]
          Ca
12
        Thal
               [[normal, 166], [reversable, 117], [fixed, 18]...
13
         AHD
                                        [[No, 164], [Yes, 139]]
______
The Bar plot Bar plots.pdf was located at:
/home/feng/Dropbox/MyTutorial/PySparkAudit/test/Audited
Process finished with exit code 0
```

and



4.2 Auditing in one function

For example:

Result:

7		Cl + D '				0.1.11					
Age	Sex al AHD	ChestPain	RestBP	Chol	• • •	Oldpeak	Slope	Ca			
→ Th 0 63	True	typical	145	233		2.3	3	0.0			
o os fix		cypical	143	233	• • •	۷.5	3	0.0	ш		
1 67		symptomatic	160	286		1.5	2	3.0			
o norm		Symptomatic	100	200	• • •	1.5	۷	J. 0			
2 67		symptomatic	120	229		2.6	2	2.0			
	2 6/ True asymptomatic 120 229 2.6 2 2.0 _ 										
3 37	True	nonanginal	130	250		3.5	3	0.0			
		Hollanginai	130	230	• • •	5.5	3	0.0			
	ar NO False	nontunical	130	204		1.4	1	0.0			
		nontypical	130	204	• • •	1.4	Τ	0.0	1		
→ norm	al NO										
[F	1/1 1-	1									
[5 LOWS	x 14 colu	_	min diai	+ 0	-		noo no+		~		
⇒rat.e	reature	data_type	miin_aigi		· Z6	ero_race	pos_rat	e ne	9_		
	7)	: + C 1		1	,	0.0000	1 00000	0			
Age	Age	int64		4	•	0.000000	1.00000	U	ш		
→0.0	D + DD			1		0.00000	1 00000	0			
RestBP	RestBP	int64		4	•	0.00000	1.00000	Ü	ш		
→ 0.0				_							
Chol	Chol	int64		5	•	0.000000	1.00000	0	ш		
→ 0.0											
Fbs	Fbs	int64		3	•	0.851485	0.14851	5	ш		
→ 0.0											
RestECG	RestECG	int64		3	•	0.498350	0.50165	0	ш		
→ 0.0											
MaxHR	MaxHR	int64		4		0.00000	1.00000	0	ш		
→ 0.0											
ExAng	ExAng	int64		3		0.673267	0.32673	3			
⇔ 0.0											
Oldpeak	Oldpeak	float64		3		0.326733	0.67326	7			
→ 0.0											
Slope	Slope	int64		3		0.00000	1.00000	0]		
→ 0.0											
Ca	Ca	float64		3		0.588629	0.41137	1			
⇔ 0.0											
[10 rows	x 21 co	lumns]									
		ture data_ty	/pe		t. c	op_freqs	missing	rate			
Sex			ool			206, 97]		00000			
ChestPai	n ChestI			[144.	_	50, 23]		00000			
Thal		Thal obje				117, 18]		06601			
AHD	•	AHD obje		L ±		64, 139]		00000			
					L '	,,	· · ·				
[4 rows	x 10 colu	ımnsl									
CA TOMP	A IU CUII	ا ۱۱۱۱۱۱۵									

	Age	RestBP	Chol		Oldpeak	Slope				
→ Ca										
_	1.000000	0.284946	0.208950		0.203805	0.161770	0.			
→ 362605										
	0.284946	1.000000	0.130120	• • •	0.189171	0.117382	0.			
→ 098773										
	0.208950	0.130120	1.000000	• • •	0.046564	-0.004062	0.			
→119000	0 110520	0 175040	0.000041		0 005747	0.050004	0			
+ DS → 145478	0.118530	0.1/5340	0.009841	• • •	0.005/4/	0.059894	0.			
	0 1/0060	0 1/6560	0.171043		0 11/1133	0 133046	\cap			
→128343	0.140000	0.140300	0.171043	• • •	0.114133	0.133940	0.			
	-0.393806	-0.045351	-0.003432		-0.343085	-0.385601	-0.			
→264246	0.00000	0.010001	0.000102	• • •	0.010000	0.00001	•			
	0.091661	0.064762	0.061310		0.288223	0.257748	0.			
→145570										
Oldpeak	0.203805	0.189171	0.046564		1.000000	0.577537	0.			
→ 295832										
Slope	0.161770	0.117382	-0.004062		0.577537	1.000000	0.			
→110119										
	0.362605	0.098773	0.119000	• • •	0.295832	0.110119	1.			
→ 000000										
		_								
[10 rows	x 10 colu	ımns]								
Process	Finished :	rith ovit /	odo 0							
riocess 1	Process finished with exit code 0									

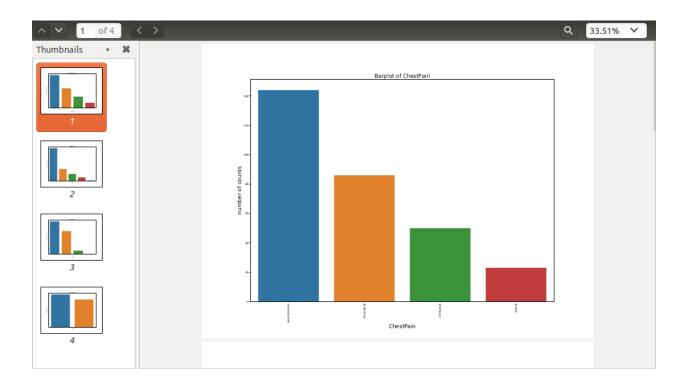
and

4.3 Auditing function by function

For example:

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession

spark = SparkSession \
    .builder \
    .appName("Python Spark regression example") \
    .config("spark.some.config.option", "some-value") \
    .getOrCreate()
```



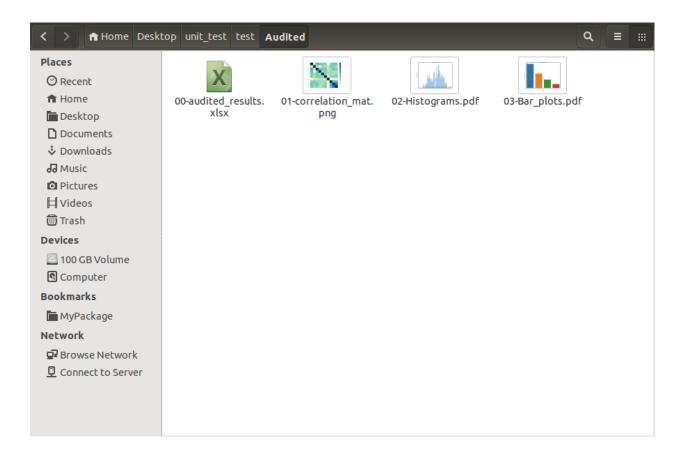
Result:

4.3.1 print in bash

						(Continue	a nom previou	is puge)
The Histogra	_		-			======	=====	
/home/feng/D Histograms p			ySpark <i>P</i>	Audit/te	st/Aud:	ited		
========							=====	
The Bar plot	Bar_plots	.pdf was	located	d at:				
/home/feng/D	_				st/Aud:	ited		
Caution: no								
Generate all						226 s		
The auditing					======	======	=====	
(feature	-	ow_count		rate	e_neg	rate_z	ero rate	_pos
0 Age	int	303			0.0	0.0000		_
1 Sex	int	303			0.0	0.3201		
2 RestBP	int	303			0.0	0.0000		
3 Chol	int	303			0.0	0.0000	00 1.000	000
4 Fbs	int	303			0.0	0.8514	85 0.148	515
5 RestECG	int	303			0.0	0.4983	50 0.501	650
6 MaxHR	int	303			0.0	0.0000	00 1.000	000
7 ExAng	int	303			0.0	0.6732	67 0.326	733
8 Oldpeak	double	303			0.0	0.3267	33 0.673	267
9 Slope	int	303			0.0	0.0000	00 1.000	000
[10 rows x 2	2 columnsl	, fe	ature	dtypes			rate_null	
⇒rate_empty				11			_	
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3 AHD	string			0.0		0.0		
[4 rows x 12	columns],		Į.	Age	Sex	Rest	BP	
_	Oldpeak	Slope		9				
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→161770	97542 1.00	20000	064456		0	146201	0.102173	
	9/542 1.00	J0000 -0.	064456	• • •	0.	146201	0.1021/3	0.
→037533 RestBP 0.2	21016 0 0	6//56 1	00000		0 4	064762	0.189171	0
HeSTBP 0.2 →117382	04940 -0.0	04470 T.		• • •	0.0	J U 4 / O Z	0.1091/1	. 0.
	08950 -0.1	99915 N	130120		0	061310	0.046564	-0
0.2 →004062	00930 -U.I.	,,, <u>,</u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10014U	• • •	0.1) O T O T O	0.040304	. 0.
Fbs 0.1	18530 0 0.	47862 n	175340		0 1	025665	0.005747	. 0
→059894	10000	1,002 0.	1,0010	• • •	0.1	22000	0.000/4/	•
RestECG 0.1	48868 0.02	21647 0.	146560		0.0	084867	0.114133	0.
→ 133946								
MaxHR -0.3 →385601		48663 -0.	045351	• • •	-0.3	378103	-0.343085	-0.
						(c	ontinues on nex	xt page)

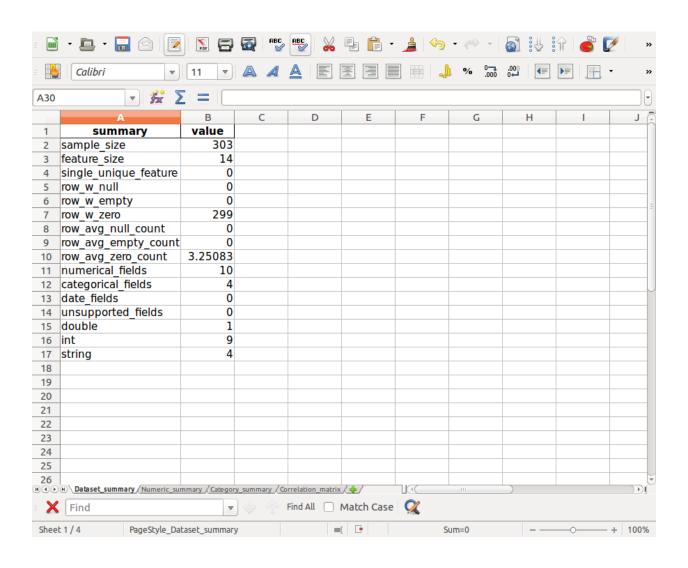
					(continue	ed from previous	page)
ExAng	0.091661	0.146201	0.064762	•••	1.000000	0.288223	0.
Oldpeak →577537	0.203805	0.102173	0.189171	•••	0.288223	1.000000	0.
Slope →000000	0.161770	0.037533	0.117382	•••	0.257748	0.577537	1.
[10 rows	x 10 colu	mns])					
Process :	finished w	ith exit c	ode 0				

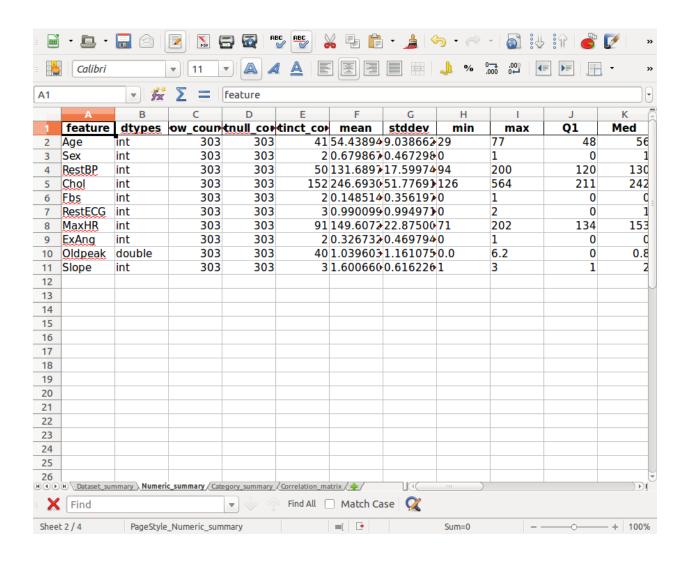
4.3.2 Audited results folder

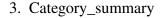


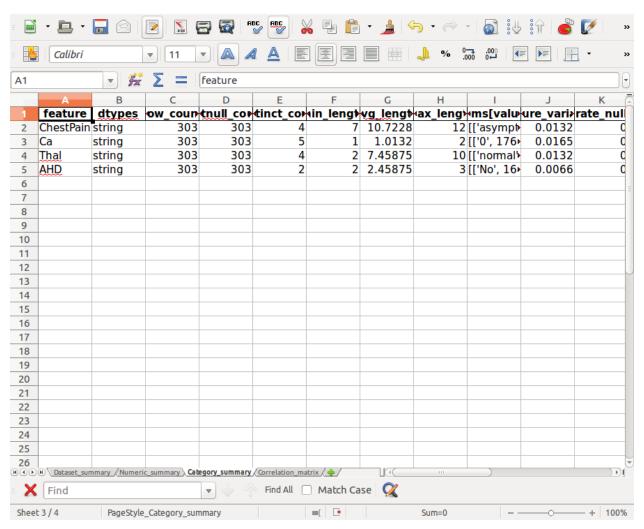
The files in 00-audited_results.xlsx:

- 1. Dataset_summary
- 2. Numeric_summary



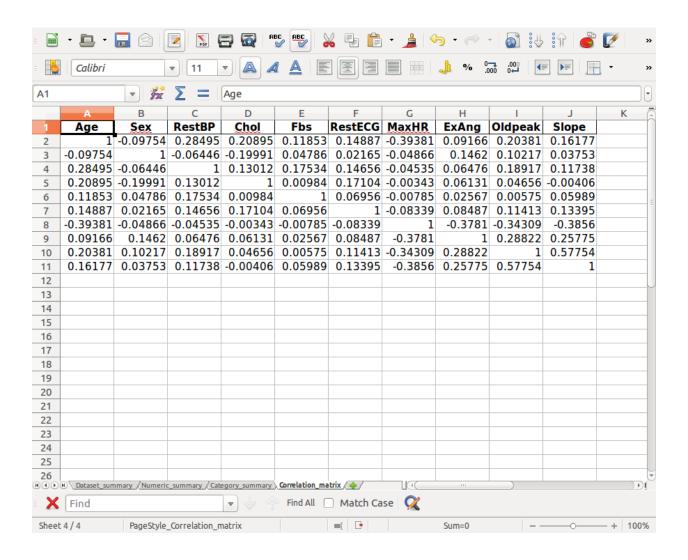


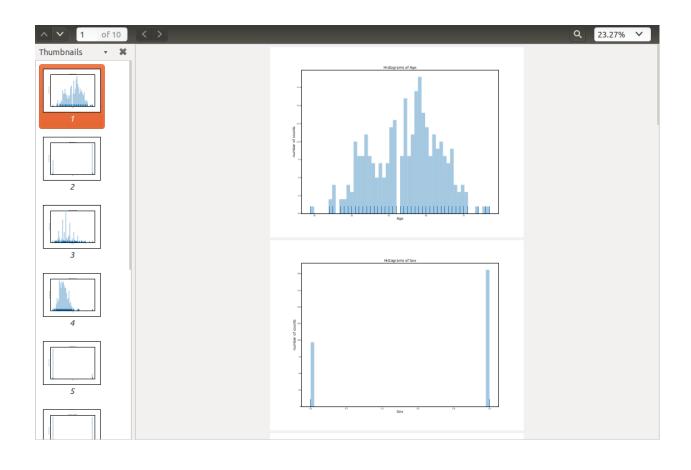


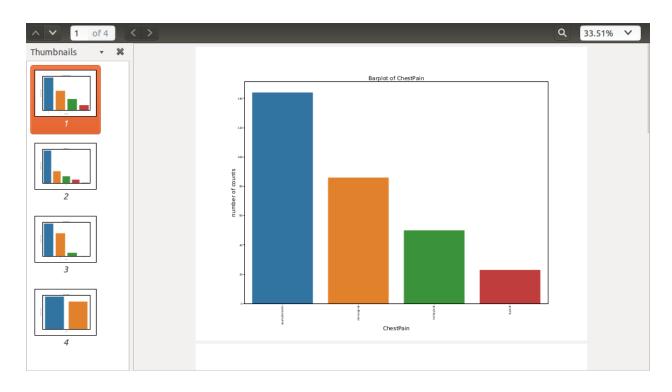


- 4. Correlation_matrix
- 5. Histograms in Histograms.pdf
- 6. Barplots in Bar_plots.pdf

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`""" ; '
```

CHAPTER FIVE

MAIN REFERENCE

BIBLIOGRAPHY

[PyAudit] Wenqiang Feng and Ming Chen. Python Data Audit Library API, 2019.[PySparkAudit] Wenqiang Feng and Yiming Xu. PySpark Data Audit Library API, 2019.