For full credit, you must show all work and circle your final answer.

1 (2.5 point) Find the Laplace transform of the periodic function below.

 $f(t) = e^t$ , 0 < t < 1, and f(t) has period 1.

$$f_{\Gamma}(t) = e^{t} \prod_{o, i} = e^{t} [u(t) - u(t-1)]$$

$$F_{\Gamma}(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f_{\Gamma}(s)\} = \mathcal{L}\{e^{t}u(t)\} - \mathcal{L}\{e^{t}u(t-1)\}$$

$$\Rightarrow F_{r}(s) = e^{-0s} \int_{s} \{e^{tt}\} - e^{-s} \int_{s} \{e^{tt}\}$$

$$F_{r}(s) = \frac{1}{s-1} - \frac{e^{-s+1}}{s}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{F_{\tau}(s)}{1 - e^{-s\tau}}$$
  $\Rightarrow$   $F(s) = \frac{1 - e^{-s\tau}}{(s-1)(1 - e^{-s})}$ 

2 (a) (1.5 points) Show that

$$2\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}a_nx^{n+1} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty}nb_nx^{n-1} = b_1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\left[2a_{n-1} + (n+1)b_{n+1}\right]x^n$$
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$$2 \sum_{K=1}^{\infty} Q_{K-1} \times^{K} + \sum_{K=0}^{\infty} (KH) b_{K+1} \times^{K}$$

$$= b_{1} + \sum_{K=1}^{\infty} (K+1)b_{K+1} \times^{K} + 2 \sum_{K=1}^{\infty} Q_{K+1} \times^{K}$$

$$= b_{1} + \sum_{K=1}^{\infty} [(K+1)b_{K+1} + 2Q_{K+1}] \times^{K}$$

(b) (1 points) Given

$$\sin(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{(2k+1)!} x^{2k+1},$$

find a power series for cos(x). (Show work, do not simply write an answer.)

$$(05(X) = \sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{N_{-0}}} \frac{(1)^{K}}{(2K+1)!} \times^{2K+1} = \sqrt[4]{(X-\frac{X^{3}}{3!}+\frac{X^{5}}{5!}+\cdots)}$$

= 
$$\frac{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k}{(2k+1)!} (2k+1) \overset{2k}{X}^k$$
 Since the series  
=  $\frac{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k}{(2k+1)!} \times \overset{2k}{X}^{2k}$  index shift is  
 $\frac{\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k}{(2k+1)!} \times \overset{2k}{X}^{2k}$  index shift is

University of Florida Honor Code:

On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid in doing this assignment.

Signature