

Linear Probability Path.

$$X_t = (1-t)X_0 + tz.$$

$$k_t(X_t) = \frac{d}{dt} X_t = -X_0 + z = k_t((1-t)X_0 + tz)$$

$$\overset{\text{ref}}{k}_t(x) = -X_0 + z = \frac{tz - x}{1-t} + z = \frac{zx}{1-t} \quad \checkmark.$$

$$X_0 = \frac{x - tz}{1-t}$$

• Conditional score,  $\nabla \log p_t(x_t|z)$ , no closed form.

•  $p_{\text{simple}}$ : no Gaussian assumption.