How Do Households Respond to Inflation? An Investigation of Transmission Mechanisms

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Survey

Please take the survey here:

 $https://iu.co1.qualtrics.com/jfe/form/SV_aYnPrlFzx57Q2hg$

Our Goals:

- 1. get your feedback on the survey itself
- 2. gather your responses to see if trends immediately emerge

We will reconvene to discuss at 11:55.

Thank you!

Motivation

 Recent discussions have considered using inflation expectations as a policy tool:

With nominal short-term interest rates at ... their effective lower bound. ... [C]entral banks have sought additional ways to stimulate their economies, including adopting policies that are directly aimed at influencing expectations of ... inflation.

-Janet Yellen

- The idea is based on the standard consumption Euler equation
- Empirical evidence on the relationship between inflation expectations and consumption is mixed, and there is no systematic work on how people think about this relationship

Literature

- Survey-based research on consumption response to changes in inflation expectations - results are mixed and highlight heterogeneity
 - Bachmann et al. (2015), Duca-Radu et al. (2021), Coibion et al. (2021), D'Acunto et al. (2019)
- Inflation narratives consumers dislike inflation and disagree about the causes(es) of it
 - Shiller (1996), Kamdar (2019), Andre et al. (2021)
- Subjective model of the macroeconomy beliefs about inflation and unemployment are widely dispersed following hypothetical economic shocks
 - Andre et al. (2022)

Our Contribution

- Add to evidence on the relationship between inflation expectations and consumption and investigate heterogeneity
- Disentangle the different mechanisms that may guide households' consumption behavior in response to changes in inflation expectations and highlight heterogeneity (e.g., across demographics, durables vs nondurables, long-term vs short-term treatments)
 - intertemporal substitution from the consumption Euler equation
 - sentiment-based reactions
 - no change due to fixed budgets or borrowing constraints
 - · wages are upwardly rigid
 - substitution away from labor due to an inflation tax
 - the interest rate will change more than 1-for-1 with inflation

Specific Questions for You

- Current treatments:
 - Long-/short-run varying strength or different mechanisms selected?
 - Increase/decrease asymmetric effects?
- Additional treatment ideas:
 - Information intuitively describe the consumption Euler equation and assess if this results in larger changes in consumption
 - Interest rate does forward guidance on the interest rate result in larger consumption changes than 'forward guidance on inflation'

Specific Questions for You

- The mechanisms:
 - Description of the different mechanisms clear/confusing?
 - Formulation of questions sufficiently clear?

"What do you think your household's total spending on durable goods in the next 3 months to be in the alternative [higher/lower] inflation scenario?

Please enter a number greater than 0 or equal to 0.

Answer: [dollars]"

- Missing important mechanisms?
- Listed too many mechanisms? Are differences between mechanisms salient?
- A single top reason, or top three?

Additional Thoughts?

Questions, comments, or concerns?