

THE SWASHBUCKLING SPELLING GAME

A GAME BY

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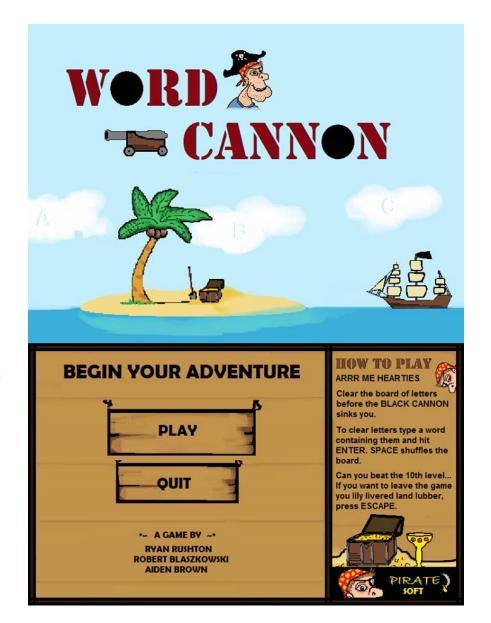
## **DESIGN**

- SIMPLE
- **ENGAGING**
- COLOURFUL
- FLAVOURFUL
- CORRECT SIZE



#### **DESIGN**

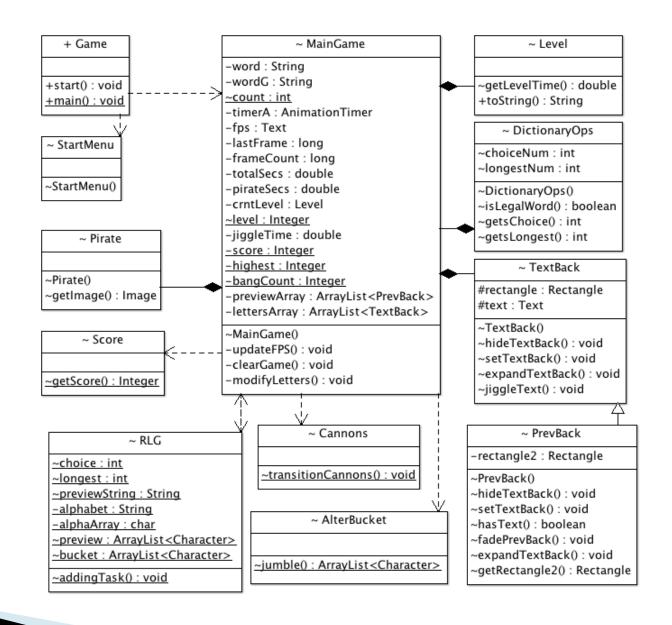
- Menu system
- Separate window
- Restart the game without leaving the application
- Keeps best score for current session



#### **DESIGN**

- Pirate Pete helps
- Interesting animation
- Original artwork
- Original Music
- High Score System





#### **TextBack**

```
class TextBack extends Group{
                                                                     /*This makes the TextBack's expand out into the screen when they are added to the bucket*/
                                                                    void expandTextBack(double secs, Level level) {
    protected Rectangle rectangle;
                                                                        double fadeTime = Math.exp((secs-level.getLevelTime()));
    protected Text text;
                                                                        rectangle.setWidth(57*( fadeTime));
                                                                        rectangle.setHeight(51*( fadeTime));
    /*Creates a yellow rectangle with text centered in it*/
                                                                        text.setWrappingWidth(rectangle.getWidth());
    TextBack(int x, int y) {
                                                                        text.setX(rectangle.getX()+rectangle.getWidth()/2-fadeTime*31);
         this.rectangle = new Rectangle(57.51);
                                                                        text.setY(rectangle.getY()+rectangle.getHeight()/2-fadeTime*30);
         this.rectangle.setFill(Color.YELLOW);
                                                                        text.setFont(Font.font("Comic Sans MS", FontWeight.NORMAL, 42*(fadeTime)));
         this.rectangle.setOpacity(0.8);
         this.rectangle.setX(x);
         this.rectangle.setY(y);
                                                                     /*This makes the letters bounce around in the yellow rectangle.
         this.getChildren().add(rectangle);
                                                                     *Rather then defining boundaries and having if statements to change direction
         this.text = new Text();
                                                                     *it uses the fact that a sin function is bounded by 1 and -1 to keep the
         this.text.setX(x);
                                                                     *letters straying too far from center.
         this.text.setY(y);
                                                                     *Also note the exponential decay is used to make them settle back down to center.*/
         this.text.setFill(Color.BLACK);
                                                                     void jiggleText(double secs, Level level){
         this.text.setTextAlignment(TextAlignment.CENTER);
                                                                        double x1 = rectangle.getX()+rectangle.getWidth()/2-31;
         this.text.setTextOrigin(VPos.TOP);
                                                                        double v1 = rectangle.getY()+rectangle.getHeight()/2-30;
         this.text.setOpacity(1.0);
                                                                        double fadeTime = Math.exp((-secs));
         this.getChildren().add(text);
                                                                        text.setX(x1 + 5*fadeTime*Math.sin(30*secs)*Math.random());
                                                                        text.setY(v1 + 5*fadeTime*Math.sin(30*secs)*Math.random());
```

#### MainGame

- Uses Event Handlers.
- Uses Animation Timers.
- Incorporates all other classes.

# Random Letter Generator

- Followed the letter distribution of Scrabble
  - Provides a stochastic implementation of letter delivery.
- More natural letter occurrence

## Random Letter Generator

```
if(preview.size() == 2 && preview.get(0) == preview.get(1)) {
    ArrayList<Character> reducedList = new ArrayList<Character>();
    char[] reduced = alphabet.toCharArray();
    for(int i = 0; i < reduced.length; i++) {
        reducedList.add(reduced[i]);
    }
    while(reducedList.contains(preview.get(1))) {
        reducedList.remove(preview.get(1));
    }
    preview.remove(1);
    preview.add(reducedList.get(rand.nextInt(reducedList.size())));
}</pre>
```

- Makes sure that there are vowels within your RLG
- Makes sure that letters are not repeated

# Scoring

```
for(int i =0; i< word.length(); i++){</pre>
                                                               String onestring = "eaiounrtlsu":
                                                               ArrayList<Character> onepoint = new ArrayList<Character>();
    if (onepoint.contains (word.charAt(i))) {
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < onestring.length(); i ++) {</pre>
                                                                  onepoint.add(onestring.charAt(i));
         currentscore = currentscore + 1;
                                                               String twostring = "dg":
                                                               ArrayList<Character> twopoint = new ArrayList<Character>();
    else if(twopoint.contains(word.charAt(i))){
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < twostring.length(); i ++){
         currentscore = currentscore + 2:
                                                                  twopoint.add(twostring.charAt(i));
                                                               String threestring = "bcmp";
    else if(threepoint.contains(word.charAt(i))){
                                                              ArrayList<Character> threepoint = new ArrayList<Character>();
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < threestring.length(); i ++){
         currentscore = currentscore + 4:
                                                                  threepoint.add(threestring.charAt(i));
                                                               String fourstring = "fhvwy";
    else if(fourpoint.contains(word.charAt(i))){
                                                               ArrayList<Character> fourpoint = new ArrayList<Character>();
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < fourstring.length(); i ++) {
         currentscore = currentscore + 4:
                                                                  fourpoint.add(fourstring.charAt(i));
    else if(fivepoint.contains(word.charAt(i))){
                                                               String fivestring = "k";
                                                               ArrayList<Character> fivepoint = new ArrayList<Character>();
         currentscore = currentscore + 5:
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < fivestring.length(); i ++) {
                                                                  fivepoint.add(fivestring.charAt(i));
    else if(eightpoint.contains(word.charAt(i))){
                                                               String eightstring = "jx";
                                                               ArravList<Character> eightpoint = new ArravList<Character>();
         currentscore = currentscore + 8:
                                                               for(int i = 0; i < eightstring.length(); i ++){</pre>
                                                                  eightpoint.add(eightstring.charAt(i));
    else if(tenpoint.contains(word.charAt(i))){
                                                               String tenstring = "qz";
         currentscore = currentscore + 10;
                                                               ArrayList<Character> tenpoint = new ArrayList<Character>();
                                                               for (int i = 0; i < tenstring.length(); i ++) {
```

- Uses a scoring system similar to Scrabble.
- Scoring is competitive. Players rewarded for advanced words
- High Score gives replay value.

# The Brains of Pete

Displays the Choice and Longest functions

```
DictionaryOps operation = new DictionaryOps();
  choice = operation.getsChoice(bucket);
  longest = operation.getsLongest(bucket);
  previewString = preview.toString();

final Text stats = new Text(200,944, ("Pick one of 0 words, the longest is 0 ya scurvy dog"));
  stats.setFont(Font.font("Comic Sans MS", FontWeight.NORMAL, 18));
  stats.setFill(Color.BLUE);
  stats.setWrappingWidth(390);
  stats.setOpacity(1.0);
  root.getChildren().add(stats);
```

```
int getsLongest (ArrayList<Character> bucketlist) {
   longestNum = 0;
   InputStream dict = getClass().getResourceAsStream("dictionary.txt");
   BufferedReader dictionary = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(dict));
   String line:
       while((line = dictionary.readLine()) != null) {
           ArravList<Character> wordlist = new ArravList<Character>();
           for (int i = 0; i < line.length(); i++){}
               wordlist.add(line.charAt(i));
           if (bucketlist.containsAll(wordlist)) {
               for(int i = 0; i < bucketlist.size(); i++){
                    wordlist.remove(bucketlist.get(i));
               if(wordlist.size() == 0 && line.length() > longestNum) {
   } catch (IOException e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
       dictionary.close();
    } catch (IOException e) +
       e.printStackTrace();
   return longestNum;
int getsChoice (ArrayList<Character> bucketlist) {
    choiceNum = 0:
    /*Scans in the dictionary file*/
    InputStream dict = getClass().getResourceAsStream("dictionary.txt");
    BufferedReader dictionary = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(dict));
    String line;
    /*While the file has a new line it adds each character of the word in the next
        while((line = dictionary.readLine()) != null){
            ArrayList<Character> dictionaryList = new ArrayList<Character>();
            for (int. i = 0: i < line.length(): <math>i++) (
                dictionaryList.add(line.charAt(i));
            /*If the ArravList above is contained within the bucket we remove each
             * the ArrayList (note if the ArrayList does not contain a char it doe
             * ArrayList is empty after this we know that each letter of the bucke
             * we can increment the number of choices by 1
             * After this has been done for each word in the file we return choice
            if (bucketlist.containsAll(dictionaryList)) {
                for(int i = 0; i < bucketlist.size(); i++){</pre>
                    dictionaryList.remove(bucketlist.get(i));
                if(dictionaryList.isEmpty()){
                    choiceNum++:
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    trv {
        dictionary.close();
```

# Project features

- Correct sizing within JavaFX
- RLG is not simply random
- Modified scoring systems
- Level system
- High score system
- Menu system
- Engaging game play with animation, music and a consentient themes
- Runs at ~60fps