Stock Market Analysis and Prediction

Importing packages and datasets

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
plt.style.use("fivethirtyeight")
%matplotlib inline

# For reading stock data from yahoo
from pandas_datareader.data import DataReader

# For time stamps
from datetime import datetime
```

Importing datasets from Yahoo reader

```
# The tech stocks we'll use for this analysis
tech_list = ['AAPL', 'GOOG', 'MSFT', 'AMZN']

# Set up End and Start times for data grab
end = datetime.now()
start = datetime(end.year - 1, end.month, end.day)

#For loop for grabing yahoo finance data and setting as a dataframe
for stock in tech_list:
    # Set DataFrame as the Stock Ticker
    globals()[stock] = DataReader(stock, 'yahoo', start, end)
```

Display data characteristics

```
company_list = [AAPL, GOOG, MSFT, AMZN]
company_name = ["APPLE", "GOOGLE", "MICROSOFT", "AMAZON"]
for company, com_name in zip(company_list, company_name):
        company["company_name"] = com_name

df = pd.concat(company_list, axis=0)
df.tail(10)
```

	High	Low	0pen	Close	Volume	Adj Close	compa
Date							
2020- 11-10	3114.000000	3019.479980	3095.020020	3035.020020	6591000.0	3035.020020	,
2020- 11-11	3139.149902	3050.000000	3061.780029	3137.389893	4366900.0	3137.389893	ı
2020- 11-12	3175.879883	3086.050049	3159.949951	3110.280029	4362000.0	3110.280029	ı
2020- 11-13	3141.719971	3085.389893	3122.000000	3128.810059	3756200.0	3128.810059	ı
2020- 11-16	3142.699951	3072.689941	3093.199951	3131.060059	3808700.0	3131.060059	1
2020- 11-17	3189.250000	3135.260010	3183.540039	3135.659912	3444700.0	3135.659912	ı
2020-	21/10 0000000	2105 10000	212 <i>1</i> 000000	2105 450061	201AQNN N	2105 /50061	

Individual Stocks Description

AAPL.describe()

	High	Low	0pen	Close	Volume	Adj Close
count	252.000000	252.000000	252.000000	252.000000	2.520000e+02	252.000000
mean	90.798700	88.234137	89.498700	89.578482	1.512577e+08	88.957172
std	20.814265	20.104491	20.665935	20.412608	7.569766e+07	20.765101
min	57.125000	53.152500	57.020000	56.092499	2.043060e+07	55.291519
25%	73.358124	71.272501	71.615000	72.314377	1.044864e+08	71.243650
50%	81.355000	80.130001	80.877499	81.026249	1.354628e+08	80.067600
75 %	113.934376	110.073126	112.619999	112.167498	1.848412e+08	111.974318
max	137.979996	130.529999	137.589996	134.179993	4.268848e+08	133.948898

GOOG.describe()

	High	Low	0pen	Close	Volume	Adj Close
count	252.000000	252.000000	252.000000	252.000000	2.520000e+02	252.000000
mean	1453.862414	1418.664735	1435.254270	1436.933391	1.876525e+06	1436.933391
std	149.597689	151.881462	150.527080	149.588543	7.748254e+05	149.588543
min	1071.319946	1013.536011	1056.510010	1056.619995	3.475000e+05	1056.619995
25%	1360.349976	1340.125000	1350.000000	1349.207458	1.387325e+06	1349.207458
50%	1455.510010	1429.140015	1445.289978	1445.784973	1.656400e+06	1445.784973
75 %	1531.748993	1505.341766	1515.599976	1518.315002	2.155150e+06	1518.315002
max	1818.060059	1767.689941	1790.900024	1781.380005	4.329100e+06	1781.380005

MSFT.describe()

	High	Low	0pen	Close	Volume	Adj Close
count	252.000000	252.000000	252.000000	252.000000	2.520000e+02	252.000000
mean	188.973135	184.077698	186.526032	186.619524	3.712551e+07	185.511522
std	24.138847	24.072774	24.247144	24.096366	1.728312e+07	24.420203
min	140.570007	132.520004	137.009995	135.419998	8.989200e+06	134.366470
25%	166.767502	162.945007	165.070000	165.137501	2.504942e+07	163.815369
50%	187.154999	183.425003	185.489998	185.355003	3.215935e+07	184.206291
75%	211.190002	206.579994	208.922501	208.757500	4.391550e+07	207.740131
max	232.860001	227.350006	229.270004	231.649994	9.707360e+07	231.045105

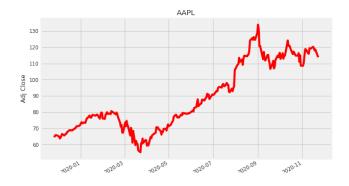
AMZN.describe()

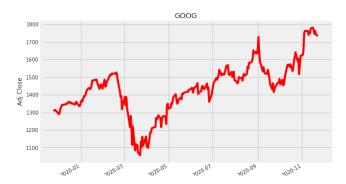
	High	Low	0pen	Close	Volume	Adj Close
count	252.000000	252.000000	252.000000	252.000000	2.520000e+02	252.000000
mean	2573.748925	2502.666507	2539.267663	2539.407336	4.904719e+06	2539.407336
std	587.659662	565.261876	580.502657	575.396847	2.009943e+06	575.396847
min	1750.000000	1626.030029	1641.510010	1676.609985	8.813000e+05	1676.609985
25%	1954.877502	1891.530029	1925.440033	1908.667480	3.429775e+06	1908.667480
50%	2475.964966	2433.629883	2451.505005	2454.965088	4.519400e+06	2454.965088
75%	3175.025024	3087.037537	3135.289978	3125.952515	5.807300e+06	3125.952515
max	3552.250000	3486.689941	3547.000000	3531.449951	1.556730e+07	3531.449951

Visualization of stocks

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 8))
plt.subplots_adjust(top=1.25, bottom=1.2)

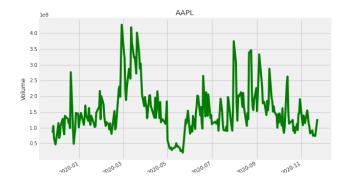
for i, company in enumerate(company_list, 1):
    plt.subplot(2, 2, i)
    company['Adj Close'].plot(color='r')
    plt.ylabel('Adj Close')
    plt.xlabel(None)
    plt.title(f"{tech_list[i - 1]}")
```

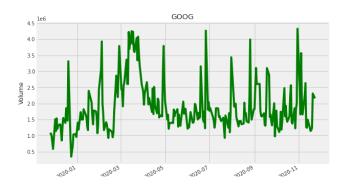




```
# Now let's plot the total volume of stock being traded each day
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 8))
plt.subplots_adjust(top=1.25, bottom=1.2)

for i, company in enumerate(company_list, 1):
    plt.subplot(2, 2, i)
    company['Volume'].plot(color='g')
    plt.ylabel('Volume')
    plt.xlabel(None)
    plt.title(f"{tech_list[i - 1]}")
```

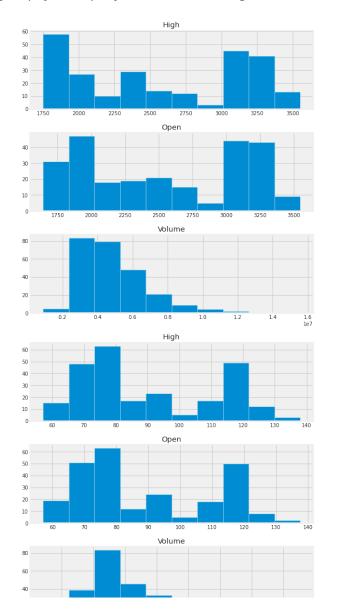


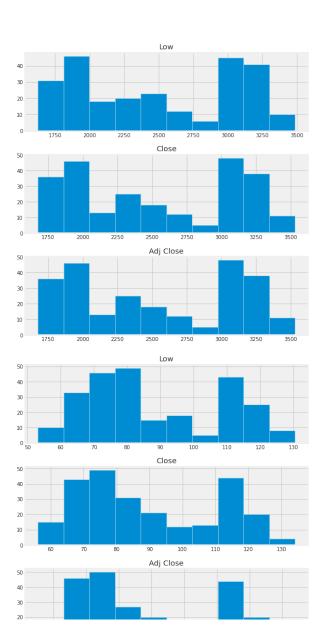


Moving Average of various stocks

```
ma_day = [10, 20, 50]
for ma in ma_day:
    for company in company_list:
        column_name = f"MA for {ma} days"
        company[column_name] = company['Adj Close'].rolling(ma).mean()
```

df.groupby("company_name").hist(figsize=(20, 10));





```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2)
fig.set_figheight(8)
fig.set_figwidth(20)
```

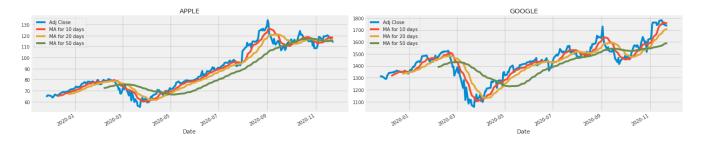
AAPL[['Adj Close', 'MA for 10 days', 'MA for 20 days', 'MA for 50 days']].plot(ax=axes[0,0 axes[0,0].set_title('APPLE')

GOOG[['Adj Close', 'MA for 10 days', 'MA for 20 days', 'MA for 50 days']].plot(ax=axes[0,1 axes[0,1].set_title('GOOGLE')

MSFT[['Adj Close', 'MA for 10 days', 'MA for 20 days', 'MA for 50 days']].plot(ax=axes[1,0 axes[1,0].set_title('MICROSOFT')

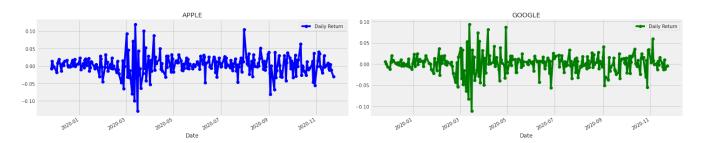
AMZN[['Adj Close', 'MA for 10 days', 'MA for 20 days', 'MA for 50 days']].plot(ax=axes[1,1 axes[1,1].set_title('AMAZON')

fig.tight_layout()



Daily average return of stocks

```
# We'll use pct_change to find the percent change for each day
for company in company_list:
    company['Daily Return'] = company['Adj Close'].pct_change()
# Then we'll plot the daily return percentage
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2)
fig.set_figheight(8)
fig.set_figwidth(20)
AAPL['Daily Return'].plot(ax=axes[0,0], legend=True,
                                                      marker='o',color='b')
axes[0,0].set_title('APPLE')
GOOG['Daily Return'].plot(ax=axes[0,1], legend=True,
                                                      marker='o',color='g')
axes[0,1].set_title('GOOGLE')
MSFT['Daily Return'].plot(ax=axes[1,0], legend=True, marker='o',color='r')
axes[1,0].set_title('MICROSOFT')
AMZN['Daily Return'].plot(ax=axes[1,1], legend=True, marker='o',color='y')
axes[1,1].set_title('AMAZON')
fig.tight_layout()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 12))

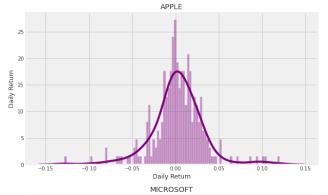
for i, company in enumerate(company_list, 1):
    plt.subplot(2, 2, i)
    sns.distplot(company['Daily Return'].dropna(), bins=100, color='purple')
    plt.ylabel('Daily Return')
    plt.title(f'{company_name[i - 1]}')
```

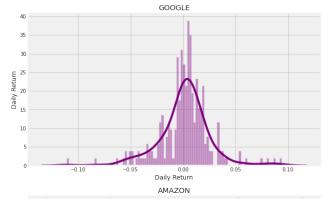
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2551: FutureWarnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2551: FutureWarnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2551: FutureWarnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/seaborn/distributions.py:2551: FutureWarnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)





Correlation between stocks

closing_df = DataReader(tech_list, 'yahoo', start, end)['Adj Close']
closing_df.head()

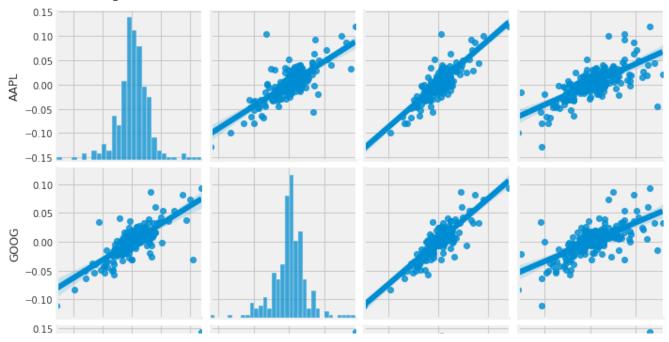
Symbols	AAPL	GOOG	MSFT	AMZN
Date				
2019-11-25	65.486168	1306.689941	149.644714	1773.839966
2019-11-26	64.974815	1313.550049	150.436340	1796.939941
2019-11-27	65.847565	1312.989990	150.723297	1818.510010
2019-11-29	65.702515	1304.959961	149.793152	1800.800049
2019-12-02	64.942841	1289.920044	147.982330	1781.599976

tech_rets = closing_df.pct_change()
tech_rets.head()

Symbols	AAPL	GOOG	MSFT	AMZN
Date				
2019-11-25	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2019-11-26	-0.007809	0.005250	0.005290	0.013023
2019-11-27	0.013432	-0.000426	0.001907	0.012004
2019-11-29	-0.002203	-0.006116	-0.006171	-0.009739
2019-12-02	-0.011562	-0.011525	-0.012089	-0.010662

sns.pairplot(tech_rets, kind='reg')

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7f09bbb2a668>



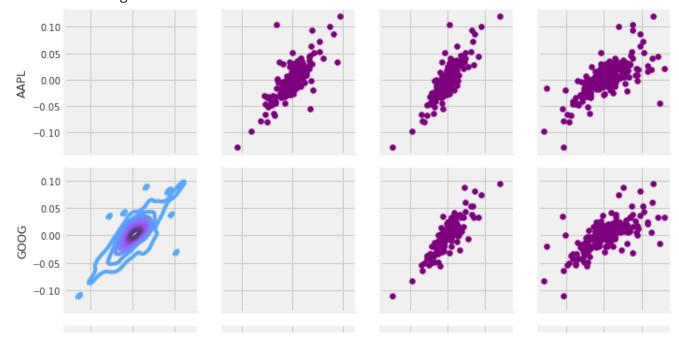
```
# Set up our figure by naming it returns_fig, call PairPLot on the DataFrame
return_fig = sns.PairGrid(tech_rets.dropna())

# Using map_upper we can specify what the upper triangle will look like.
return_fig.map_upper(plt.scatter, color='purple')

# We can also define the lower triangle in the figure, inclufing the plot type (kde)
# or the color map (BluePurple)
return_fig.map_lower(sns.kdeplot, cmap='cool_d')

# Finally we'll define the diagonal as a series of histogram plots of the daily return
return_fig.map_diag(plt.hist, bins=30)
```

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7f09bb3df208>



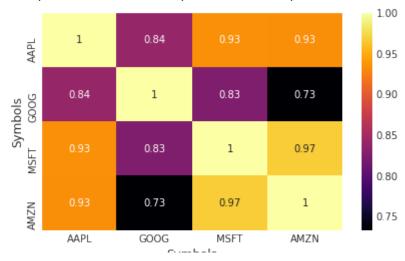
sns.heatmap(tech_rets.corr(), annot=True, cmap='gist_heat_r')

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f09baf53c88>

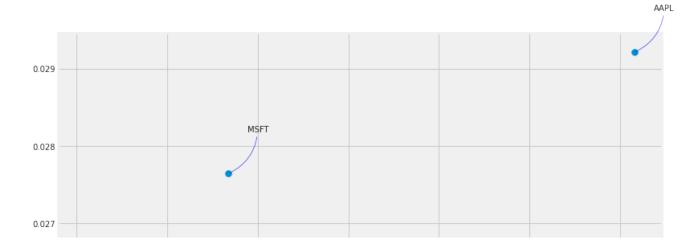


sns.heatmap(closing_df.corr(), annot=True, cmap='inferno')

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f09bae82278>



Risk on a particular stock



#Get the stock quote
df = DataReader('AAPL', data_source='yahoo', start='2012-01-01', end=datetime.now())
#Show teh data
df

	High	Low	0pen	Close	Volume	Adj Close
Date						
2012-01-03	14.732142	14.607142	14.621428	14.686786	302220800.0	12.566676
2012-01-04	14.810000	14.617143	14.642858	14.765715	260022000.0	12.634213
2012-01-05	14.948215	14.738214	14.819643	14.929643	271269600.0	12.774481
2012-01-06	15.098214	14.972143	14.991786	15.085714	318292800.0	12.908023
2012-01-09	15.276786	15.048214	15.196428	15.061786	394024400.0	12.887549
•••						
2020-11-17	120.669998	118.959999	119.550003	119.389999	74271000.0	119.389999
2020-11-18	119.820000	118.000000	118.610001	118.029999	76322100.0	118.029999
2020-11-19	119.059998	116.809998	117.589996	118.639999	74113000.0	118.639999
2020-11-20	118.769997	117.290001	118.639999	117.339996	73391400.0	117.339996
2020-11-23	117.620003	113.750000	117.180000	113.849998	127126400.0	113.849998

2239 rows × 6 columns

```
plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.title('Close Price History')
plt.plot(df['Close'])
plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel('Close Price USD ($)', fontsize=18)
plt.show()
```



```
data = df.filter(['Close'])
#Convert the dataframe to a numpy array
dataset = data.values
#Get the number of rows to train the model on
training_data_len = int(np.ceil( len(dataset) * .8 ))
training_data_len
     1792
#Scale the data
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))
scaled_data = scaler.fit_transform(dataset)
scaled_data
     array([[0.0061488],
             [0.00680527],
             [0.00816869],
             . . . ,
             [0.87075047],
             [0.85993806],
             [0.83091098]])
#Create the training data set
#Create the scaled training data set
train_data = scaled_data[0:int(training_data_len), :]
#Split the data into x_train and y_train data sets
x_{train} = []
y_train = []
for i in range(60, len(train_data)):
    x_train.append(train_data[i-60:i, 0])
    y_train.append(train_data[i, 0])
    if i<= 61:
        print(x_train)
        print(y_train)
        print()
# Convert the x_train and y_train to numpy arrays
x_train, y_train = np.array(x_train), np.array(y_train)
#Reshape the data
x_train = np.reshape(x_train, (x_train.shape[0], x_train.shape[1], 1))
# x_train.shape
```

#Create a new dataframe with only the 'Close column

```
[array([0.0061488 , 0.00680527, 0.00816869, 0.00946678, 0.00926776,
      0.00971629, 0.00951133, 0.00916676, 0.00869744, 0.01014998,
      0.01145994, 0.01105596, 0.00884299, 0.01095496, 0.00887566,
      0.01667305, 0.01607005, 0.01685722, 0.01855928, 0.01959001,
      0.01950387, 0.01918604, 0.02054056, 0.02181487, 0.02325851,
      0.0255903 , 0.03048855 , 0.03056281 , 0.03328967 , 0.03532738 ,
      0.03182524, 0.03317382, 0.03314709, 0.03692846, 0.0363908,
      0.03738589, 0.0391741 , 0.0401692 , 0.04303567, 0.04512389,
      0.04572687, 0.04593778, 0.04236733, 0.04150589, 0.04163362,
      0.04499021, 0.04593482, 0.04796361, 0.05274602, 0.05912652,
      0.0579324 , 0.05793537 , 0.06254846 , 0.06399208 , 0.06296431 ,
      0.06202567, 0.06104839, 0.06429507, 0.06652291, 0.06745562])]
[0.06515055661523342]
[array([0.0061488 , 0.00680527, 0.00816869, 0.00946678, 0.00926776,
      0.00971629, 0.00951133, 0.00916676, 0.00869744, 0.01014998,
      0.01145994, 0.01105596, 0.00884299, 0.01095496, 0.00887566,
      0.01667305, 0.01607005, 0.01685722, 0.01855928, 0.01959001,
      0.01950387, 0.01918604, 0.02054056, 0.02181487, 0.02325851,
      0.0255903 , 0.03048855 , 0.03056281 , 0.03328967 , 0.03532738 ,
      0.03182524, 0.03317382, 0.03314709, 0.03692846, 0.0363908,
      0.03738589, 0.0391741 , 0.0401692 , 0.04303567, 0.04512389,
      0.04572687, 0.04593778, 0.04236733, 0.04150589, 0.04163362,
      0.04499021, 0.04593482, 0.04796361, 0.05274602, 0.05912652,
      0.0579324 , 0.05793537, 0.06254846, 0.06399208, 0.06296431,
      0.00951133, 0.00916676, 0.00869744, 0.01014998, 0.01145994,
      0.01105596, 0.00884299, 0.01095496, 0.00887566, 0.01667305,
      0.01607005, 0.01685722, 0.01855928, 0.01959001, 0.01950387,
      0.01918604, 0.02054056, 0.02181487, 0.02325851, 0.0255903,
      0.03048855, 0.03056281, 0.03328967, 0.03532738, 0.03182524,
      0.03317382, 0.03314709, 0.03692846, 0.0363908, 0.03738589,
      0.0391741 , 0.0401692 , 0.04303567 , 0.04512389 , 0.04572687 ,
      0.04593778, 0.04236733, 0.04150589, 0.04163362, 0.04499021,
      0.04593482, 0.04796361, 0.05274602, 0.05912652, 0.0579324,
      0.05793537, 0.06254846, 0.06399208, 0.06296431, 0.06202567,
      0.06104839, 0.06429507, 0.06652291, 0.06745562, 0.065150561)1
[0.06515055661523342, 0.062088042929699744]
```

Stock portfolio prediction using LSTM

```
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, LSTM

#Build the LSTM model
model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(50, return_sequences=True, input_shape= (x_train.shape[1], 1)))
model.add(LSTM(50, return_sequences= False))
model.add(Dense(25))
model.add(Dense(1))

# Compile the model
```

```
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_squared_error')
#Train the model
model.fit(x_train, y_train, batch_size=1, epochs=1)
     <tensorflow.python.keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f098465c780>
#Create the testing data set
#Create a new array containing scaled values from index 1543 to 2002
test_data = scaled_data[training_data_len - 60: , :]
#Create the data sets x_test and y_test
x_test = []
y_test = dataset[training_data_len:, :]
for i in range(60, len(test_data)):
   x_test.append(test_data[i-60:i, 0])
# Convert the data to a numpy array
x_test = np.array(x_test)
# Reshape the data
x_test = np.reshape(x_test, (x_test.shape[0], x_test.shape[1], 1 ))
# Get the models predicted price values
predictions = model.predict(x_test)
predictions = scaler.inverse_transform(predictions)
# Get the root mean squared error (RMSE)
rmse = np.sqrt(np.mean(((predictions - y_test) ** 2)))
rmse
     8.146286565775492
```

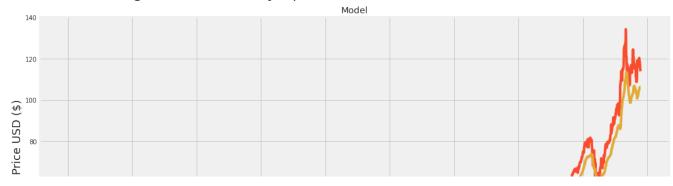
Visualizing Stock Predictions

```
# Plot the data
train = data[:training_data_len]
valid = data[training_data_len:]
valid['Predictions'] = predictions
# Visualize the data
plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
plt.title('Model')
plt.xlabel('Date', fontsize=18)
plt.ylabel('Close Price USD ($)', fontsize=18)
plt.plot(train['Close'])
plt.plot(valid[['Close', 'Predictions']])
plt.legend(['Train', 'Val', 'Predictions'], loc='lower right')
plt.show()
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:4: SettingWithCopyl A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stal after removing the cwd from sys.path.



valid

Close Predictions

Date		
2019-02-19	42.732498	40.538265