

Prolog programming

Q1) How does the queries in kb.pl file are executed
→

Code:- loves (vincent, mia)
loves (marcellus, mia)
loves (pumpkin, honey-bunny)
loves (honey-bunny, pumpkin)

jealous (X, Y):-
loves (X, Y)
loves (X, Z)

Query:- ? loves (X, mia)

o/p:- X = vincent
X = marcellus

Explanation:- Here as we know vincent loves mia as well as marcellus loves mia. Thus the kb assume that X is either vincent or marcellus

Query 2:- ? jealous (X, Y)

o/p:- X = Y, X = vincent
X = vincent
Y = marcellus
X = marcellus
X = Y, Y = marcellus
X = Y, Y = pumpkin

$x = y, y = \text{Money-bunny}$

Explanation :- As there is no fixed parameter in query. The query will produce output of every jealous (x, y) pair on our program code. The jealous () rule follow

Jealous (x, y) :- loves (x, z), loves (y, z)
initially, x and y both were associated to vincent i.e self association. It then follow relative property for the rest of the program code.

Q 2 → How does the queries in lists.pl file are executed

Code :- Suffix (xs, ys)
append ($-, ys, xs$)

Prefix (xs, ys)
append ($ys, -, xs$)

Sublist (xs, ys)
suffix (xs, zs)
prefix (zs, ys)

rev ($[], []$)
rev ($[H|T], L$) :-
rev (T, L)
append ($T, [H], L$)

Query 1: ? Sublist ([a, b, c, d, e], [c, d])

O/p:- True

Explanation:- A Sublist procedure look for a match between the first element of the Sublist & the main-list. Here [c, d] is the Sublist of the mainlist [a, b, c, d, e]. As the main list contain the Sublist [c, d] the output is true Else the output would have been false

Query 2:- ? Suffix ([a, b, c], zs)

O/p:-

zs = [a, b, c]

zs = [b, c]

zs = [c]

zs = []

false

Explanation:- Suffix in general eliminate the front element from a list Here by using Suffix procedure [a, b, c] element are removed from a and continue until all the element are removed. As there are no more element in the list the o/p will displayed as 'false'.

Q3 programming create a prolog code to find factorial of a number

→

Code factorial(0,1):-
factorial(N,F):-

$N > 0,$

N_1 is $N-1$

factorial(N_1 , F_1)

N is $N * F_1$

Query:- ? factorial(3,w)

O/p:- $w = 6$

Q4 In example data set movies.pl write query string and result of query execute for any of 5 task

a In which year was the movie American Beauty released

Query : ?- movie(american-beauty, Y)

O/p:- $Y = 1999$

b find the movies released in year 2000

Query: ? movie(M, 2000)

O/p:- $M = \text{down_from_the_mountain}$

$M = \text{B_Batter_where_art_thou}$

$M = \text{ghost_world}$

c) find movie released before 2000

Query: ? - movie (m, y), $y < 2000$

o/p:-

m = american_beauty

y = 1999

m = anna

y = 1987

m = barton_fink

y = 1991

d) find the movie released after 1990

Query: ? - movie (m, y) $y > 1990$

o/p:- m = american_beauty

y = 1999

m = barton_fink

y = 1991

e) find a director of a movie in which Scarlett Johansson appeared

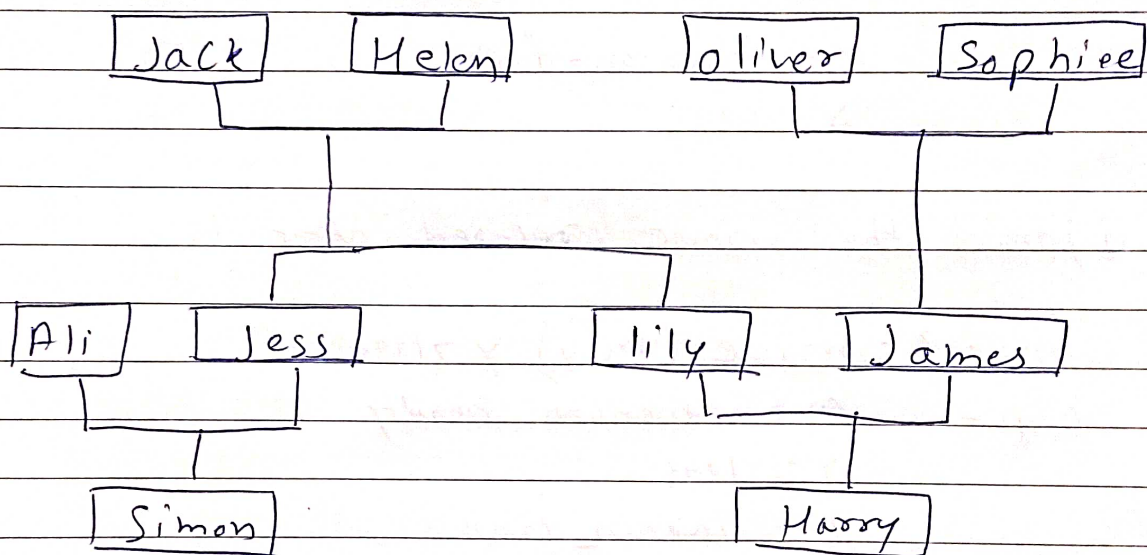
Query:- actress (m, Scarlett-Johansson), director (m, n)

o/p:- n = peter_webber

m = girl_with_a_pearl_earring

Qs Draw a family tree of you (any arbitrary family) which has the following relation mother, father, daughter, son, grandson, grand mother, sibling, person, male, female - you need to convert into KS & write atleast 6 queries & query result on your KB

→ Diagram



~~Fig~~ family Tree

Query1:- ? mother_of (x, Jess)

o/p:- x = helen

Query2:- ? parent_of (x, Simon)

o/p:- x = Jess

Query 3:- ? - sister - of (x, lily)

O/p:- x = Jess'

Query 4:- ? - parent - of (x, harry)

O/p:- x = lily

x = James

Query 5:- ? - aunt - of (x, simon)

O/p:- x = lily

Query 6:- ? grand father - of (x, harry)

O/p:- x = Jack