

UNIQUE REAL-WORLD USE CASE

- “E-Commerce Order Processing Pipeline”
-

□ Order Class (simple model)

```
class Order {  
    String customer;  
    double amount;  
    String status; // "DELIVERED", "PENDING", "CANCELLED"  
    List<String> items;  
  
    public Order(String customer, double amount, String status,  
    List<String> items) {  
        this.customer = customer;  
        this.amount = amount;  
        this.status = status;  
        this.items = items;  
    }  
  
    public String getCustomer() { return customer; }  
    public double getAmount() { return amount; }  
    public String getStatus() { return status; }  
    public List<String> getItems() { return items; }  
}
```

□ Order List (sample data)

```
List<Order> orders = Arrays.asList(  
    new Order("Rupali", 5000, "DELIVERED", Arrays.asList("Shoes", "Bag")),  
    new Order("Neha", 3000, "PENDING", Arrays.asList("Watch")),  
    new Order("Riya", 8000, "DELIVERED", Arrays.asList("Laptop", "Mouse")),  
    new Order("Shloka", 2000, "CANCELLED", Arrays.asList("T-shirt")),  
    new Order("Rupali", 1500, "DELIVERED", Arrays.asList("Wallet"))  
) ;
```

□ NOW — ALL STREAM OPERATIONS (FULL PIPELINE EXAMPLE)

□ 1) filter() — Only delivered orders

```
orders.stream()
```

```
.filter(o -> o.getStatus().equals("DELIVERED"))
```

□ 2) sorted() — Highest amount first

```
.sorted((a,b) -> Double.compare(b.getAmount(), a.getAmount()))
```

□ 3) map() — extract customer names

```
.map(Order::getCustomer)
```

□ 4) distinct() — remove duplicate customer names

```
.distinct()
```

□ 5) limit() — take only top 2 customers

```
.limit(2)
```

□ 6) collect() — convert to List

```
.collect(Collectors.toList());
```

□ Final Pipeline:

```
List<String> topCustomers =  
    orders.stream()  
        .filter(o -> o.getStatus().equals("DELIVERED"))  
        .sorted((a,b) -> Double.compare(b.getAmount(), a.getAmount()))  
        .map(Order::getCustomer)  
        .distinct()  
        .limit(2)  
        .collect(Collectors.toList());
```

Output:

```
["Riya", "Rupali"]
```

□ EXTRA USE CASES (all remaining operations)

② 7) flatMap() — Extract ALL ITEMS purchased across all orders

```
List<String> allItems =  
    orders.stream()  
        .flatMap(o -> o.getItems().stream())  
        .collect(Collectors.toList());
```

② 8) skip() — Skip 1st order

```
orders.stream().skip(1)
```

② 9) reduce() — Total revenue

```
double totalRevenue =  
    orders.stream()  
        .map(Order::getAmount)  
        .reduce(0.0, (a,b) -> a+b);
```

② 10) groupingBy() — Group by status

```
Map<String, List<Order>> group =  
    orders.stream()  
        .collect(Collectors.groupingBy(Order::getStatus));
```

② 11) counting() — Count orders per status

```
Map<String, Long> statusCount =  
    orders.stream()  
        .collect(Collectors.groupingBy(Order::getStatus,  
            Collectors.counting()));
```

② 12) summingInt() — Total spent per customer

```
Map<String, Double> totalPerCustomer =  
    orders.stream()  
        .collect(Collectors.groupingBy(  
            Order::getCustomer,  
            Collectors.summingDouble(Order::getAmount)  
        ));
```

② 13) maxBy() — Highest order per customer

```
Map<String, Optional<Order>> highestOrder =  
    orders.stream()  
        .collect(Collectors.groupingBy(  
            Order::getCustomer,  
            Collectors.maxBy(Comparator.comparingDouble(Order::getAmount)))
```

```
) );
```

② 14) **findFirst()** — first delivered order

```
orders.stream()  
    .filter(o -> o.getStatus().equals("DELIVERED"))  
    .findFirst();
```

② 15) **findAny()** — any cancelled order (parallel fast)

```
orders.parallelStream()  
    .filter(o -> o.getStatus().equals("CANCELLED"))  
    .findAny();
```

② 16) **anyMatch()** — any order > 10k

```
orders.stream().anyMatch(o -> o.getAmount() > 10000);
```

② 17) **noneMatch()** — check no order has negative amount

```
orders.stream().noneMatch(o -> o.getAmount() < 0);
```

② 18) **allMatch()** — all are valid amounts

```
orders.stream().allMatch(o -> o.getAmount() >= 0);
```