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TEI KI

Assignment 02

Date: 29

July

2021

Title: SQL Queries

Problem Statement:

a. Design and develop SQL DDL statements which demonstrate the use of SQL objects such as Table, View, Index, Sequence.

Synonym and constraints etc

b. Write at least 10 SQL queries on the database application using SQL DML statements.

Objectives:

- Understand and implement various DDL commands.

- Understand concepts like view, index, sequence and synonym.

S/W and H/W Req:

MySQL, Intel(R) Core(TM) i5, 4 cores

Windows 10 64 bit

References:

Database management systems

Laboratory.

Outcomes:

A basic understanding to MySQL queries.

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## Theory

SQL - structured Query language

SQL

~~DDL~~ commands

- ① create table - used to create table
- ② Insert command  
used to Insert entities into table,
- ③ Select command - to  
used to retrieve data from table.

Data definition in SQL

Create, alter, drop, truncate

Create tables :

create table <table name>

( column name datatype (size),

—||—

constrain const-name ———

);

— primary key:

- it is unique for each entity
- can not be blank
- must not be null.

— Unique key:

- prevent multiple entries of null
- do not allow duplicate.

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### - Foreign key:

- establish relations in tables
- columns in other tables which are unique

### - on delete cascade:

- if a record in parent is deleted corresponding record in child is also deleted

- on delete set null: instead of deleting req. field is set null.

### Alter table:

```
alter table <table-name>  
add ( column-name datatype(size),  
      column-name2 datatype(size));
```

### Drop table:

```
drop table <table-name>
```

### Truncate

```
Trunc table <table-name>
```

### \* Some common queries

1. use database db;
2. show tables;
3. select \* from customers;



4. select \* from customers where city = 'pune' ;

5. select \* from customers where name like '%j%';

6. delete from customers where id = '1';

7. ER diagram :  
attached ahead.

Test cases :

	command	Exp o/p	Act o/p	Result
1.	delete from customers where city = 'pune' ;	deleted rows where city = 'pune'	same as expected	Pass
2.	select from books where price between 300 and 400;	title 1 title1 2 title2	same as expected	pass
3.	select * from books;	list of all books	same as expected	pass
4.	select max (price) from books;	max 1 583	max 1 583	pass

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conclusion :

Successfully understood and run  
sql queries and implemented the given  
problem statement.

### Problem Statement:

#### SCHEMA FOR Assignment No 2

Create following tables in MYSQL :

```
Customer(cust_no,cust_fname,cust_lname,cust_company,cust_addr,city,cust_phone)
ordering(order_no,cust_no,ISBN,qty,odate); books(ISBN,title,unit_price,author_no,publisher_no,pub_year);
authors(author_no,author_name,country) publisher(publisher_no,publisher_name,publisher_addr,year);
```

Note:Use referential integrity constraints while creating tables with on delete cascade options.

Create simple and complex view, index, Oracle Objects{sequence and synonym} based on above tables.

1. Insert at least 10 records in the customer table and insert other tables accordingly.
2. Display all customer details with city pune and mumbai and customer first name starting with 'p' or 'h'.
3. lists the number of different customer cities.(use of distinct)
4. Give 5% increase in price of the books with publishing year 2015. ( use of update)
5. Delete customer details living in pune.
6. Find the names of authors living in India or Australia (use of UNION)
7. Find the publishers who are established in year 2015 as well as in 2016 (use of INTERSECT)
8. Find the book having maximum price and find titles of book having price between 300 and 400.(use of max and between)
9. Display all titles of books with price and published year in decreasing order of publishing year.
10. Display title,author\_no and publisher\_no of all books published in 2000,2004,2006. (use of IN)
11. Create a view showing the books and authors details. (COMPLEX VIEW)

```
-- Rupesh Dharne
-- 31124
-- TE 01
-- K1
-- Assignment 02
```

```
create database assignment02;
```

```
show databases;
```

```
use assignment02;
```

```
create table customers (
    customer_id int not null auto_increment,
    first_name varchar(25) not null,
    last_name varchar(25),
    company varchar(25),
    customer_address varchar(255),
    city varchar(25),
    phone char(10),
    primary key(customer_id)
);
```

```
create table authors (
    author_id int not null auto_increment,
    author_name varchar(25) not null,
    author_country varchar(25),
    primary key (author_id)
);
```

```
create table publishers (
    publisher_id int not null auto_increment,
    publisher_name varchar(25) not null,
    publisher_address varchar(25) not null,
    create_year year not null,
    primary key (publisher_id)
);
```

```
create table books (
    isbn varchar(25) not null,
    title varchar(25) not null,
    unit_price int not null,
    author_id int not null,
    publisher_id int not null,
    pub_year year not null,
    primary key (isbn),
    foreign key (publisher_id) references publishers(publisher_id) on delete cascade,
    foreign key (author_id) references authors(author_id) on delete cascade
);
```

```

);

create table orderings (
    order_no int not null auto_increment,
    customer_id int not null,
    isbn varchar(25) not null,
    quantity int not null,
    order_date date not null,
    primary key (order_no),
    foreign key (customer_id) references customers(customer_id) on delete cascade,
    foreign key (isbn) references books(isbn) on delete cascade
);

-- #1. Insert at least 10 records in customer table and insert other tables accordingly.
insert into customers (first_name, last_name, company, customer_address, city, phone)
values ('Rupesh', 'Dharme', 'pict', 'akot', 'akot', '9075118158'),
('Omkar', 'Gaikwad', 'pict', 'pune', 'mumbai', '9999888855'),
('Dheeraj', 'Gonchikar', 'amazon', 'pune', 'pune', '9075118158'),
('Rohan', 'Khole', 'pict', 'pune', 'mumbai', '9955441122'),
('Gayatri', 'Godbole', 'google', 'pune', 'pune', '9075184158'),
('Aryan', 'C', 'pict', 'pune', 'mumbai', '9854625846'),
('Pushkar', 'Jain', 'pict', 'pune', 'pune', '9075184158'),
('Raj', 'Sharme', 'tcs', 'pune', 'pune', '9078418158'),
('Krishna', 'Gadam', 'coep', 'akot', 'akot', '9075118158'),
('Shreya', 'Verma', 'pict', 'pune', 'pune', '8475118158'),
('Harsh', 'Mohan', 'pict', 'pune', 'mumbai', '9084118158'),
('Priya', 'Khatr', 'pict', 'pune', 'mumbai', '9075848158'),
('Shruti', 'Shriwastav', 'pict', 'pune', 'aurangabad', '9075118158'),
('Hemant', 'Krishnan', 'pict', 'pune', 'mumbai', '9075118458');

insert into authors (author_name, author_country)
values ('R D Sharme', 'India'),
('H C Verma', 'India'),
('K P H', 'Australia');

insert into publishers (publisher_name, publisher_address, create_year)
values ('Prime', 'india', 2001),
('Mercury', 'USA', 1952),
('Akash', 'Australia', 1975),
('Chetan', 'india', 2017),
('Prime', 'india', 2015),
('Prime', 'india', 2016);

insert into books (isbn, title, unit_price, author_id, publisher_id, pub_year)
values ('85445822155', 'Title1', 350, 1, 2, 2006),
('85445822180', 'Title2', 20, 3, 1, 2015),
('85445822777', 'Title3', 240, 2, 1, 2000),
('85445866785', 'Title4', 320, 1, 2, 2004),
('85445822181', 'Title5', 555, 3, 1, 2015),

```



```

('85445825181', 'Title6', 75, 1, 2, 2015);

insert into orderings (customer_id, isbn, quantity, order_date)
values (5, '85445822180', 1, '2020-05-12'),
      (1, '85445822777', 3, '2020-04-15'),
      (9, '85445822155', 10, '2019-03-02');

-
- #2. Display all customer details with city pune and mumbai and customer first name starting
  with
-- #'p' or 'h'.
select * from customers where city = 'pune' or city = 'mumbai';
select * from customers where first_name like 'p%' or first_name like 'h%';

-- #3. lists the number of different customer cities.(use of distinct)
select distinct city from customers;
select distinct company from customers;

-- #4. Give 5% increase in price of the books with publishing year 2015. ( use of update)
update books
set unit_price = 105/100*unit_price
where pub_year = 2015;
select * from books;

-- #5. Delete customer details living in pune.
select * from customers;
delete from customers
where city = 'pune';

-- #6. Find the names of authors living in India or Australia (use of UNION)
select * from authors;

select author_name from authors
where author_country = 'India'
UNION
select author_name from authors
where author_country = 'australia';

-
- #7. Find the publishers who are established in year 2015 as well as in 2016 (use of INTERSE
CT)
select publisher_name from publishers
where create_year = '2015' or create_year = '2016';

SELECT publisher_name
FROM publishers
where create_year='2015'
INTERSECT

```

```

SELECT publisher_name
FROM publishers
where create_year='2016';

select max(unit_price) from books;

-
- 8. Find the book having maximum price and find titles of book having price between 300 and
-- 400.(use of max and between)
select * from books;

select title from books
where unit_price BETWEEN 300 and 400;

-
- 9. Display all titles of books with price and published year in decreasing order of publish
ing
-- year.
select title from books
where unit_price is not null AND
pub_year is not null ORDER BY pub_year desc;

-
- 10. Display title,author_no and publisher_no of all books published in 2000,2004,2006. (use
of
-- IN)
select * from books;

select title, author_id, publisher_id from books
where pub_year in ('2000','2001','2015');

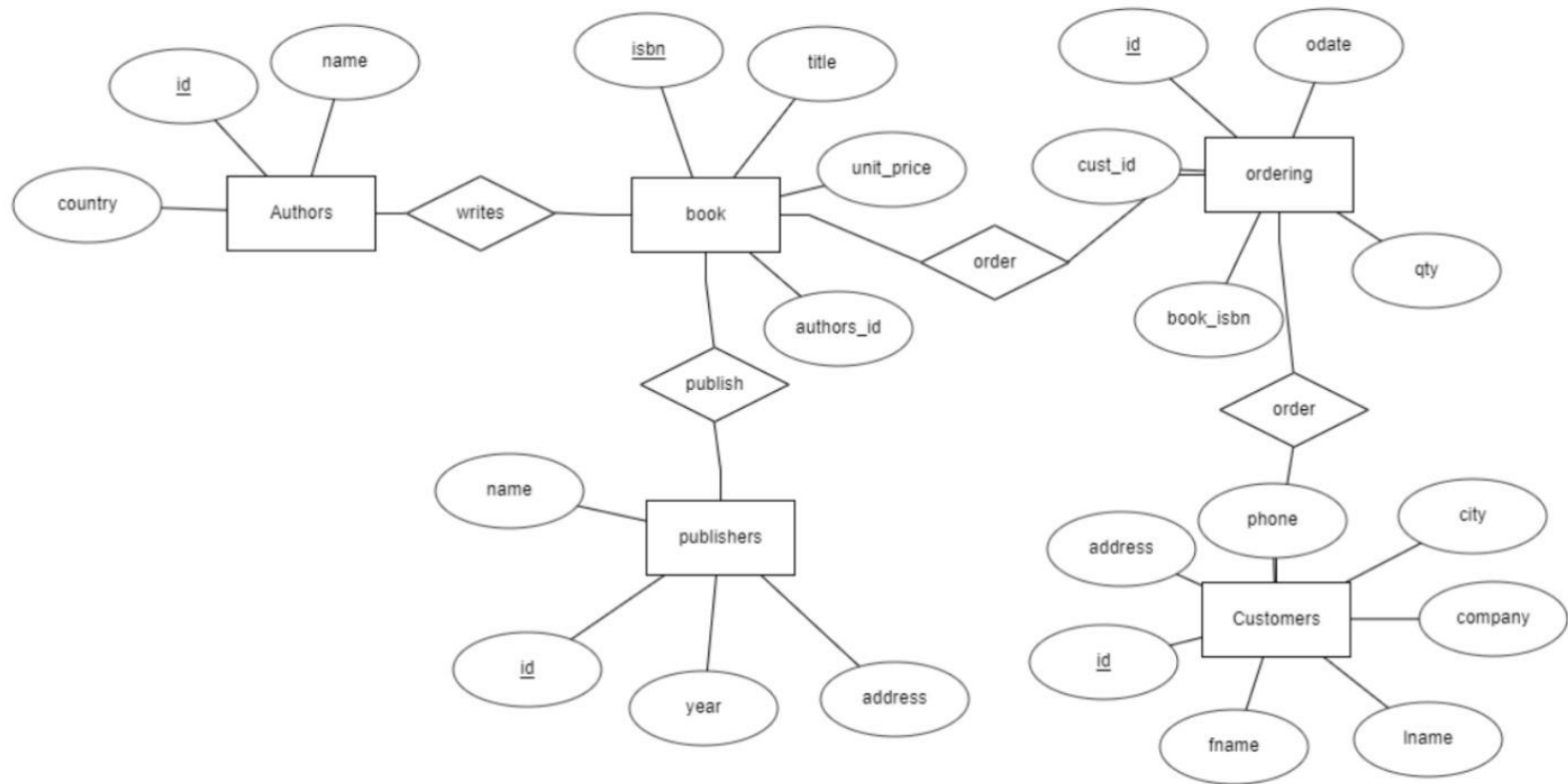
-- #11.Create view showing the books and authors details. (COMPLEX VIEW)

select * from books
inner join authors on books.author_id=authors.author_id;

```

**Screenshots:** from next page.





mysql> create database assignment02;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> show databases;

Database
assignment02
information_schema
mysql
performance_schema
sys

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> use assignment02;  
Database changed  
mysql> \_



```
mysql> create table customers (
->     customer_id int not null auto_increment,
->     first_name varchar(25) not null,
->     last_name varchar(25),
->     company varchar(25),
->     customer_address varchar(255),
->     city varchar(25),
->     phone char(10),
->     primary key(customer_id)
-> );
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.09 sec)

```
mysql> create table authors (
->     author_id int not null auto_increment,
->     author_name varchar(25) not null,
->     author_country varchar(25),
->     primary key (author_id)
-> );
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)

```
mysql> create table publishers (
->     publisher_id int not null auto_increment,
->     publisher_name varchar(25) not null,
->     publisher_address varchar(25) not null,
->     create_year year not null,
->     primary key (publisher_id)
-> );
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)

```
mysql> create table books (
->     isbn varchar(25) not null,
->     title varchar(25) not null,
->     unit_price int not null,
->     author_id int not null,
->     publisher_id int not null,
->     pub_year year not null,
->     primary key (isbn),
->     foreign key (publisher_id) references publishers(publisher_id) on delete cascade,
->     foreign key (author_id) references authors(author_id) on delete cascade
-> );
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)

mysql>

Select MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client - Unicode

mysql> show tables;

Tables_in_assignment02
authors
books
customers
orderings
publishers

5 rows in set (0.05 sec)

mysql> desc authors;

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
author_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
author_name	varchar(25)	NO		NULL	
author_country	varchar(25)	YES		NULL	

3 rows in set (0.04 sec)

mysql> desc customers;

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
customer_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL	auto_increment
first_name	varchar(25)	NO		NULL	
last_name	varchar(25)	YES		NULL	
company	varchar(25)	YES		NULL	
customer_address	varchar(255)	YES		NULL	
city	varchar(25)	YES		NULL	
phone	char(10)	YES		NULL	

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

28°C Light rain ^ ENG 4:31 PM



```
mysql> insert into customers (first_name, last_name, company, customer_address, city, phone)
```

Query OK, 14 rows affected (0.03 sec)

```
mysql> select * from customers;
```

```
14 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> _
```

MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client - Unicode

mysql> insert into books (isbn, title, unit\_price, author\_id, publisher\_id, pub\_year)

-> values ('85445822155', 'Title1', 350, 1, 2, 2006),

-> ('85445822180', 'Title2', 20, 3, 1, 2015),

-> ('85445822777', 'Title3', 240, 2, 1, 2000),

-> ('85445866785', 'Title4', 320, 1, 2, 2004),

-> ('85445822181', 'Title5', 555, 3, 1, 2015),

-> ('85445825181', 'Title6', 75, 1, 2, 2015);

Query OK, 6 rows affected (0.02 sec)

Records: 6 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql>

mysql> insert into orderings (customer\_id, isbn, quantity, order\_date)

-> values (5, '85445822180', 1, '2020-05-12'),

-> (1, '85445822777', 3, '2020-04-15'),

-> (9, '85445822155', 10, '2019-03-02');

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)

Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select \* from books;

isbn	title	unit_price	author_id	publisher_id	pub_year
85445822155	Title1	350	1	2	2006
85445822180	Title2	20	3	1	2015
85445822181	Title5	555	3	1	2015
85445822777	Title3	240	2	1	2000
85445825181	Title6	75	1	2	2015
85445866785	Title4	320	1	2	2004

6 rows in set (0.01 sec)

mysql> select \* from orderings;

order_no	customer_id	isbn	quantity	order_date
1	5	85445822180	1	2020-05-12
2	1	85445822777	3	2020-04-15
3	9	85445822155	10	2019-03-02

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> \_

Windows taskbar icons: File Explorer, Edge, Chrome, Mail, Calendar, Photos, OneDrive, VLC, WhatsApp, Teams, MySQL Client

28°C Light rain ^ [Wi-Fi] [Battery] [Speaker] ENG 9:56 PM [Messages]

mysql> #2. Display all customer details with city pune and mumbai and customer first name starting with

mysql> #'p' or 'h'.

mysql> select \* from customers where city = 'pune' or city = 'mumbai';

customer_id	first_name	last_name	company	customer_address	city	phone
2	Omkar	Gaikwad	pict	pune	mumbai	9999888855
3	Dheeraj	Gonchikar	amazon	pune	pune	9075118158
4	Rohan	Khole	pict	pune	mumbai	9955441122
5	Gayatri	Godbole	google	pune	pune	9075184158
6	Aryan	C	pict	pune	mumbai	9854625846
7	Pushkar	Jain	pict	pune	pune	9075184158
8	Raj	Sharme	tcs	pune	pune	9078418158
10	Shreya	Verma	pict	pune	pune	8475118158
11	Harsh	Mohan	pict	pune	mumbai	9084118158
12	Priya	Khatri	pict	pune	mumbai	9075848158
14	Hemant	Krishnan	pict	pune	mumbai	9075118458

11 rows in set (0.03 sec)

mysql> select \* from customers where first\_name like 'p%' or first\_name like 'h%';

customer_id	first_name	last_name	company	customer_address	city	phone
7	Pushkar	Jain	pict	pune	pune	9075184158
11	Harsh	Mohan	pict	pune	mumbai	9084118158
12	Priya	Khatri	pict	pune	mumbai	9075848158
14	Hemant	Krishnan	pict	pune	mumbai	9075118458

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>



```
MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client - Unicode
mysql> -- #3. lists the number of different customer cities.(use of distinct)
mysql> select distinct city from customers;
+-----+
| city |
+-----+
| akot |
| mumbai |
| aurangabad |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.05 sec)

mysql> select distinct company from customers;
+-----+
| company |
+-----+
| pict |
| coep |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

mysql> #4. Give 5% increase in price of the books with publishing year 2015. ( use of update)

mysql> select \* from books;

isbn	title	unit_price	author_id	publisher_id	pub_year
85445822155	Title1	350	1	2	2006
85445822180	Title2	20	3	1	2015
85445822181	Title5	555	3	1	2015
85445822777	Title3	240	2	1	2000
85445825181	Title6	75	1	2	2015
85445866785	Title4	320	1	2	2004

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> update books  
-> set unit\_price = 105/100\*unit\_price  
-> where pub\_year = 2015;

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)  
Rows matched: 3 Changed: 3 Warnings: 0

mysql> select \* from books;

isbn	title	unit_price	author_id	publisher_id	pub_year
85445822155	Title1	350	1	2	2006
85445822180	Title2	21	3	1	2015
85445822181	Title5	583	3	1	2015
85445822777	Title3	240	2	1	2000
85445825181	Title6	79	1	2	2015
85445866785	Title4	320	1	2	2004

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> \_

```
mysql> select * from customers;
```

```
14 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
-> where city = 'pune';
```

```
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from customers;
```

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql>
```

MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client - Unicode

mysql> #6. Find the names of authors living in India or Australia (use of UNION)

mysql> select \* from authors;

author_id	author_name	author_country
1	R D Sharme	India
2	H C Verma	India
3	K P H	Australia

3 rows in set (0.01 sec)

mysql>

mysql> select author\_name from authors

-> where author\_country = 'India'

-> UNION

-> select author\_name from authors

-> where author\_country = 'australia';

author_name
R D Sharme
H C Verma
K P H

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

mysql> \_

Windows Taskbar

MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client - Unicode

28°C Light rain ^

10:06 PM



mysql> show databases;

Database
assignment02
information_schema
mysql
performance_schema
sys

5 rows in set (0.01 sec)

mysql> use assignment02;

Database changed

mysql> select publisher\_name from publishers  
-> where create\_year = '2015' or create\_year = '2016';

publisher_name
Prime
Prime

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> \_

```
mysql> -- 400.(use of max and between)
```

```
mysql> select * from books;
```

```
6 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

6 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```
mysql>
```

```
mysql> select title from books
-> where unit_price BETWEEN 300 and 400;
```

2 rows in

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> _
```

MySQL 8.0 Command Line Client - Unicode

mysql> -- 9. Display all titles of books with price and published year in decreasing order of publishing

mysql> -- year.

mysql> select title from books

-> where unit\_price is not null AND

-> pub\_year is not null ORDER BY pub\_year desc;

title
Title2
Title5
Title6
Title1
Title4
Title3

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

mysql>

mysql> -- 10. Display title,author\_no and publisher\_no of all books published in 2000,2004,2006. (use of

mysql> -- IN)

mysql> select \* from books;

isbn	title	unit_price	author_id	publisher_id	pub_year
85445822155	Title1	350	1	2	2006
85445822180	Title2	21	3	1	2015
85445822181	Title5	583	3	1	2015
85445822777	Title3	240	2	1	2000
85445825181	Title6	79	1	2	2015
85445866785	Title4	320	1	2	2004

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>

mysql> select title, author\_id, publisher\_id from books

-> where pub\_year in ('2000','2001','2015');

title	author_id	publisher_id
Title2	3	1
Title5	3	1
Title3	2	1
Title6	1	2

```
mysql>
mysql> #11.Create view showing the books and authors details. (COMPLEX VIEW)
mysql>
mysql> select * from books
      -> inner join authors on books.author_id=authors.author_id;
```

isbn	title	unit_price	author_id	publisher_id	pub_year	author_id	author_name	author_country
85445822155	Title1	350	1	2	2006	1	R D Sharme	India
85445822180	Title2	21	3	1	2015	3	K P H	Australia
85445822181	Title5	583	3	1	2015	3	K P H	Australia
85445822777	Title3	240	2	1	2000	2	H C Verma	India
85445825181	Title6	79	1	2	2015	1	R D Sharme	India
85445866785	Title4	320	1	2	2004	1	R D Sharme	India

6 rows in set (0.01 sec)

```
mysql> _
```