

Application note

N32G45x&N32G4FR&N32WB452 series BOOT Jump application

note

Introduction

N32G45x, N32G4FR, N32WB452 series MCU embedded boot program (BOOT), stored in System Memory, used to reprogram user program (FLASH) through USART1 or all USB-FS interface (full speed USB device, DFU protocol).

Nations technologies MCU series products provide a variety of starting mode, can be selected by BOOT0, BOOT1 pin. In practice, the MCU is usually set to Flash boot mode (BOOT0=0). If you want to use the embedded bootstrap program, you must change the MCU to System Memory boot mode (BOOT0=1, BOOT1=0) and then power it on again. For details on the startup mode, refer to the corresponding user manual.

This document describes a BOOT jump method to enable users to use the embedded bootstrap mode without changing the BOOT mode.

This document applies to the N32G452 series, N32G455 series, N32G457 series, N32G4FR series, and N32WB452 series of Nations Technologies.

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1. Hardware requirements

Currently, bootstrap programs embedded in MCU only support USART1 or USB-FS interface, and the corresponding IO ports are PA9/PA10 (USART1) and PA11/PA12 (USB) respectively. Ensure that the port connection is available before use.

2. Operation method

2.1 Parameters definition

2.1.1 Function pointer

A function pointer type must be defined in advance: typedef void (*pFunction)(void);

2.1.2 Necessary parameters

The following parameters must be defined:

```
#define SRAM BASE ADDR
                                    (0x20000000)
#define SRAM_SIZE
                                    (0x20000)
#define SRAM_VECTOR_WORD_SIZE
                                  (64)
#define SRAM_VECTOR_ADDR
                                    (SRAM_BASE_ADDR+SRAM_SIZE-0x100)
#define BOOT_MARK1_ADDR
                                                   /* BOOT NVIC */
                                    (0x1FFFF2D0)
                                                   /* BOOT Code */
#define BOOT MARK2 ADDR
                                    (0x1FFFF288)
#define BOOT_MARK3_ADDR
                                    (0x40024C00)
```

Note:

- 1) SRAM_BASE_ADDR is the start ADDRESS of the SRAM, and SRAM_SIZE is the size of the SRAM, which needs to be changed based on the chip SRAM resources. The user must reserve the last 0x100 bytes of SRAM for BOOT jump.
- 2) Other parameters cannot be modified.
- 3) The default parameter values are applicable to most applications and do not need to be modified.

2.2 Method of use

2.2.1 System Clock Setting

Refer to the following functions to set the system clock to 72MHz and use HSI+PLL as the clock source.

```
void SetSysClock_HSI_PLL(void)
{
    /* It is necessary to initialize the RCC peripheral to the reset state.*/
    RCC_DeInit();
```



```
/* Enable HSI
               */
RCC_EnableHsi(ENABLE);
while (RCC_GetFlagStatus(RCC_FLAG_HSIRD) == RESET)
{
        If HSI failed to start-up, the clock configuration must be wrong.
        User can add some code here to dela with this problem
}
/* Enable ex mode */
RCC EnableAPB1PeriphClk(RCC APB1 PERIPH PWR,ENABLE);
PWR->CTRL3 = (uint32 t)0x00000001;
/* Enable ICACHE and Prefetch Buffer */
FLASH_SetLatency(FLASH_LATENCY_2);
FLASH_PrefetchBufSet(FLASH_PrefetchBuf_EN);
FLASH_iCacheCmd(FLASH_iCache_EN);
/* AHB prescaler factor set to 1,HCLK = SYSCLK = 72M
                                                      */
RCC_ConfigHclk(RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1);
/* APB2 prescaler factor set to 1,PCLK2 = HCLK/1 = 72M
RCC_ConfigPclk2(RCC_HCLK_DIV1);
/* APB1 prescaler factor set to 2,PCLK1 = HCLK/2 = 36M
RCC_ConfigPclk1(RCC_HCLK_DIV2);
/* Config PLL */
RCC_ConfigPll(RCC_PLL_SRC_HSI_DIV2, RCC_PLL_MUL_18);
/* Enable PLL */
RCC_EnablePll(ENABLE);
```



```
while (RCC_GetFlagStatus(RCC_FLAG_PLLRD) == RESET)
    }
   /* Switch PLL clock to SYSCLK. */
   RCC_ConfigSysclk(RCC_SYSCLK_SRC_PLLCLK);
   while (RCC_GetSysclkSrc() != RCC_CFG_SCLKSTS_PLL)
    }
}
```

2.2.2 API functions

```
program (BOOT)
void Jump_To_BOOT(void)
{
    uint32_t i,*pVec,*pMark;
    uint32_t BootAddr,SPAddr;
    /* Disable all interrupt */
    __disable_irq();
    /* Config IWDG */
    IWDG_ReloadKey();
```

By calling the following API (Jump_To_BOOT), the MCU jumps directly to the bootstrap

pMark = (uint32_t *)(BOOT_MARK3_ADDR);

*pMark = $(uint32_t)0x00000011$;

/* Config MMU */

IWDG_WriteConfig(IWDG_WRITE_ENABLE);

IWDG_SetPrescalerDiv(IWDG_PRESCALER_DIV256);

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```
/* Config system clock as 72M with HSI and PLL
SetSysClock_HSI_PLL();
/* Reset peripheral used by boot */
USART DeInit(USART1);
GPIO_DeInit(GPIOA);
RCC\_Enable APB1 Periph Reset (RCC\_APB1\_PERIPH\_USB, ENABLE);
RCC_EnableAPB1PeriphReset(RCC_APB1_PERIPH_USB, DISABLE);
/* Init vector */
pVec = (uint32_t *)SRAM_VECTOR_ADDR;
for(i=0;i<SRAM_VECTOR_WORD_SIZE;i++)
    pVec[i] = 0;
/* Get SP addr */
SPAddr = (*((uint32_t *)BOOT_MARK2_ADDR));
/* Get usefull fuction addr */
pMark = (uint32_t *)BOOT_MARK1_ADDR;
if(*pMark !/*BOOT V2.3 and above*/
{
    BootAddr
                                        = pMark[0];
    pVec[SysTick_IRQn+16]
                                        = pMark[1];
    pVec[USART1_IRQn+16]
                                        = pMark[2];
    pVec[USB_LP_CAN1_RX0_IRQn+16] = pMark[3];
    pVec[RTC_IRQn+16]
                                        = pMark[4];
}
else
{
```



}

```
if(SPAddr != 0 XFFFFFFFF) / * BOOT V2.2 * /
    {
        pVec[SysTick_IRQn+16]
                                           = 0x1FFF0A67;
        pVec[USART1_IRQn+16]
                                           = 0x1FFF0A9F;
        pVec[USB\_LP\_CAN1\_RX0\_IRQn+16] = 0x1FFF0ACF;
        pVec[RTC_IRQn+16]
                                            = 0x1FFF0AD3;
        BootAddr
                                            = 0x1FFF00D9;
    }
    The else / * BOOT V2.1 * /
    {
        pVec[SysTick_IRQn+16]
                                           = 0x1FFF10D7;
        pVec[USART1_IRQn+16]
                                           = 0x1FFF115D;
        pVec[USB\_LP\_CAN1\_RX0\_IRQn+16] = 0x1FFF117F;
        pVec[RTC_IRQn+16]
                                            = 0x1FFF1183;
        pVec[EXTI15_10_IRQn+16]
                                            = 0x1FFF10ED;
        BootAddr
                                            = 0x1FFF0101;
                                            = 0x20008690;
        SPAddr
}
/* Enable interrupt */
__enable_irq();
/* Jump to boot */
pFunction JumpBoot = (pFunction)BootAddr;
__set_MSP(SPAddr);
SCB->VTOR = SRAM_VECTOR_ADDR;
JumpBoot();
```



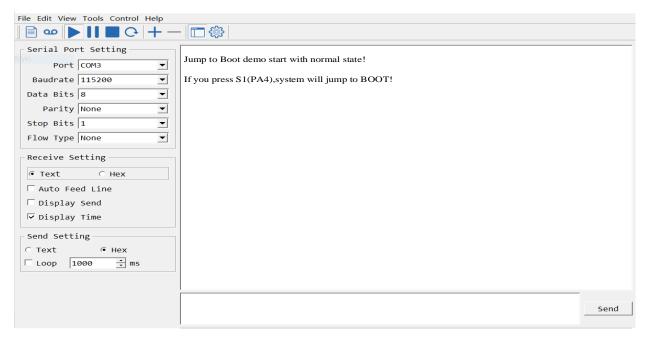
2.3 The sample application

With reference to the sample software package Nations.n32G45X_Bootjump, it demonstrates how to jump to BOOT. After the jump is successful, the program can be updated through USART1 or USB interface. Pass the test on BOOT V2.1 and V2.2.

2.3.1 The BOOT V2.1 test

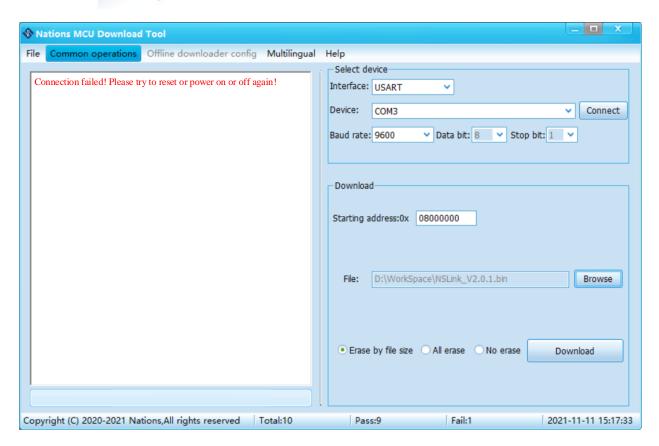
Based on N32G45XCL-STB, the test process is demonstrated.

1. Under KEIL, change the chip model to N32G455CCL7. After compiling, burn it to the development board. Connect PC and J4 through USB cable, turn on the power supply, and check the prompt information through serial port tool on PC.

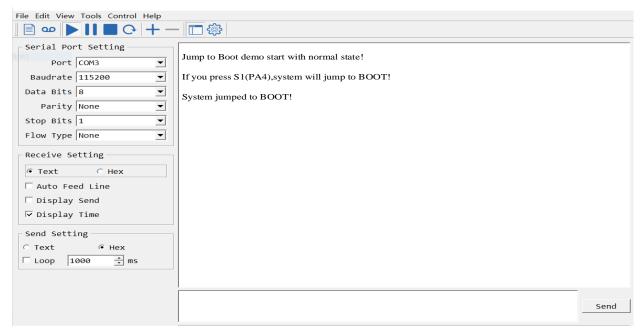


2. Close the serial port in the serial port Tool, open the BOOT download tool "Nations MCU Download Tool", and select the corresponding serial port connection. A message is displayed indicating that the connection fails.



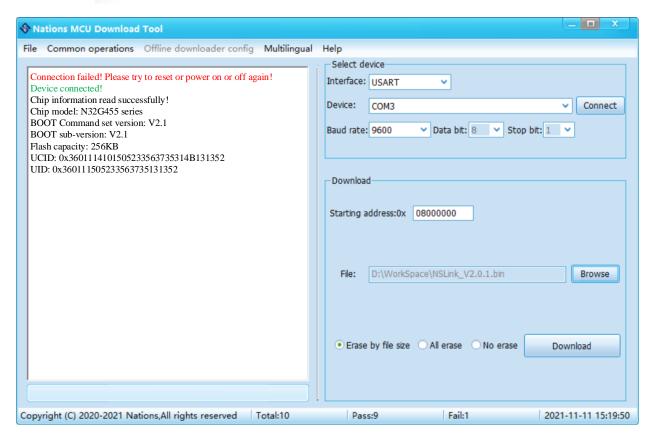


Open the serial port in the serial port tool and press KEY1 to switch to BOOT.



Close the serial port again in the serial port tool, and the connection is successful through the BOOT download tool, as shown in the following figure.

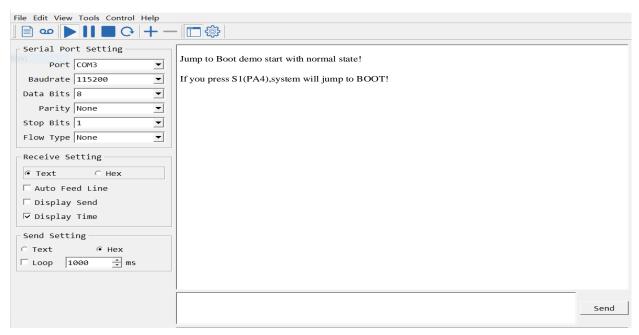




2.3.2 The BOOT V2.2 test

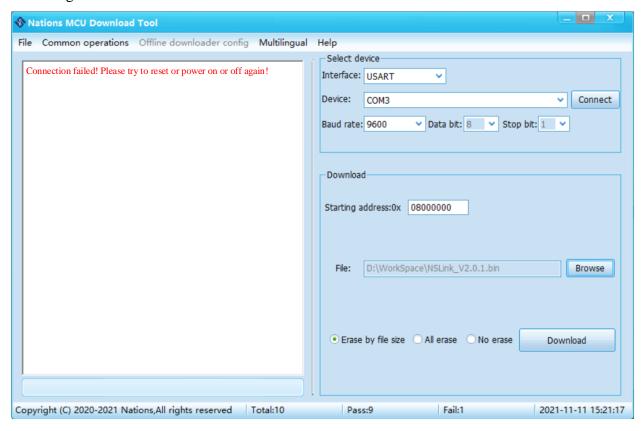
Based on N32G4FRKQ-STB, the test process is demonstrated.

1. Under KEIL, change the chip model to N32G4FRKQL7, After compiling, burn it to the development board, connect PC and J4 through USB cable, turn on the power supply, you can view the prompt information through serial port tool on PC.

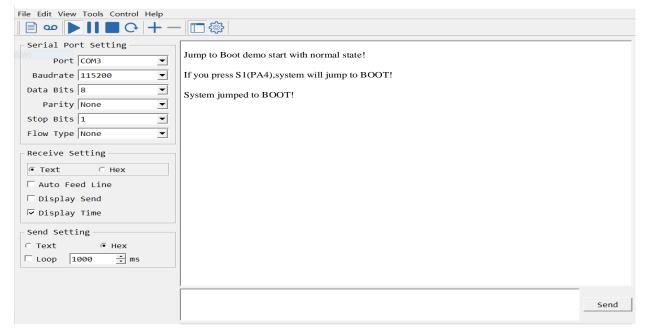




Close the serial port in the serial port Tool, open the BOOT download tool "Nations MCU Download Tool", and select the corresponding serial port connection. A message is displayed indicating that the connection fails.

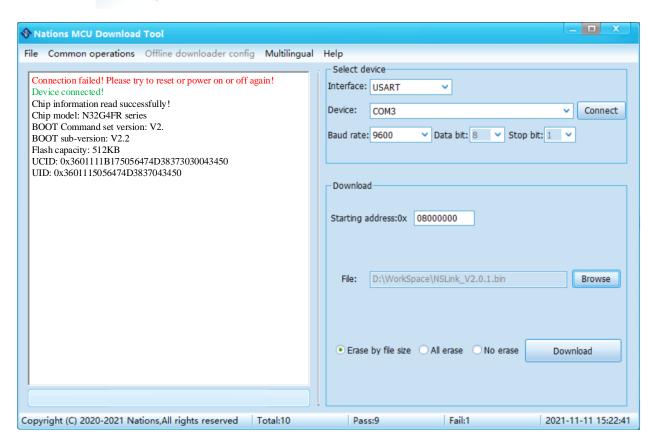


Open the serial port in the serial port tool and press KEY1 to switch to BOOT.



Close the serial port again in the serial port tool, and the connection is successful through the BOOT download tool, as shown in the following figure.







3. Version history

Version	Date	Modify
V1.0	2021-2-6	Create a document
V1.1	2021-3-4	Optimize routines and add test process
, _,_		demonstrations.



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