## Data Sci: Group 10 Draft/Outline

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### 4/8/2021

### 1. Introduction:

- What is the source of the data?: Answer
- Where and when was it created?: Answer
- Is it a sample: No
- Do you suspect any sampling bias: Answer
- Was it an experimental or an observational study: Observational not a study
- How were measurements taken: NYPD Data
- Do you suspect any bias in the questions or measurements: The exploration of this question is an auxiliary part of our analysis
- Why is this data of interest to you: Answer
- What kind of data cleaning was necessary: Answer found in data cleaning section

#### Names of Variables in Data Set:

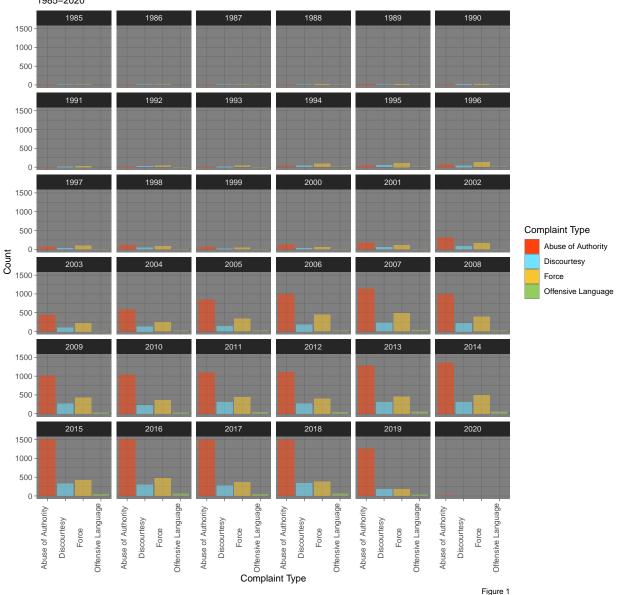
```
allegations <- read.csv("allegations_202007271729.csv")
names(allegations)</pre>
```

```
[1] "unique_mos_id"
                                    "first name"
##
                                    "command now"
    [3] "last name"
   [5] "shield_no"
                                    "complaint_id"
    [7] "month_received"
                                    "year_received"
  [9] "month_closed"
                                    "year_closed"
## [11] "command at incident"
                                    "rank_abbrev_incident"
                                    "rank_now"
## [13] "rank_abbrev_now"
## [15] "rank_incident"
                                    "mos_ethnicity"
## [17] "mos_gender"
                                    "mos_age_incident"
## [19] "complainant_ethnicity"
                                    "complainant_gender"
                                    "fado_type"
## [21] "complainant_age_incident"
## [23] "allegation"
                                    "precinct"
                                    "outcome_description"
## [25] "contact reason"
## [27] "board_disposition"
```

### 1.

Ran a histogram of complaint type, separated by year. Noticed that years  $1985 \sim 2000$  have a limited amount of data. May need to research as to why.

# Complaint Type Histogram through Year 1985–2020

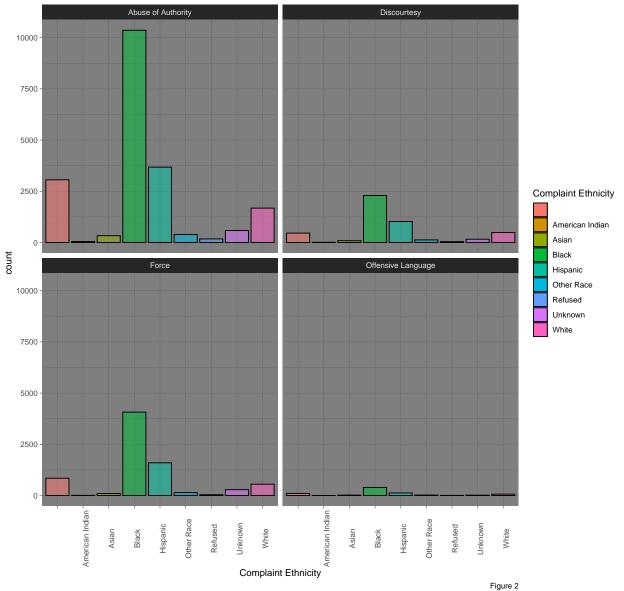


### 2.

Figure 2 is a density bar graph of complaint ethnicity, separated by complaint type. I wanted to see if there were any trends in complaints depending on ethnicity of the victim.

I noticed in this graph that there are a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ or 'blank', 'unfilled' categories in this data set. These are in addition to several 'NA' or 'Unknown' categories. We will likely have to decide on a path on how to rewrite, categorize, or otherwise parse the missing data.

#### Complaintant Ethnicity Bar Chart Seperated by Complaint Type. Note: First Value is Blank



### 3.

Figure 3 is a density bar graph of board\_disposition, which I believe to be the outcome of the complaint - separated by mos\_ethnicity, which I believe to be officer ethnicity.

A quick research into the data lead me to believe that 'mos' in this data set stands for **Member of Service**, or police officer.

Here I was checking for patterns if there were any obvious outcome bias depending on officer ethnicity.

# Officer Complaint Outcome Bar Chart Seperated by Officer Ethnicity

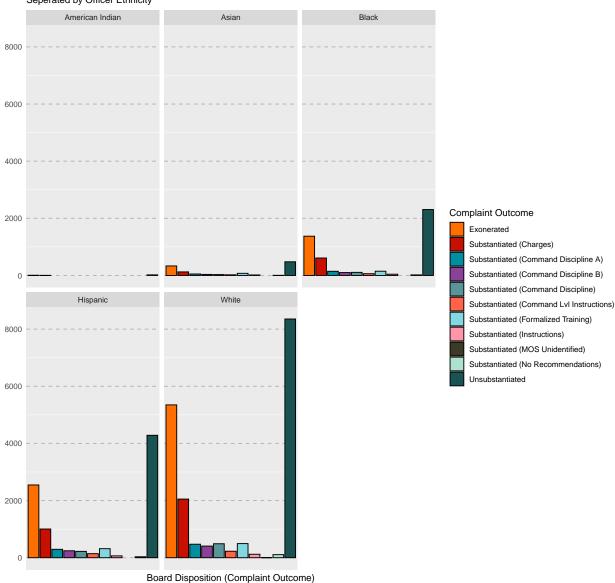


Figure 3

### 4.

Here I did a quick scan on compliant type by complainant\_gender. As the graph-set shows, there are a lot of different and unknown gender variables for complainants. If we want to work with complainant gender, we may want to limit or parse the 4 low-value and/or missing categories (Transman, Not described, Transwoman, Gender non-conforming)

