

# HEBB NETWORK

## INTRODUCTION

- Hebbian Learning Rule, also known as Hebb Learning Rule, was proposed by Donald O Hebb.
- It is one of the first and also easiest learning rules in the neural network. It is used for pattern classification.
- It is a single layer neural network, i.e. it has one input layer and one output layer. The input layer can have many units, say n.
- The output layer only has one unit. Hebbian rule works by updating the weights between neurons in the neural network for each training sample.
- The weight and bias update in Hebb rule is given by:

$$w_i(\text{new}) = w_i(\text{old}) + x_i y$$

$$b(\text{new}) = b(\text{old}) + y$$

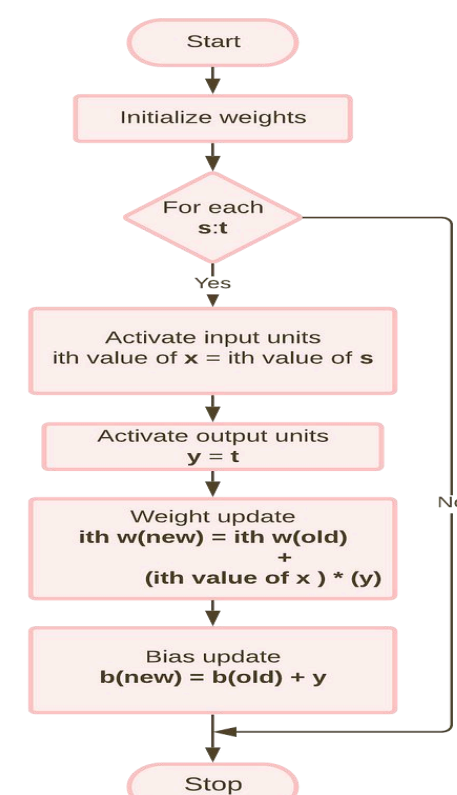
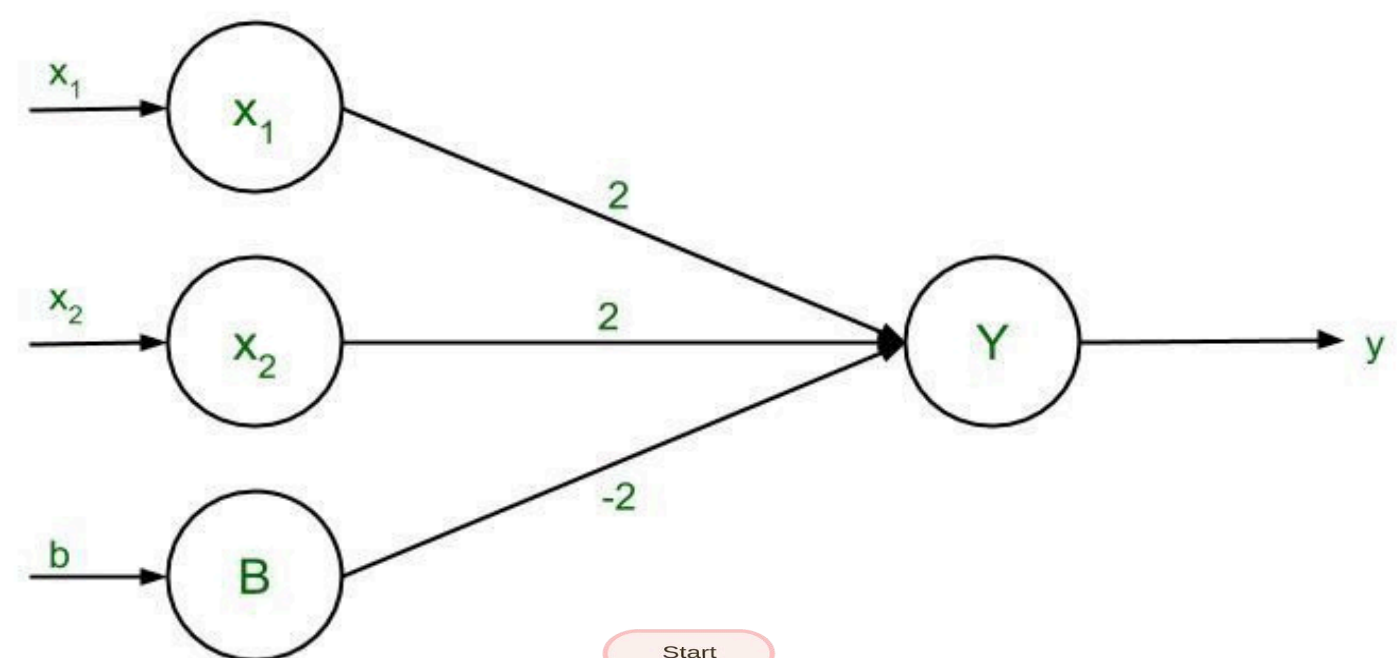
## HEBBIAN LEARNING RULE ALGORITHM

1. Set all weights to zero,  $w_i = 0$  for  $i=1$  to  $n$ , and bias to zero.
2. For each input vector,  $S(\text{input vector}) : t(\text{target output pair})$ , repeat steps 3-5.
3. Set activations for input units with the input vector  $X_i = S_i$  for  $i = 1$  to  $n$ .
4. Set the corresponding output value to the output neuron, i.e.  $y = t$ .
5. Update weight and bias by applying Hebb rule for all  $i = 1$  to  $n$ :

## IMPLEMENTING AND GATE

INPUT				TARGET	
	$x_1$	$x_2$	$b$		$y$
$X_1$	-1	-1	1	$Y_1$	-1
$X_2$	-1	1	1	$Y_2$	-1
$X_3$	1	-1	1	$Y_3$	-1
$X_4$	1	1	1	$Y_4$	1

Truth Table of AND Gate using bipolar sigmoidal function



## Applications of Hebb Networks in Soft Computing

- **1. Pattern Recognition & Associative Memory:** Hebb networks learn to recognize and recall patterns by strengthening synaptic connections with repeated exposure, making them useful for tasks like image/speech recognition and content-addressable memory.
- **2. Data Clustering:** By adjusting weights based on input similarity, Hebb networks cluster similar data, applied in market segmentation, document clustering, and bioinformatics.
- **3. Adaptive Control Systems:** Hebbian learning helps adaptive control systems, such as robotics, by adjusting to environmental feedback for tasks like navigation and control.
- **4. Feature Extraction:** Hebb networks extract key features from data, useful for tasks like dimensionality reduction while preserving essential information.
- **5. Neurobiological & NLP Modeling:** Hebb networks model biological learning processes and are used in NLP for word association and semantic memory by learning word co-occurrences in text.

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