Welcome to the Test Problem for Robotics Engineer candidates!

You have 7 calendar days to solve the problem. If by the end of day 7 you have only a partial solution, please send it anyway with a respective comment. Please submit your Planner as a single zip file (with any readme/instructions inside) to careers@instock.com Don't hesitate to email us with any questions about the test problem.

Design and implement in code a Planner algorithm for a square chessboard of a given size (MxM) with certain cells marked red as restricted areas. 100x100 will be the maximum chessboard size. There are N kings on the board, each with a specific target cell to reach. The kings move sequentially, one by one, one step at a time (K1 step1, K2 step1.... K1 step2, K2 step2...), and must adhere to two main rules: they cannot move into restricted cells, and they cannot end a move adjacent to another king (including diagonally). A king may stay in place (empty move). The task is to compute a path for each king to its target, ensuring compliance with the movement rules and the sequential order of moves.

Planner's input would be given as 2 files:

File1 - king starting and target positions

```
x_from, y_from, x_to, y_to
```

...

File2 - chessboard size and restricted cells

M

x, y

. . .

x and y - integer coordinates of restricted cells - start from zero.

If plan (solution) does not exist, Planner should detect and output that plan does not exist.

If plan does exist, Planner should output a plan in a format

```
x_from, y_from, x_to, y_to
```

. . .

where each line is one step of one king, and king_id would be deduced by a test program from "from" coordinates.

Planner should finish planning in 10 minutes in any case. Meaning, Planner has to terminate within 10 minutes with at least some (maybe non-optimal) solution. We will be running tests on multi-core CPU, but we do not recommend spending time on concurrent implementations. Please do not implement anything for GPUs.

The Planner program should use not more than 1GB of RAM.

A reasonable simple visualization would be a plus but is not a requirement.

Your ideas on optimality of your algorithm would be a valuable add-on when discussing your solution on a

Implementations can be done in Go, C++ or python.

Here is the data for two tests cases:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1mU2VaR2xe3LuO-x300 VI3CzC6ygxZhA