Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 3_CY

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 30
Marks Obtained : 30

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

Emily is a data analyst working for a company that collects feedback from customers in the form of text messages. As part of her data validation tasks, Emily needs to perform two operations on each message:

Calculate the sum of all the digits mentioned in the message.If the sum of the digits is greater than 9, check whether the sum forms a palindrome number.

Your task is to help Emily automate this process by writing a program that extracts all digits from a given message, calculates their sum, and checks if the sum is a palindrome if it is greater than 9.

Input Format

The input consists of a string s, representing the customer message, which may

contain letters, digits, spaces, and other characters.

Output Format

The output prints an integer representing the sum of all digits in the string, followed by a space.

If the sum is greater than 9, print "Palindrome" if the sum is a palindrome, otherwise print "Not palindrome".

If the sum is less than or equal to 9, no palindrome check is required.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 12 books 4 pen

Output: 7

Answer

```
def is_palindrome(number):
    return str(number) == str(number)[::-1]
def process_message(message):
    digits = [int(char) for char in message if char.isdigit()]
    total = sum(digits)
    output = f"{total}"
    if total > 9:
        if is_palindrome(total):
            output += " Palindrome"
        else:
            output += "Not palindrome"
    return output
user_input = input()
result = process_message(user_input)
print(result)
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

2. Problem Statement

Sarah is a technical writer who is responsible for formatting two important documents. Both documents contain a certain placeholder character that needs to be replaced with another character before they can be finalized. To ensure consistency in formatting, Sarah wants you to help her write a program that processes both documents by replacing the placeholder character with the new one.

Sarah also prefers a neat and structured output, so she wants you to ensure that both modified documents are printed in a single line, separated by a space, using the format() function.

Example

Input:

Hello

World

o

a

Output:

Hella Warld

Explanation:

Here the character 'o' is replaced with 'a' in the concatenated string.

Input Format

The first line contains string1, the first document.

The second line contains string2, the second document.

The third line contains char1, the placeholder character that needs to be replaced.

The fourth line contains char2, the new character that will replace the placeholder.

Output Format

The output displays a single line containing the modified string1 and string2, separated by a space.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Hello
World
o
a
Output: Hella Warld

Answer

```
a= input()
b=input()
c=input()
d=input()
print(a.replace(c,d),end=" ")
print(b.replace(c,d))
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***

3. Problem Statement

Raj wants to write a program that takes a list of strings as input and returns the longest word in the list. If there are multiple words with the same length, the program should return the first one encountered.

Help Raj in his task.

Input Format

The input consists of a single line of space-separated strings.

Output Format

The output prints a string representing the longest word in the given list.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: cat dog elephant lion tiger giraffe
Output: elephant

Answer

```
words = input().split()

longest_word = ""
max_length = 0

for word in words:
    if len(word) > max_length:
        longest_word = word
        max_length = len(word)

print(longest_word)
```

Status : Correct ***Marks : 10/10***