

Day 06 (set-A) Assignment Solutions

(Submitted By: RUPESH ROY)

1. Write a program that takes a command-line argument n and prints a table of the powers of 2 that are less than or equal to 2^n .

Code:

```
#!/bin/bash/
n=$@
echo "argument value is "$n
powerOfTwo=1
for (( i=1; i<=$n; i++ ))
do
    powerOfTwo=$(( 2*$powerOfTwo ))
    echo "2^"$i "=" $powerOfTwo
done
```

OutPut:

```
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ ./que1.sh 5
argument value is 5
2^1 = 2
2^2 = 4
2^3 = 8
2^4 = 16
2^5 = 32
```

2. Write a program that takes a command-line argument n and prints the nth harmonic number. Harmonic Number is of the form-

$$H_n = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}.$$

Code:

```
#!/bin/bash/
n=$@
printf "H"$n"= 1/1"
for (( i=1;i<$n;i++ ))
do
    printf " + 1/"$((i + 1))
done
```

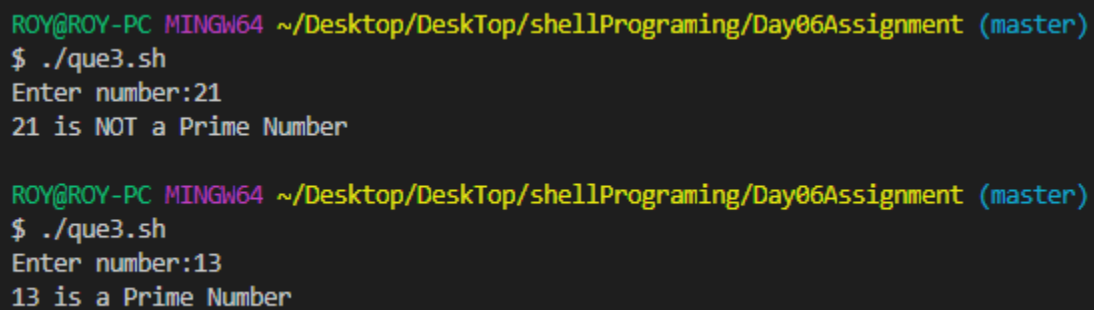
OutPut:

```
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ ./que2.sh 5
H5= 1/1 + 1/2 + 1/3 + 1/4 + 1/5
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ ./que2.sh 10
H10= 1/1 + 1/2 + 1/3 + 1/4 + 1/5 + 1/6 + 1/7 + 1/8 + 1/9 + 1/10
```

3. Write a program that takes an input and determines if the number is a prime.

Code: `#!/bin/bash/
read -p "Enter number:" number
for ((i=2;i<$number;i++))
do
 if [$((($number%i)) -eq 0]
 then
 echo $number" is NOT a Prime Number"
 exit
 fi
done
echo $number" is a Prime Number"`

OutPut:



```
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)  
$ ./que3.sh  
Enter number:21  
21 is NOT a Prime Number  
  
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)  
$ ./que3.sh  
Enter number:13  
13 is a Prime Number
```

4. Extend the program to take a range of number as input and output the Prime Numbers in that range.

Code: `#!/bin/bash/
read -p "Enter Lower-Bound:" low
read -p "Enter Upper-Bound:" upper
printf "Prime Numbers between $low and $upper are: "
for((i=$low;i<=$upper;i++))
do
 for ((j=2;j<$i;j++))
 do
 if [$((($i%$j)) -eq 0]
 then
 flag=0
 break
 else
 flag=1
 fi
 done
 if [$((($flag)) -eq 1]
 then
 printf $i" "
 fi
done`

OutPut:

```
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ ./que4.sh
Enter Lower-Bound:1
Enter Upper-Bound:10
Prime Numbers between 1 and 10 are: 3 5 7
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ ./que4.sh
Enter Lower-Bound:1
Enter Upper-Bound:20
Prime Numbers between 1 and 20 are: 3 5 7 11 13 17 19
```

5. Write a program that computes a factorial of a number taken as input.

5 Factorial – $5! = 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 * 5$

Code: `#!/bin/bash/`
`read -p "Enter Number=" number`
`fact=1`
`for ((i=1;i<=$number;i++))`
`do`
`fact=$(($fact*$i))`
`done`
`echo $number"! =" $fact`

OutPut:

```
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ ./que4.sh
Enter Number=4
4! = 24

ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ ./que4.sh
Enter Number=5
5! = 120
```

6. Write a program to compute Factors of a number N using prime factorization method.

Logic->Traverse till $i*i \leq N$ instead of $i \leq N$ for efficiency. O/P-> Print the prime factors of number N.

Code: `#!/bin/bash/`
`read -p "Enter Number:" number`
`printf "Prime Factors of $number are:"`
`while [[$(($number%2)) -eq 0]]`
`do`
`printf "2 "`
`number=$(($number/2))`
`done`
`for ((i=3;i<$number;i+=2))`
`do`

```

        while [[ $((($number%$i)) -eq 0 ]]
        do
            printf $i" "
            number=$((($number/$i))
        done
    done
    if [ $number -gt 2 ]
    then
        printf $number
    fi

```

OutPut:

```

ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ sh que1_6.sh
Enter Number:24
Prime Factors of 24 are:2 2 2 3
ROY@ROY-PC MINGW64 ~/Desktop/DeskTop/shellPrograming/Day06Assignment (master)
$ sh que1_6.sh
Enter Number:315
Prime Factors of 315 are:3 3 5 7

```