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Name: \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) (5 points) Find the volume of the solid under the plane  $z = x + y$  and above the region  $R = [1, 2] \times [3, 4]$ .

① Find out the integral function and the corresponding domain of the integral

integral function :  $z = x + y$

the domain of integral :  $[1, 2] \times [3, 4]$

② set up the integral

(i) Method I

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_1^2 \left[ \int_3^4 x + y dy \right] dx &= \int_1^2 \left( xy + \frac{1}{2}y^2 \right) \Big|_3^4 dx \\
 &= \int_1^2 \left( 4x + \frac{1}{2}4^2 \right) - \left( 3x + \frac{1}{2}3^2 \right) dx \\
 &= \int_1^2 x + \frac{7}{2} dx \\
 &= \left( \frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{7}{2}x \right) \Big|_1^2 \\
 &= \left( \frac{1}{2}2^2 + \frac{7}{2}2 \right) - \left( \frac{1}{2}1^2 + \frac{7}{2}1 \right) \\
 &= 2 + 7 - 4 = 5.
 \end{aligned}$$

(ii) Method II

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_1^2 \left[ \int_3^4 x + y dy \right] dx &= \int_1^2 \int_3^4 x dy dx + \int_1^2 \int_3^4 y dy dx \\
 &= \int_1^2 xy \Big|_3^4 dx + \int_1^2 \frac{1}{2}y^2 \Big|_3^4 dx \\
 &= \int_1^2 x(4 - 3) dx + \int_1^2 \frac{1}{2}(4^2 - 3^2) dx \\
 &= \int_1^2 x dx + \int_1^2 \frac{7}{2} dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}x^2 \Big|_1^2 + \frac{7}{2}x \Big|_1^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}2^2 - \frac{1}{2}1^2 + \frac{7}{2}(2 - 1) \\
 &= 2 + 3 = 5.
 \end{aligned}$$

- (2) (5 points) Evaluate the double integral  $\int_D ye^{y^2} dA$ , where  $D = [0, 1] \times [0, 2]$ .

① Method I

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \int_D ye^{y^2} dA &= \int_0^2 \int_0^1 ye^{y^2} dx dy \\
 &= \int_0^2 ye^{y^2} \int_0^1 dx dy \\
 &= \int_0^2 ye^{y^2} (1 - 0) dy \\
 &= \int_0^2 ye^{y^2} dy \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 e^{y^2} dy^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^4 e^u du \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} e^u \Big|_0^4 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (e^4 - e^0) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (e^4 - 1).
 \end{aligned}$$

② Method II

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \int_D ye^{y^2} dA &= \int_0^2 \int_0^1 ye^{y^2} dx dy \\
 &= \int_0^2 ye^{y^2} \int_0^1 dx dy \\
 &= \int_0^2 ye^{y^2} (1 - 0) dy \\
 &= \int_0^2 ye^{y^2} dy \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} e^{y^2} \Big|_0^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (e^{2^2} - e^{0^2}) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (e^4 - 1).
 \end{aligned}$$