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PyTorch offers powerful features to create and interlink neural networks, which are key elements in understanding modern artificial intelligence. We explored creating a multi-layer perceptron using PyTorch's `nn.Module` class and then passed a tensor into it and received the output.

Quiz Question



These are the correct matches.

`nn.Module`

Fundamental building block

`nn.Linear`

Fully connected layer

`nn.ReLU`

Non-linear activation function

forward method

Defines forward computation

Code Example

```

import torch.nn as nn

class MLP(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, input_size):
        super(MLP, self).__init__()
        self.hidden_layer = nn.Linear(input_size, 64)
        self.output_layer = nn.Linear(64, 2)
        self.activation = nn.ReLU()

    def forward(self, x):
        x = self.activation(self.hidden_layer(x))
        return self.output_layer(x)

model = MLP(input_size=10)
print(model)
# MLP(
#   (hidden_layer): Linear(in_features=10, out_features=64, bias=True)
#   (output_layer): Linear(in_features=64, out_features=2, bias=True)
#   (activation): ReLU()
# )

model.forward(torch.rand(10))
# tensor([0.2294, 0.2650], grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)

```

Resources

[PyTorch nn tutorial](#)

[PyTorch nn documentation](#)

[torch.nn.Module documentation](#)

[torch.nn.Linear documentation](#)

[torch.nn.ReLU documentation](#)