

## L14 : Probability

### 1-Tut : Probability Of Head

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Three coins are tossed, find the probability that two heads are obtained.

#### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[1/4](#)

[3/8](#)

[1/2](#)

[5/8](#)

Correct Answer : B

#### Solution Description

Total outcomes (S) =  $2^3 = 8$

Favorable outcomes (E) =  ${}^3C_2 = 3$  (HHT, HTH, THH)

$P(E) = E/S = 3/8$

Hence, option (b) is correct.

### 2-Tut : Probability Of Tail

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Three unbiased coins are tossed. What is the probability of getting at most two tails?

#### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[5/8](#)

[3/4](#)

[7/8](#)

[None Of These](#)

Correct Answer : C

#### Solution Description

Here  $S = \{TTT, TTH, THT, HTT, THH, HTH, HHT, HHH\}$

Let E = event of getting at most two tails.

Then  $E = \{HHH, TTH, THT, HTT, THH, HTH, HHT\}$ .

Required probability =  $7/8$

### 3-Tut : Die And Prime Number

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A die is rolled, find the probability that a prime number is obtained

#### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

1/2

1/3

1/4

2/3

Correct Answer : A

### Solution Description

$S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$        $E = \{2, 3, 5\}$

$P(E) = 1/2$

Hence, option (a) is correct.

### 4-Tut : Probability Of Sum

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Two dice are rolled, find the probability that the sum is 4

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

1/6

1/9

1/12

1/18

Correct Answer : C

### Solution Description

$S = 6 \times 6 = 36$

$E = \{(1,3), (2,2), (3,1)\}$

$P(E) = 3/36 = 1/12$

Hence, option (c) is correct.

### 5-Tut : Probability Of Even

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Two dice are thrown simultaneously. What is the probability of getting two numbers whose product is even?

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

5/8

3/4

7/8

None Of These

Correct Answer : B

### Solution Description

In a simultaneous throw of two dice, we have  $n(S) = (6 \times 6) = 36$ .

Then,  $E = \{(1, 2), (1, 4), (1, 6), (2, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (2, 4), (2, 5), (2, 6), (3, 2), (3, 4), (3, 6), (4, 1), (4, 2), (4, 3), (4, 4), (4, 5), (4, 6), (5, 2), (5, 4), (5, 6), (6, 1), (6, 2), (6, 3), (6, 4), (6, 5), (6, 6)\}$

$n(E) = 27$

Required probability  $= 27/36 = \frac{3}{4}$

Hence, option (b) is correct.

## 6-Tut : Probability Of King

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A card is drawn at random from a deck of cards. Find the probability of getting a king or a spade.

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[1/13](#)

[17/52](#)

[3/13](#)

[4/13](#)

Correct Answer : D

### Solution Description

Number of kings = 4

Number of spades = 13

There is 1 card of king in spade. So, required number of possibilities  $= 13 + 4 - 1 = 16$

Probability  $= 16/52 = 4/13$

Hence, option (d) is correct.

## 7-Tut : Probability Of Cards

[Send Feedback](#)

Three cards are drawn from a deck of cards. Find the probability such that one of them is a spade, one is a diamond and one is a heart.

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[3/13](#)

[1/\(13^3\)](#)

[\(13^3\\*\(3!\)/\(52\\*51\\*50\)\)](#)

[10/\(13^3\)](#)

Correct Answer : C

## 8-Tut : Probability Of Bags

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A bag contains 3 white, 4 red and 5 blue balls. Two balls are drawn at random from the bag. The probability that both of them are blue is \_\_\_\_\_

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

6/21

4/21

1/7

5/33

Correct Answer : D

### Solution Description

Let S be the sample space.

Then,  $n(S)$  = number of ways of drawing 2 balls out of 12

$= {}^{12}C_2 = 66$

Let E = event of getting both the balls blue.

$n(E) = {}^5C_2 = 10$

Probability =  $10/66 = 5/33$ . Hence, option (d) is correct.

### 9-Tut : Probability Of Balls

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A bag contains 5 black and 6 white balls. James takes a ball out and places it in the bag again. He again takes out a ball. What is the probability that both the balls are white?

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

25/121

36/121

3/11

49/121

Correct Answer : B

### Solution Description

Required probability =  $(6/11) \times (6/11) = 36/121$

Hence, option (b) is correct.

### 10-Tut : Probability Of Even

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A bag contains 21 toys numbered 1 to 21. A toy is drawn and then another toy is drawn without replacement. Find the probability that both toys will show even numbers

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

3/14

3/7

4/7

5/14

Correct Answer : A

### Solution Description

The probability that first toy shows the even number =  $10/21$   
Since, the toy is not replaced there are now 9 even numbered toys and total 20 toys left.  
Hence, probability that second toy shows the even number =  $9/20$   
Required probability =  $(10/21) \times (9/20) = 3/14$

Hence, option (a) is correct.

### 11-Tut : Probability Of Events

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The odds against an event are 3:4 and the odds in favour of another independent event are 3:5. Find the probability that at least one of the two events will occur.

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[5/7](#)

[11/14](#)

[6/7](#)

[41/56](#)

Correct Answer : D

### 12-Tut : Probability Of Ticket

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In a charity show tickets numbered consecutively from 101 through 350 are placed in a box. What is the probability that a ticket selected at random (blindly) will have a number with a hundredth digit of 2?

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[0.30](#)

[0.35](#)

[0.40](#)

[0.45](#)

Correct Answer : C

### Solution Description

250 numbers between 101 and 350 i.e.  $n(S)=250$   
 $n(E)=100$ th digits of 2 =  $299-199=100$   
 $P(E) = 100/250 = 0.4$

Hence, option (c) is correct.

### 13-Tut : Probability Of Students

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The probability of success of three students A, B and C in the one examination are  $1/3$ ,  $1/2$  and  $1/4$  respectively. Find the probability of all three students failing in the examination.

## Options

This problem has only one correct answer

0.25

0.35

0.45

0.55

Correct Answer : A

## Solution Description

Required probability =  $[1 - 1/3] \times [1 - 1/2] \times [1 - 1/4] = (2/3) \times (1/2) \times (3/4) = 1/4 = 0.25$ . Hence, option (a) is correct.

### 14-Ass : Probability Of Selected Person

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Out of 13 applicants for a job, there are 5 women and 8 men. It is desired to select 2 persons for the job.

The probability that at least one of the selected persons will be a woman is:

## Options

This problem has only one correct answer

25/39

14/39

5/13

10/13

Correct Answer : A

### 15-Ass : Probability Of Good

[Send Feedback](#)

A box contains 10 mangoes out of which 4 are rotten. Two mangoes are taken together. If one of them is found to be good, the probability that the other is rotten is

## Options

This problem has only one correct answer

5/13

8/15

5/18

None Of These

Correct Answer : B

### 16-Ass : Probability Of Stand

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Four boys and three girls stand in queue for an interview. The probability that they will stand in alternate position is:

## Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[1/34](#)

[1/35](#)

[1/17](#)

[1/68](#)

Correct Answer : B

## 17-Ass : Probability Of Win In Single Trial

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A and B play a game where each is asked to select a number from 1 to 5. If two numbers match, both of them win a prize. The probability that they will not win a prize in a single trial is

## Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[1/25](#)

[24/25](#)

[3/25](#)

[None Of These](#)

Correct Answer : D

## 18-Ass : Probability Of Rich Girl

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A class consists of 100 students; 25 of them are girls and 75 boys; 20 are rich, and the remaining poor; 40 of them love to play basketball, and the rest loves to play football. The probability of selecting a basketball lover rich girl is

## Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[0.05](#)

[0.04](#)

[0.02](#)

[0.08](#)

Correct Answer : C

## 19-Ass : Probability Of Same Colour

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A box contains 5 brown and 4 white socks. A man takes out two socks. The probability that they are of the same colour

## Options

This problem has only one correct answer

[5/18](#)

1/6

5/108

4/9

Correct Answer : D

## 20-Ass : Probability Of Club

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There are five clubs in Lucknow. If 3 singers check into clubs in a day. What is the probability that each singer check into a different club?

### Options

This problem has only one correct answer

12/25

13/25

12/15

13/15

Correct Answer : A

### Solution Description

Total number of ways for 3 singers to check into 5 clubs =  $5 * 5 * 5$

Total number of ways for 3 singers to check into different club =  $5 * 4 * 3$

Therefore, the probability that each singer check into a different club =  $(5*4*3)/(5*5*5) = 12/25$  - option(a).