

# DA Assignment (Rushil Patel) (2019140047)

Q1] Calculating all prior and posterior probabilities.

~~→ Prior probabilities:~~

(N/A) (N/A) (N/A) (N/A)

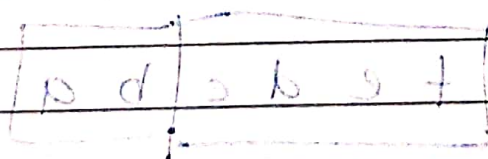
	Attribute	On time	Late	Very late	Cancelled
Day:	Weekday	$9/14 = 0.64$	$1/2 = 0.5$	$3/3 = 1.0$	$0/1 = 0$
	Saturday	$2/14 = 0.14$	$1/2 = 0.5$	$0/3 = 0$	$1/1 = 1$
	Sunday	$1/4 = 0.07$	$0/2 = 0$	$0/3 = 0$	$0/1 = 0$
	Holiday	$2/14 = 0.14$	$0/2 = 0$	$0/3 = 0$	$0/1 = 0$

Season:	Spring	$4/14 = 0.29$	$0/2 = 0$	$0/3 = 0$	$0/1 = 0$
	Summer	$6/14 = 0.43$	$0/2 = 0$	$0/3 = 0$	$0/1 = 0$
	Autumn	$2/14 = 0.14$	$0/2 = 0$	$1/3 = 0.33$	$0/1 = 0$
	Winter	$2/14 = 0.14$	$2/2 = 1$	$2/3 = 0.66$	$0/1 = 0$

Fog:	None	$5/14 = 0.36$	$0/2 = 0$	$0/3 = 0$	$0/1 = 0$
	High	$4/14 = 0.29$	$1/2 = 0.5$	$1/3 = 0.33$	$1/1 = 1$
	Normal	$5/14 = 0.36$	$1/2 = 0.5$	$2/3 = 0.67$	$0/1 = 0$

Rain:	None	$5/14 = 0.36$	$1/2 = 0.5$	$1/3 = 0.33$	$0/1 = 0$
	Slight	$8/14 = 0.57$	$0/2 = 0$	$0/3 = 0$	$0/1 = 0$
	Heavy	$1/14 = 0.07$	$1/2 = 0.5$	$2/3 = 0.67$	$1/1 = 1$

Prior probability	$14/20$	$2/20$	$3/20$	$1/20$
	$= 0.70$	$= 0.10$	$= 0.15$	$= 0.05$



Instance: Weekday, Winter, High, None

??

Case 1

Class = on time

$$= (0.7) (0.64) (0.14) (0.29) (0.36)$$

$$= 6.547 \times 10^{-3}$$

Case 2

Class = Late

$$= (0.1) (0.50) (1.0) (0.5) (0.5)$$

$$= 0.0125$$

Case 3

Class = Very late

$$= (0.15) (1.0) (0.67) (0.33) (0.33)$$

$$= 0.0109$$

$$25.08 + 11.15 + 1.251 + 44.425 =$$

Case 4

Class = Cancelled

$$= (0.05) (0.0) (0.0) (1.0) (0)$$

Case 2 is strongest = and (Hence

instance will be categorized under

class "Late"



Q2]  $H_0$ : Preferred reading and gender are not correlated in the grp.  
 $H_1$ : Both are correlated

$\Rightarrow$  Computing  $\chi^2$  value,

$$\chi^2 = \frac{\text{count}(A=a_i) \times \text{count}(B=b_j)}{n}$$

$$(2 \cdot 0)(2 \cdot 0)(0 \cdot 1)(0 \cdot 2 \cdot 0)(1 \cdot 0) - n$$

$$\chi^2 = \frac{(250 - 90)^2}{90} + \frac{(50 - 210)^2}{210}$$

$$+ \frac{(200 - 360)^2}{360} + \frac{(1000 - 840)^2}{840}$$

$$= 284.44 + 121.9 + 71.11 + 30.48$$

For  $(2 \times 2)$  table degree of freedom are

$$(2-1)(2-1) = 1$$

For 1 degree of freedom,  $\chi^2$  value needed to reject the hypothesis at 0.001 significance level is 10.828 (took from  $\chi^2$  distribution)

Since, the computed value is above this, we can reject the null hypothesis that gender and preferred reading are independent.

$\therefore$  we conclude that 2 attributes are correlated for given group

$$\text{formula: } \chi^2 = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{(O_{ij} - E_{ij})^2}{E_{ij}}$$