

# Ruoyu Wang

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## EDUCATION

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### Ph.D in Probability and Mathematical Statistics

Sept, 2017 - May 23, 2022

*Academy of Mathematics and Systems Science (AMSS), Chinese Academy of Sciences*

*Beijing, China*

**Supervisor:** Qihua Wang

### Bachelor in Statistics; Top 2%

Sept, 2013 – Jun, 2017

*Nankai University*

*Tianjin, China*

## WORK EXPERIENCE

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### Postdoctoral Fellow

Sept, 2022 – present

*Department of Biostatistics, Harvard University*

*Boston, United States*

**Supervisor:** Xihong Lin

## RESEARCH INTERESTS

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- Data Fusion
- Causal Identification and Inference
- Mendelian Randomization
- Large-scale Data Analysis
- Two-phase Sampling
- Statistical Learning Theory

## PEER-REVIEWED PUBLICATIONS

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(<sup>1</sup> Equal contribution; \* Corresponding author)

1. **Wang, R.**, Wang Q.<sup>\*</sup>, and Miao, W. (2023), A robust fusion-extraction procedure with summary statistics in the presence of biased sources. *Biometrika*, 110, 1023–1040.
2. **Wang, R.**, Su, M., and Wang, Q.<sup>\*</sup> (2023), Distributed nonparametric imputation for missing response problems with massive data. *Journal of Machine Learning Research*, 68, 1–52.
3. **Wang, R.**, and Wang, Q.<sup>\*</sup> (2021), Determination and estimation of optimal quarantine duration for infectious diseases with application to data analysis of COVID-19. *Biometrics*, 78, 691–700.
4. **Wang, R.**, Wang, Q.<sup>\*</sup>, Miao, W., and Zhou, X. (2024), Sharp bounds for variance of treatment effect estimators in the finite population in the presence of covariates. *Statistica Sinica*, 34, 999–1021.
5. Su, M. and **Wang, R.**<sup>\*</sup> (2025+), Subsampled one-step estimation for fast statistical inference. *Scandinavian Journal of Statistics*, in press.
6. **Wang, R.**<sup>1</sup>, Yi, M.<sup>1</sup>, Chen, Z., and Zhu, S. (2022), Out-of-distribution generalization with causal invariant transformations. *IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition*, 375–385.

7. Yi, M.<sup>1</sup>, **Wang, R.**<sup>1</sup>, and Ma, Z. (2022), Characterization of excess risk for locally strongly convex population risk. *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems* 36.
8. Yi, M., **Wang, R.**, Sun, J., Li, Z., and Ma, Z. (2023), Breaking correlation shift via conditional invariant regularizer. In *Proceedings of the 11th International Conference on Learning Representations*.
9. Yang, H., Liu, Z., **Wang, R.**, Lai, E., Schwartz, J., Baccarelli, A., Huang, Y. and Lin, X.\* (2025), Causal mediation analysis for integrating exposure, genomic, and phenotype data. *Annual Review of Statistics and Its Application*, 12, 337–360.
10. Su, M.<sup>1</sup>, **Wang, R.**<sup>1</sup>, and Wang, Q.\* (2022), A two-stage optimal subsampling estimation for missing data problems with large-scale data. *Computational Statistics and Data Analysis*, 173.
11. Wang, Q., Su, M.\*, and **Wang, R.** (2021), A beyond multiple robust approach for missing response problem. *Computational Statistics and Data Analysis*, 155.
12. Miao, W. \*, Li, W., Hu, W., **Wang, R.**, and Geng, Z. (2021), Invited commentary: Estimation and bounds under data fusion. *American Journal of Epidemiology*, 191, 674–678.

#### PAPERS UNDER INVITED REVISION

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(<sup>1</sup> Equal contribution; \* Corresponding author)

1. **Wang, R.**, Zhang, H., and Lin X.\* (2025+), Debiased estimating equation method for robust and efficient Mendelian randomization using a large number of correlated weak and invalid instruments. Revision invited by *Journal of the American Statistical Association: T&M*. arXiv:2408.05386.
2. Hu, W.<sup>1</sup>, **Wang, R.**<sup>1</sup>, Li, W.\*, and Miao, W.\* (2025+), Semiparametric efficient fusion of individual data and summary statistics. Revision invited by *Journal of the American Statistical Association: T&M*. arXiv:2210.00200.
3. **Wang, R.** and Lin X.\* (2025+), Divide-and-shrink: An efficient and heterogeneity-agnostic approach for transfer estimation using summary statistics. Revision invited by *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series B*.
4. Yang, H.<sup>1</sup>, **Wang, R.**<sup>1</sup>, Lin, Y., and Lin, X.\* (2025+), Tail likelihood ratio method for large-scale causal mediation testing in epigenome-wide studies. Revision invited by *Journal of the American Statistical Association: ACS*.
5. Su, M. and **Wang, R.**\* (2025+), A moment-assisted approach for improving subsampling-based MLE with large-scale data. Revision invited by *Journal of Machine Learning Research*. arXiv:2309.09872.
6. **Wang, R.**, Wang Q.\*, and Miao, W. (2025+), A maximin optimal approach for sampling designs in two-phase studies. Revision invited by *Statistica Sinica*. arXiv:2312.10596.
7. Su, M. and **Wang, R.**\* (2025+), Moment-assisted subsampling method for Cox proportional hazards model with large-scale data. Revision invited by *Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics*. arXiv:2501.06924.

PREPRINTS AND PAPERS UNDER REVIEW

(<sup>1</sup> Equal contribution; \* Corresponding author)

1. **Wang, R.** and Miao, W.\* (2025+), Causal Effect Identification and Inference with Endogenous Exposures and a Light-tailed Error. Under review. arXiv:2408.06211.

2. Yi, M., Matabuena, M., **Wang, R.\*** (2025+), Denoising data with measurement error using a reproducing kernel-based diffusion model. arXiv:2501.00212.

3. Zhang, P, **Wang, R.**, and Miao, W.\* (2025+), Causal attribution with confidence. Under review. arXiv:2504.08294.

REVIEWER

*Journal of the American Statistical Association (JASA); Transactions on Pattern Analysis and Machine Intelligence (TPAMI); Biometrics; Journal of Computational and Graphical Statistics; Statistics in Medicine; IEEE Conference on Computer Vision and Pattern Recognition.*

AWARDS

• 2021.9	AMSS	President Scholarship, Grand Prize
• 2021.5	AMSS	Merit Student
• 2020.5	AMSS	Merit Student
• 2016.12	Nankai University	First Prize Scholarship
• 2015.12	Nankai University	Merit Student

VISIT

- Department of Statistics, Rutgers University. March, 2025.

ORAL PRESENTATIONS

- Causal effect identification and inference with endogenous exposures and a light-tailed error. **Invited talk**, International Conference on Econometrics and Statistics, August, 2025.
- Divide-and-shrink: An efficient and heterogeneity-agnostic approach for transfer estimation using summary statistics. **Invited talk**, Diabetes StatClin Meeting, April, 2025.
- Divide-and-shrink: a heterogeneity-agnostic approach for safe data integration. **Invited talk**, IMS-China 2024, July, 2024.
- Extreme-based causal effect learning with endogenous exposures and a light-tailed error. **Invited talk**, 2024 International Conference on Frontiers of Data Science, July, 2024.
- Debiased Estimating Equation Method for Versatile and Efficient Mendelian Randomization Using Large Numbers of Correlated Weak and Invalid Instruments. **Invited talk**, The 2nd Joint Conference on Statistics and Data Science in China, July, 2024.
- Debiased estimating equation method for summary statistics-based Mendelian randomization. **Invited talk**, The 1st Joint Conference on Statistics and Data Science in China, July, 2023.

- A maximin optimal approach for sampling designs in two-phase studies. **Topic-contributed paper session**, Joint Statistical Meetings (JSM), August, 2025.
- Characterization of excess risk for locally strongly convex population risk. Chinese Association for Applied Statistics (CAAS), High Dimensional Statistics Symposium, July, 2021.
- Sharp bounds for variance of the treatment effect estimators in finite population in the presence of covariates. The 2021 International Workshop on Statistical Theory and Related Fields (STARF 2021), December, 2021.
- DEEM: A Flexible and Efficient Method for Summary Statistics-based Mendelian Randomization. ENAR 2024 Spring Meeting, March, 2024.
- Debiased Estimating Equation Method for Versatile and Efficient Mendelian Randomization. 2024 Joint Statistical Meetings (JSM), August, 2024.
- Extreme-based causal effect learning with endogenous exposures and a light-tailed error. Seminar of Center for Causal Inference, University of Pennsylvania, March, 2025.

## SERVICE

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- Session Chair for Joint Statistical Meeting, Portland, OR, 2024.