Readme

Edge detection code

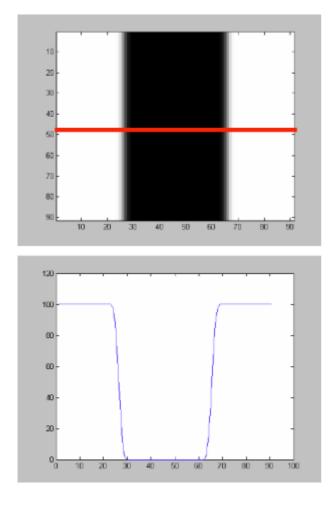
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How to use?

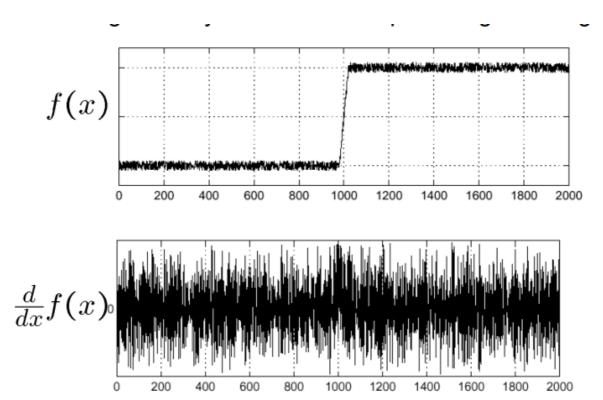
- 1. Installing required libraries run the following commond "pip install -r requirements.txt"
- 2. After running the file in console enter the address to the image on which edge detection is needed and press enter.
- 3. Enter the location of the location in which you want to store the resulting image
- 4. Enter the files name and its type. for example "Result1.png" or "result3.jpg"
- 5. You will find the image at the location you had entered with the file name you had entered.

How does it work?

- 1. The program reads the location of the image entered by the user and imports the file as a matrix with 3 channel i.e. RGB. The shape of the image is irrelevant. The values in the matrix are the values that range from 0 to 255 the data type used is "uint8"
- 2. What is a edge?
 - ->Edge is sudden change in colors and this particular fact can be used for detecting them.



- ->Detecting sudden change can be done by differentials, in case of images it is change in RGB pixel values as we go in one direction. Before we get
- ->But the differentials are prone to noise and hence we need to get rid of it, in the program we do it using the a gaussian filter with window size of 5 pixels and then go for the canny edge detector



- ->In Canny edge detector, due to smoothing we get the output which are broader than 1 pixel and hence non maximum supression is used. we then use hysteresis thresholding to get good edge detection.
- 3. After we get edges we change the pixels in the original image where the edges were detected to green.

Libraries used

- 1. Language: Python
- 2. OpenCV
- 3. Numpy

Future improvement

If we are targetting a certain type of edges ie circle or line then we can use Hough Transform.