## Package 'stminsights'

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Type Package

**Title** A 'Shiny' Application for Inspecting Structural Topic Models

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URL https://github.com/cschwem2er/stminsights

BugReports https://github.com/cschwem2er/stminsights/issues

#### **Description**

This app enables interactive validation, interpretation and visualization of structural topic models from the 'stm' package by Roberts and others (2014) <doi:10.1111/ajps.12103>. It also includes helper functions for model diagnostics and extracting data from effect estimates.

```
Imports stm (>= 1.3.5), tidygraph (>= 1.1.0), ggraph (>= 2.0.0), igraph (>= 1.2.0), ggrepel (>= 0.8.0), shiny (>= 1.5.0), shinyBS (>= 0.6.0), shinydashboard (>= 0.7.0), shinyjs (>= 1.0.0), ggplot2 (>= 3.3.0), purrr (>= 0.3.0), stringr (>= 1.4.0), dplyr (>= 1.0.0), tibble (>= 2.1.0), readr (>= 1.3.0), huge (>= 1.3.0), stats, scales
```

Suggests quanteda (>= 2.0.0), knitr, rmarkdown

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get\_diag

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get\_diag

computes stm model diagnostics

#### Description

get\_diag() is a helper function to compute average and median semanticCoherence and exclusivity for a number of stm models. The function does not work for models with content covariates.

#### Usage

```
get_diag(models, outobj)
```

#### **Arguments**

models A list of stm models.

outobj The out object containing documents for all stm models.

#### Value

Returns model diagnostics in a data frame.

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```
K = 3,
                  max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
                  verbose = FALSE)
gadarian_5 <- stm(documents = out$documents,</pre>
                  vocab = out$vocab,
                  data = out$meta,
                  prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
                  K = 5,
                  max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
                  verbose = FALSE)
# get diagnostics
diag <- get_diag(models = list(</pre>
                 model_3 = gadarian_3,
                 model_5 = gadarian_5),
                 outobj = out)
## Not run:
# plot diagnostics
diag %>%
ggplot(aes(x = coherence, y = exclusivity, color = statistic)) +
 geom_text(aes(label = name), nudge_x = 5) + geom_point() +
 labs(x = 'Semantic Coherence', y = 'Exclusivity') + theme_light()
## End(Not run)
```

get\_effects

extract stm effect estimates

#### **Description**

get\_effects() is a helper function to store effect estimates from stm in a data frame.

#### Usage

```
get_effects(
   estimates,
   variable,
   type,
   ci = 0.95,
   moderator = NULL,
   modval = NULL,
   cov_val1 = NULL,
   cov_val2 = NULL
)
```

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#### **Arguments**

estimates The object containing estimates calculated with estimateEffect. The variable for which estimates should be extracted. variable The estimate type. Must be either 'pointestimate', 'continuous', or 'difference'. type The confidence interval for uncertainty estimates. Defaults to 0.95. ci moderator The moderator variable in case you want to include an interaction effect. modval The value of the moderator variable for an interaction effect. See examples for combining data for multiple values. cov\_val1 The first value of a covariate for type 'difference'. cov\_val2 The second value of a covariate for type 'difference'. The topic proportion of 'cov\_val2' will be subtracted from the proportion of 'cov\_val1'.

#### Value

Returns effect estimates in a tidy data frame.

```
library(stm)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
# store effects
prep <- estimateEffect(1:3 ~ treatment + pid_rep, gadarianFit, gadarian)</pre>
effects <- get_effects(estimates = prep,</pre>
                       variable = 'treatment',
                       type = 'pointestimate')
# plot effects
effects %>% filter(topic == 3) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = value, y = proportion)) +
 geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lower, ymax = upper), width = 0.1, size = 1) +
 geom_point(size = 3) +
 coord_flip() + theme_light() + labs(x = 'Treatment', y = 'Topic Proportion')
# combine estimates for interaction effects
prep_int <- estimateEffect(1:3 ~ treatment * s(pid_rep),</pre>
 gadarianFit, gadarian)
effects_int <- get_effects(estimates = prep_int,</pre>
                           variable = 'pid_rep',
                           type = 'continuous',
                           moderator = 'treatment',
                           modval = 1) %>%
 bind_rows(
```

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get\_network

extract topic correlation network

#### **Description**

get\_network() is a helper function to extract topic correlation networks as tidygraph objects and add labels and topic proportions.

#### Arguments

model	The stm model for computing the correlation network.
method	The method for determining edges. Can be either 'simple' or 'huge'.
cutoff	The correlation cutoff criterion for method = 'cutoff'. Defaults to $0.05$ .
labels	An optional vector of topic labels. Must include a label for each topic of the model.
cutiso	Remove isolated notes without any edges from the network. Defaults to FALSE.

#### Value

Returns tidygraph network of topic correlations.

```
library(stm)
library(ggraph)
library(quanteda)
# prepare data
```

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```
data <- corpus(gadarian, text_field = 'open.ended.response')</pre>
docvars(data)$text <- as.character(data)</pre>
data <- dfm(data, stem = TRUE, remove = stopwords('english'),</pre>
            remove_punct = TRUE)
out <- convert(data, to = 'stm')
# fit model
gadarian_10 <- stm(documents = out$documents,</pre>
                   vocab = out$vocab,
                   data = out$meta,
                   prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
                   K = 10,
                   max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
                   verbose = FALSE)
# extract network
stm_corrs <- get_network(model = gadarian_10,</pre>
                         method = 'simple',
                          labels = paste('Topic', 1:10),
                          cutoff = 0.001,
                          cutiso = TRUE)
## Not run:
# plot network
ggraph(stm_corrs, layout = 'fr') +
 geom_edge_link(
    aes(edge_width = weight),
    label_colour = '#fc8d62',
    edge\_colour = '#377eb8') +
 geom_node_point(size = 4, colour = 'black') +
 geom_node_label(
   aes(label = name, size = props),
    colour = 'black', repel = TRUE, alpha = 0.85) +
 scale_size(range = c(2, 10), labels = scales::percent) +
 labs(size = 'Topic Proportion', edge_width = 'Topic Correlation') +
 scale_edge_width(range = c(1, 3)) +
 theme_graph()
## End(Not run)
```

run\_stminsights

launch the stminsights shiny app

#### **Description**

run\_stminsights launches the app to analyze Structural Topic models. It requires a .RData file with stm objects as illustrated in the example below.

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#### Usage

```
run_stminsights(use_browser = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

use\_browser

Choose whether you want to launch the shiny app in your browser. Defaults to TRUE

```
## Not run:
library(stm)
library(quanteda)
# prepare data
data <- corpus(gadarian, text_field = 'open.ended.response')</pre>
docvars(data)$text <- as.character(data)</pre>
data <- dfm(data, stem = TRUE, remove = stopwords('english'),</pre>
            remove_punct = TRUE) %>% dfm_trim(min_termfreq = 2)
out <- convert(data, to = 'stm')
# fit models and effect estimates
gadarian_3 <- stm(documents = out$documents,</pre>
                  vocab = out$vocab,
                  data = out$meta,
                   prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
                   max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
                   verbose = FALSE)
prep_3 <- estimateEffect(1:3 ~ treatment + s(pid_rep), gadarian_3,</pre>
                          meta = out$meta)
gadarian_5 <- stm(documents = out$documents,</pre>
                  vocab = out$vocab,
                   data = out$meta,
                   prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
                   max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
                   verbose = FALSE)
prep_5 <- estimateEffect(1:5 ~ treatment + s(pid_rep), gadarian_5,</pre>
                          meta = out$meta)
# save objects in .RData file
save.image(paste0(tempdir(), '/stm_gadarian.RData'))
# launch the app
if(interactive()){
  run_stminsights()
```

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}

## End(Not run)

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