Incorrect order of appears everywhere. Text can be viewed in documents, images, videos, etc. Extracting text from images and videos can provide extra information which helps with understanding more about them. This idea can be utilized in different computer vision tasks, such as image-based search [1], [2], robots navigation [3], [2] and industrial automation [4], [2]. Optical Character Recognition (OCR) is the process of converting an image of text into a machine-readable text. By having machine-readable text, the mentioned computer vision problems can become easier to solve. Recognizing text in natural scenes, also known as Scene Text Recognition (STR), is usually considong sentence and hard to follow ered as a special form of OCR which is camera-based OCR [5]. Text detection and recognition in images, which is the main focus of STR, initially involved researchers designing features by hand which is slow and inaccurate mostly because of characteristics such as complex text background, varying text, environment noise, etc. Deep learning methods help profoundly in tackling STR. These methods can automatically

Text is an important way of communication and comprehension for humans. Text

So",... does not sound aca

There are fundamental problems in the field of STR: text localization, text verification, text detection, text segmentation, text recognition, end-to-end systems, text enhancement and text tracking. Text localization aims to localize text components and group them into candidate text regions. Text localization focuses on text and

extract insightful features and handle the mentioned characteristics much better So,

the whole process will be faster and text detection/recognition will be more accurate

[2].

What does "follows" re

Repetitive, lack

tries to include as little background as possible. Text verification focuses on verifying text candidate regions as text or non-text. Text verification usually follows text localization to reduce false positives. Text detection determines whether text is present using text localization and text verification techniques. Text detection focuses on text presence. Text segmentation is a challenging problem which not only determines recognition translates a text instance image into a target string sequence which is the goal of STR. End-to-end systems can directly convert all text regions into target string sequences. These systems usually include text detection, text recognition, and postprocessing. Text enhancement recovers degraded text, improves text resolution, removes the distortions of text, removes the background, etc. Text enhancement can be used as a preprocessing method and help considerably in text recognition. Text tracking centers around maintaining text location integrity and tracking text across adjacent frames in a video [5]. There are proposed solutions to each of these problems

uses casual lar

Deep learning methods have achieved the best results when tackling these problems and are considered the default. However, there is still so much room for improvement. STR is still a non-trivial and challenging task and researchers are looking for possible enhancements.

but still each of these problems are active areas of research.

Needs some evidence

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