DHVChat: A Web-Based Intelligent Chat Assistant for the **Admissions Office using Natural Language Processing**

Balagtas, Michael Joshua M. College of Computing Studies Don Honorio Ventura State University Don Honorio Ventura State University Don Honorio Ventura State University (+63) 905 431 2885 balagtasmichaeljoshua@gmail.com

Bernardo, Randylin B. College of Computing Studies Bacolor, Pampanga 2001 Philippines Bacolor, Pampanga 2001 Philippines Bacolor, Pampanga 2001 Philippines (+63) 951 420 9420

Castillo, Jose Gabriel R. College of Computing Studies (+63) 928 693 3915 cs.randylinbernardo@gmail.com gabrielcastillo8722564@gmail.com

Manalo, John Eric V. College of Computing Studies (+63) 956 772 6081 johneric.v.manalo@gmail.com

Santos, Aljon S. College of Computing Studies (+63) 956 507 5664 cs.aljonssantos@gmail.com

Sarcia, Kerby Mathew O. College of Computing Studies Don Honorio Ventura State University Don Honorio Ventura State University Don Honorio Ventura State University Bacolor, Pampanga 2001 Philippines Bacolor, Pampanga 2001 Philippines Bacolor, Pampanga 2001 Philippines (+63) 950 249 1943 Cs.kerbymathewosarcia@gmail.com

Mallari, Christian Samson Don Ho one Ve tura St. te l liv isit Block 6 lot 9 la Till I S la a Pill 2 Ma aba le aco ir P. ipai a (+63) 917 451 7424 csmallari@dhvsu.edu.ph

ABSTRACT

This study explores the transformative impact of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Natural Language Processing (NLP) in communication technologies, focusing on the development of DHVChat, an NLP-driven chat assistant for Don Honorio Ventura State University (DHVSU). DHVChat streamlines the admission inquiry process, aiming to lessen the workloads of the a mission staff and enhance the efficiency and accessibility of the ui versi 's admission services. A quantitative research method was which survey questionnaires using a 4-point Likert scale were utilized in the collection of data from purposively selected respondents. The respondents included prospective students, enrolled students, and admission staff of Don Honorio Ventura State University. Furthermore, the researchers utilized the iterative waterfall model as their software development method througho the entirety of the system's development. Additionally, tl system's evaluation was guided by the ISO/IEC 25010 Softwa Quality Model which revealed positive feedback from the respondents with a general average weighted mean of 3.45 (Strongly Agree), and 3.34 (Strongly Agree) on users' familiarity and comfortability with chatbots. Furthermore, comparative analysis between the developed system and existing inquiry methods highlighted an increase in user satisfaction, with the developed system's average weighted mean of ss3.51 (Strongly Agree), compared to the existing inquiry method's average weighted mean of 2.06 (Disagree). Moreover, this study emphasizes the significance of AI-enhanced communication systems in higher education settings.

Keywords: Natural Language Processing; chatbots; university admission; AI-enhanced communication systems.

NTRODUCTION

rne rise of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and its various subfields such as Natural Language Processing (NLP) has paved the way for innovative applications capable of providing human-like interactions. NLP algorithms and models have enabled machines to understand and interpret human language, and to generate si nses in la guaş . AI technologies have applied NLP a ide ang seuse ses, om language analysis and translation ch t sand vi ia issis nts. It appears that there are various cenefic achie with a technologies, such as enhancing relationships with users and discovering new insights [1].

One of the most promising applications of NLP are chatbots, which are artificially intelligent programs designed to simulate human conversation through text or voice interactions. Chatbots are primarily used for information acquisition. It is a conversational a; nt t it ga is ith use thr igh natural language input. C atbol can y referred a softy are agents that pretend to be h nan titie 2].

The need for a college inquiry system often arises due to various reasons, which include the inaccessibility or slow load time of the college (e.o. 3, t a div ic of i for any to liffe int sources or departn nts, le olu le of incres rec ests and the college staf na not ab. The ond is ime manner, and a freshman's untamiliarity with the college. in the study of Bhartiya, NLP techniques were applied to develop a University Counselling Auto-Reply Bot that is capable of providing answers to queries related to the field of engineering at the university [3]. The mentioned studies underscore the transformative influence of AI and NLP on communication technology. It highlights the pivotal role of chatbots in fostering interactive engagement, specifically in the realm of higher education. Moreover, the reference to the study by Bhartiya exemplifies a tangible implementation of NLP-driven



solutions to address challenges within the college admissions process. This illuminates the vast potential of AI-enhanced communication systems and their application to streamline complex processes within educational institutions.

The main focus of this paper is to develop a chat assistant for Don Honorio Ventura State University (DHVSU) using NLP techniques that can effectively respond to queries related to the university's office of admission.

2. PROJECT CONTEXT

Universities like Don Honorio Ventura State University face a common challenge in managing their admissions processes: the timely and efficient handling of inquiries from prospective students. The sheer volume of inquiries about admission application deadlines, program details, and requirements such as report cards, birth certificates, et cetera, often repetitive in nature, can overwhelm admissions staff, leading to delays in response time. The study's project context delves into the social environment surrounding the integration of an NLP-powered chat assistant, DHVChat, for the Don Honorio Ventura State University (DHVSU) admission office. The influence of AI, particularly NLP, signifies a paradigm shift in how individuals interact with technology. DHVChat, as an NLP-driven chat assistant, denotes how harnessing innovative solutions can address the evolving needs of s spec ve appli in ac issic staff. Within the socie for rice his per duction, the project seeks to

Within the social factor of higher duction, the project seeks to foster an efficient community on medically by be dging the communication gap between students to the accession office. DHVChat, designed to understand and respond to natural language queries, fosters an accessible environment where individuals can effortlessly search for informatic lensing gith accessible in Don Honorio Ventura State University's designed to the project of the project of

The implementation of DHVChat extends beyond sturnt interactions, providing benefits to Don Honorio Vent a Si e University's admission staff as well. By automating resonne to frequently asked questions, DHVChat reduces the workload of the admission staff, enabling them to direct their attention toward more complicated and personalized aspects of student support. This empowerment not only increases staff productivity but also contributes to a positive work environment.

In essence, the project context revolves around the dynam interplay between technology and the social environment DHVSU. As DHVChat integrates seamlessly into the soci environment of DHVSU, it prompts discussions on technologic... adaptability and the role of AI in shaping social interactions within academic institutions.

3. PURPOSE AND DESCRIPTION

The project was conducted to develop and implement an intelligent chat assistant specifically tailored to the needs of the Don Honorio Ventura State University (DHVSU) admission office. The chat assistant serves as a reliable and efficient tool for addressing the queries and concerns of both current and prospective students. Leveraging its advanced natural language processing and machine learning capabilities, the chat assistant ensures that students receive prompt and accurate responses to their admission-related inquiries. The proposed system will have the following functionalities:

- It can search and retrieve relevant information from a knowledge base to provide quick responses to common queries, reducing the need for repetitive manual responses.
- The chat assistant maintains a comprehensive knowledge base of frequently asked questions (FAQs) and admission-related information.
- The admission staff member and the super admin have the capability to add and update the knowledge base as needed.
- The system can redirect unanswered questions to the admission staff.
- 5. Students can use the chat function with or without an account
- Students that are signed up to the system will be able to redirect their inquiry to the admission staff and will have the ability to access their query history, while guest users will have limited features.

4. STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

The study sought to develop a web-based chat assistant that can be used to inquire about non-confidential information about Don Honorio Ventura State University's admission which includes admission dates and schedules, course offerings, et cetera. This is to provide instant answers to inquirers and lessen the workload of the admission staff.

This study seeks to answer the following research questions:

- 1. How can the system be developed to provide accurate and up-to-date information about admission requirements, application deadlines, prerequisites, and program details?
 - How and what existing Natural Language Processing (NLP) models and tools will the developers use and integrate into the system that will help analyze and understand user queries in the proposed system to effectively and accurately respond to the queries of the users?
- 3. How do the users perceive the availability and reliability

 of e. p. po d sy em compared to traditional methods
 of so a niss n-related information?
 - He far in and omfortable are the users with using a chatbot for gathering and requesting information?

5. OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

The general objective of the research project is to develop a webbased assistive chatbot designed to answer queries related to Don H noric V ntur St Vini ersit Specifically, the research project ms 2 a nie the followin objectives:

- To velor a u r- iend web-based intelligent chat assistant that an provide better online student inquiry services for the university admissions office.
- To test and integrate existing Artificial Intelligence (AI)
 mo ils tool: ai A is be us I by he proposed
 syst n or i to a ze and id stan user queries

 ctiv y ar to at rate. The individual intelligence (AI)

 the queries of the users.
- To identify how users perceive the availability and reliability of the proposed system compared to the existing media in seeking admission-related information.
- To identify the target users' familiarity and comfortability with using a chatbot for gathering and requesting information.



6. SIGNIFICANCE OF THE STUDY

The research conducted in this thesis holds substantial significance for various stakeholders, including admission staff, prospective students, and the broader field of higher education. The study's findings and implications contribute significantly to several benefactors.

To the University Admission Staff of Don Honorio Ventura State University. The developed web-based system will help the admission staff by lessening their workloads, wherein the system will automatically answer inquiries from prospective and current students, especially during peak admission application periods.

To the Prospective Students. The developed web-based system will provide automated inquiry services for prospective students, which can help them receive instant responses regarding their inquiries, reducing long wait times.

To the Future Researchers. This study enables future researchers to use this as a related literature or background for their future research.

7. SCOPE AND LIMINATION

The proposed research project will be designed and developed using Don Honorio Ventura State University as the locale of the study, limiting the chatbot's response to only queries regarding the university's admission office.

The research with test and use AF, in a distingual intelligent (AI do not as Meta, not etc an building the chat as istar satisficial min, the sear let will be include the implementation of a customizable knowledge reeder to create or update events, dates, or any other information related to the said university's admission. Addition "the rearcher will color the feature to notify the querier though model with a track its. The chatbot will be initially set-up by the researchers to feed it with accurate data from reliable sources such as Don Honorio Ventra

Furthermore, there are some limitations to this study. The creation of custom Artificial Intelligence models is outside the scope of this thesis due to funding and time limitations. Thus, the researches ad to use existing AI models.

State University's website and Admission Office.

The implementation of an Artificial Intelligence mod system will also cost money in terms of push and/or pull requests or tokens that are used, or resources required to run the model; these models may also not always accurately understand user queries, specifically if they contain complicated language or are phrased unconventionally. Additionally, the chat assistant's abilities would be constrained by the data it can access and its capacity to proce that data.

8. THEORETICAL BACKGROUND

University admission departments play a pivotal role in the higher education ecosystem by facilitating the enrollment of students. The process involves managing inquiries, processing applications, and providing essential information to prospective students. In recent years, the complexity and volume of tasks in these departments have increased significantly, necessitating innovative solutions to streamline operations.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Natural Language Processing (NLP) technologies have emerged as transformative tools across various industries. In the context of customer service and support, chatbots and virtual assistants have gained popularity for their ability to handle routine tasks efficiently, provide quick responses, and operate around the clock. These technologies offer immense

potential for universities seeking to enhance their admission services

Implementing a web-based chat assistant for university admission can yield several advantages. Firstly, it can significantly reduce the workload of admission staff, allowing them to focus on more complex tasks. Secondly, it offers students immediate access to information, enhancing the overall user experience and potentially increasing application rates. Additionally, it can improve data accuracy and consistency in responses to inquiries.

9. METHODOLOGY

In this section of the thesis, the researchers will outline the methodologies used to achieve the objectives of the paper. The methodology encompasses various subsections, including the chosen research design, target locale and respondents, and research tools and instruments.

The study's methodology used quantitative research methods, allowing the researchers to collect statistical data on the usage and effectiveness of the proposed system. The researchers used a survey questionnaire to gather data from a sample of the respondents, the university students, which were analyzed using statistical techniques in order to compare the satisfaction in the existing media and in the proposed system and to identify the proposed system's effectiveness.

Focusing on the research methodology of the study, the quantitative method is particularly well-suited for this type of study, as it not only allows for a quantitative assessment of user satisfaction but also enables the identification of the proposed system's effectiveness based on numerical metrics.

The use of quantitative research provides a structured and objective approach, offering numerical insights that contribute to a robust evaluation of the web-based chat assistant. It allows for the contribution of statistically significant findings, enhancing the overall reliability and validity of the study's conclusions regarding the impact and efficacy of the proposed system.

10. DESIGN AND TECHNIQUES

The thesis paper's research design is descriptive research since the rouner of many soldes libe the experience of the population of the chosen.

he is arclers very defined as scriptive method to identify which problems with the existing methods of inquiring at the admissions office were needed to address and approach. This method was used to gather the information needed for the comparison of the respondent's satisfaction with the proposed system over the existing media for inquiring about the admission. The researchers up description of the existing media for inquiring about the admission. The researchers up description of the existing media for inquiring about the admission. The researchers up description of the existing media for inquiring about the admission. The researchers up description of the existing media for inquiring about the admissions of the respondent's satisfaction with the proposed system over the existing media for inquiring about the admissions of the respondent's satisfaction with the proposed system over the existing media for inquiring about the admission.

The questionnare survey was targeted at the students to obtain their satisfaction rate and experience with the existing media, and their opinion about the development of a web-based chat assistant that they caluse is a captuities about the aumision rocess of the univers y. The element is so y /, on the hand was used to gather that most of your most of the staff and prospective students. The researchers also used a 4-point Likert's Scale in assessing the resulting web system to show its effectiveness. The proponents used the ISO/IEC 25010 (Software Quality Model) to evaluate the web-based system's functionalities. This provided the necessary guidelines to ensure the effectiveness of the system for the targeted users.



Furthermore, the researchers used the Iterative Waterfall Model throughout the development of the web-based system. This ensured a continuous flow of development, going through each stage, but with the ability to return to previous stages.

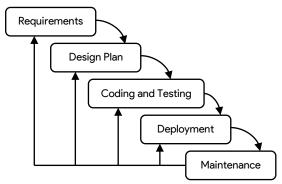


Figure 1: Iterative Waterfall Model Diagram

Requirements Definition

During the requirements definition stage of the development life cycle, the researchers engaged in a collaborative ideation process to identify potential system requirements. Some of the generated ideas included incorporating statistical features into the staff user interface, the ingreated in a list arrange as opposed to a list arrange terminates.

Design Pl n

Progressing anoug subsequent phase, the gn planning stage, the researchers conducted a thorough exploration of existing Artificial Intelligence models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models on the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system. These models of the selection of the most suita e for the selection of the web that could be leveraged by the proposed system.

Coding and Testing

Moving into the coding and testing phase of the development methodology, the developer initiated the coding of the backend, subjecting it to testing using PostMan. This was followed by the coding of the frontend wherein the developer and the user designer coordinated to finish the visual aspect of the system. Either revision of the user interface design was also quickly reacted in the frontend.

Deployment

During the deployment phase, the development team deployed both the frontend and backend of the app using onRender. The developer prioritized the deployment of the backend since it has many configurations, such as setting all environment variables, such OpenAI's API token, database URL, and frontend URL. The developer then proceeded to deploy the frontend configuring the environment variable to the URL address of the deployed backer.

Maintenance

In the maintenance phase of the development methodology, the researchers diligently sought out potential bugs and system breakages. Simultaneously, the developers undertook updates to enhance the user interface and ensured the seamless functionality of all system features. Additionally, quality assurance testing of the system was conducted during this phase by the remaining researchers.

10.1 DEVELOPMENT TIMELINE

The figure below shows the timeline for the development of the proposed web-based system, adhering to the iterative waterfall model which undergone 2 iterations in the development process.



Figure 2: Gantt Chart

The initial requirements definition phase spanned 33 days, which started on August 28, 2023, and ended on September 29, 2023. Subsequently, the design plan phase unfolded from October 2, 2023, to October 7, 2023. The coding phase followed from October 9, 2023, to October 14, 2023, leading into the testing phase from October 16, 2023, to October 21, 2023.

Following the testing phase, an iteration occurred, returning to the design plan phase from October 23, 2023, to October 25, 2023. This was succeeded by the coding phase, spanning from October 26, 2023, to November 10, 2023. The subsequent testing phase was initialized from November 11, 2023, to November 13, 2023. The system was then deployed on November 14, 2023, until the folloting day.

Post eployment, another iteration transpired, reverting to the vodi phase from November 17, 2023, to November 24, 2023. A system testing occurred from November 25, 2023, to November 26, 2023. The day after, a quick deployment was made which only lasted for a day. After the final system deployment, the maintenance phase commenced on November 28, 2023.

10.2 System Architecture

0.. 1 Na rai Li igui se Processing (NLP) Engine

- The Li engi e will be the core component of the assistance responsible for understanding and processing user queries.
- It will utilize machine learning algorithms and techniques to extract intent, entities, and context from user input.
- AI frame "ks can be "tilized to implement the NLP engline.
- 71: system 1 LP ill use supervised learning lerein and a labeled dataset, where each input is paired with the corresponding output. The model maps input data to the correct output by en alizing the terminal and the correct output.

10.2.2 Bac e 1 se vic 5

Bac end ervic will the gic and data processing required to generate responses.

 They will interact with various data sources, APIs, and databases to retrieve and provide information.

10.2.3 Front-End System

- The front-end of the application will be developed using ReactJS.
- It will utilize a responsive design to ensure compatibility across different devices.



 The user interface will be intuitive with easy navigation.

10.2.4 Knowledge Base

- A knowledge base will be maintained, containing information related to admission requirements, programs, deadlines, etc.
- Regular updates to the knowledge base will ensure accurate and up-to-date information is provided to users.

10.3 System Modules

10.3.1 Authentication Module

- Verifies the identity of users attempting to access the system.
- Involves the use of credentials, such as emails and passwords.
- Determines the level of access and permissions that should be granted based on the user's role or privileges.
- Prevents access from unauthorized users

10.3.2 AI Module

- Used to understand and interpret human language.
- Used for analyzing the knowledge base.

10.3.3 PI 1 oc tle Co s te so rice of the Ope. AI and the system's

10.3.4 Validation Module

• Validates information by the uner

10.3.5 Component UI Mod le

• Manages the reusab par of he u r int ace.

10.3.6 User Module

- Takes care of the tasks or functions that each type of user can do.
- The system will have 4 different types of users; the super admin, the staff, the inquiring student (with account), and a guest inquirer.

10.3.7 Conversation Module

 Takes care of the communication between me user and the Artificial Intelligence model.

10.3.8 Knowledge Module

 Takes care of the management (creating, reading, updating, and deleting of information) on the system's knowledge base.

10.3.9 Inquiry Module

 Takes care of the rerouting of the user's question if is not yet on the knowledge base of the system.

10.3.9.1 Routing Module

• Takes care of the system's navigation (routing).

10.4 Natural Language Processing Text Embedding

Artificial Intelligence encompasses various subfields, and one of them is Natural Language Processing (NLP), which focuses on the interaction between computers and human languages. The primary goal of NLP is to understand, interpret, and generate human-like text. To achieve this, a fundamental process known as Text Embedding is applied, wherein words undergo transformation into numerical interpretations. This involves representing words or sentences as numerical vectors in a continuous vector space. These

embeddings form the basis for tasks like sentiment analysis, document clustering, machine translation, and others, significantly contributing to the enhancement of machines' natural language understanding capabilities.

10.5 Cost Benefit

Implementing Artificial Intelligence models in a system comes with a cost one way or another, some models use subscriptionbased services while others use credit-based services; though some models are free, running these models in a system requires high computing powers which could significantly add to the overall cost of the system. Thus, together with the results of the students' evaluation of the Artificial Intelligence models, and its affordable pricing, the researchers decided to employ the GPT 3.5-Turbo Model by OpenAI as the proposed system's Artificial Intelligence component. This model proposes a cost of \$0.0010 per 1000 input tokens and \$0.0020 per 1000 output tokens which converts to ₱0.056 per 1000 input tokens and ₱0.11 per 1000 output tokens in the local currency. 1000 tokens is about 750 words, thus the final simplified rate could be translated into about ₱0.00007467 per word sent to the model and ₱0.0001467 per word received by the model [22].

From the gathered data on the system's average sent and received tokens from user inquiries, the researchers recorded an average of 714 input tokens used per inquiry and an average of 91 output tokens used per inquiry. These data paired with the gathered data from an unstructured interview done at the admissions office of the Don Honorio Ventura State University wherein it is mentioned that the average received inquiries in a semester by the staff were around 26,000 inquiries per semester, it could be calculated that the average cost of input tokens used per semester is \$\mathbb{P}779.69\$ and the average cost of output tokens used per semester is \$\mathbb{P}195.20\$ which otal .0 \$\mathbb{P}904.89\$ of average cost per semester.

10.6 ISO/IEC 25010 or Software Quality Model

The researchers applied the ISO/IEC 25010 standard to ensure the quality and effectiveness of the proposed system. The ISO/IEC 25010 provided a structured framework for evaluating and ldd ssir, avec sof vare quality characteristics, such as incurrentity, usa, literelicibility, security, maintainability, and portability. A long to be standards helped ensure that the proposed system contributed positively to the admission inquiry services, enhancing the overall user experience of both the prospective students and university admission staffs when inquiring about the university admissions, and answering questions from the inquirers, respectively. However, the researchers elininal distribution in the linear tain, billy confident to the survey quantum air to be espo lents not having enough qualification to valuate as a confident proposed system.

11. RESPONDENTS OF THE STUDY

The tar spot ents of his cade of primary prospective student consecutives. The or Vertical Standard resists as their univers y of no e, along virtue enrolled no ats a difference used is purposive sampling, as this allows them to select respondents based on the required set of characteristics needed for the study. Consequently, the set of respondents that the researchers involved in the study consists of prospective students, enrolled students, and staff of the admissions office.

The surveys were conducted using two distinct methods: online and face-to-face interactions. This dual approach was employed to expedite the data collection process and obtain a more comprehensive set of information. Conducting the survey online



allowed for widespread distribution, reaching audiences that were otherwise unreachable by the researchers. Simultaneously, the face-to-face method ensured a more personal and direct engagement with respondents, potentially yielding more profound insights on the surveys. This combined strategy maximized the advantages of both online and traditional survey methods, enhancing the overall efficiency of data gathering.

In the pre-study survey, only the students answered the questionnaires; they were instructed to use the existing media utilized by the admissions office for seeking information and addressing concerns, and then were surveyed about their satisfaction and experience with it. In the evaluation of the system, the researchers provided evaluation survey forms and allowed all sets of respondents use their developed web-based system.

12. RESEARCH TOOLS AND INSTRUMENTS

The instruments used in the study were pre-survey questionnaires and evaluation survey forms to seek for improvement signs of the satisfaction of students to the proposed system. The researchers will use the ISO/IEC 25010 (Software Quality Model) to evaluate the web-based system's functionalities. This will provide the necessary guidelines to ensure the user-friendliness and efficiency of the system for the targeted users.

The reseation for atter the que to tail which a kert Scale wherein the residual processing the p

Additionally, the researchers conduct and in early work consultation with the admission staff of ecer feel with and determine if the proposed system by the remaining respondents.

13. STATISTICAL TREATMENT OF THE DATA

Statistical treatment of the data involves the application of statistical methods and techniques to analyze and interpret the cata collected from the data gathering of the researchers. This occas is critical for drawing meaningful conclusions, and a research questions. Thus, the researchers used the following statistical tools:

4-Point Likert Scale

The researchers used 4-point Likert scale to assess the level of agreement expressed by respondents toward a specific statement. This scale consists of four points that do not include a neutral option:

(1) Strongly Disagree, (2) Disagree, (3) Agree, and (Strongly Agree.

Weighted Mean

The weighted mean serves as a useful tool for summarizing extensive datasets. It is computed by adding all the numbers within a set and dividing the sum by the total number of members in the set. The researchers used weighted means to calculate the average value for each statement.

Where:

WM = weighted mean WV = weighted value N = number of respondents

 $WM = \frac{\sum WV}{N}$

 \sum = summation symbol

Table 1. Weighted mean with corresponding descriptive rating

Weighted Mean	Descriptive Rating
1.00 – 1.75	Strongly Disagree
1.76 - 2.50	Disagree
2.51 – 3.25	Agree
3.26 – 4.00	Strongly Agree

Table 1 shows the weighted mean values with their assigned descriptive ratings. A weighted mean of 1.00 to 1.75 (inclusive) has a descriptive rating of "Strongly Disagree", a weighted mean of 1.76 to 2.50 (inclusive) has a descriptive rating of "Disagree", a weighted mean of 2.51 to 3.25 (inclusive) has a descriptive rating of "Agree", and a weighted mean of 3.26 to 4.00 (inclusive) has a descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree".

14. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

With the Artificial Intelligence (AI) aspect of the system, the researchers made an evaluation form for the students to test the performance of the four (4) Artificial Intelligence models based on their responses' correctness, speed, friendliness and engagement to the conversation. This will help the researchers choose the best model to be implemented for the proposed system.

Table 2. DialoGPT Response Evaluation

DialoGPT's Response Evaluation	WM	DR
T Artificial Intelligence model	1.49	Strongly
ar wered the prompts correctly.	1.49	Disagree
T : Artificial Intelligence model		Disagree
sponded to the prompts within a	2.39	
reasonable amount of time.		
The Artificial Intelligence model's	1.70	Strongly
answers were friendly.	1.70	Disagree
The Artificial Intelligence model's	1.51	Strongly
answers were angaging.	1.51	Disagree
Aver ge W ighted Mean	1.77	Disagree

able preents the everation results for the DialoGPT's responses to the user prompts. The calculated average weighted mean of 1.77, with the descriptive rating of "Disagree," concludes that the researchers find the responses of the model to be underqualified for the proposed system's needs.

1 ble .Γ βΕ. Τε 3 R ponse Evaluation

Del ERI V 3's Pespo se Eval ation	WM	DR
The Artificial Intelligence model answered the prompts correctly.	2.01	Disagree
The initial itellian modal resputed at a property with a reasonable munitic time.	2.54	Agree
Thecialtelligenceodel's answers were friendly.	1.71	Strongly Disagree
The Artificial Intelligence model's answers were engaging.	1.65	Strongly Disagree
Average Weighted Mean	1.98	Disagree

Table 3 presents the evaluation results for the DeBERTaV3's responses to the user prompts. The calculated average weighted mean of 1.98, with the descriptive rating of "Disagree," concludes



that the researchers find the responses of the model to be underqualified for the proposed system's needs.

Table 4. NLLB and Llama2 Response Evaluation

NLLB and Llama2's Response Evaluation	WM	DR
The Artificial Intelligence model answered the prompts correctly.	3.22	Agree
The Artificial Intelligence model responded to the prompts within a reasonable amount of time.	2.81	Agree
The Artificial Intelligence model's answers were friendly.	3.08	Agree
The Artificial Intelligence model's answers were engaging.	3.08	Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.05	Agree

Table 4 presents the evaluation results for the NLLB and Llama2's responses to the user prompts. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.05, with the descriptive rating of "Agree," concludes that the researchers find the responses of the model to be qualified for the proposed system's needs.

T 5. G T 3. T rbo es E luat n

C PT 3 -1 Re pc se	M	DR
The Artificial Intelligence model	3.77	Strongly
answered the prompts correctly.	3.11	Agree
The Artificial Intelligence mod		Ct.
responded to the prompts with a	3 2	St ng
reasonable amount of time.		gree
The Artificial Intelligence mod	3.66	rongi
answers were friendly.	3.00	Agree
The Artificial Intelligence model's	2.69	Strongly
answers were engaging.	3.68	Agree
Axorogo Woighted Moon	3,63	Strongly
Average Weighted Mean	3.03	^ ~~e

Table 5 presents the evaluation results for the GPT 3.. Turt 's responses to the user prompts. The calculated average mean of 3.63, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly concludes that the researchers find the responses of the model to be qualified for the proposed system's needs.

14.1 AI Model's Evaluation Summary

Table 6. AI Model's Evaluation Summary

AI Model	AWM	DR
DialoGPT	1.77	Disagree
DeBERTaV3	1.98	Disagree
NLLB and Llama2	3.05	Agree
GPT 3.5 Turbo	3.63	Strongly Agree

Table 6 presents the summarized results of the AI models' evaluation. DialoGPT and DeBERTaV3 having low average weighted means make them underqualified for the proposed system's needs. On the other hand, NLLB and Llama2, and GPT 3.5-Turbo having both a descriptive rating of "Agree" and

"Strongly Agree" respectively, qualify them for the system's needs. However, the researchers decided to use the GPT 3.5-Turbo Model which has the highest average weighted mean of 3.63. Additionally, the GPT 3.5-Turbo model is the cheapest choice that the researchers can manage, with a the rate of ₱0.056 per 1000 input tokens and ₱0.11 per 1000 output tokens. According to OpenAI (2023), 1000 tokens is about 750 words; thus, the final simplified rate could be translated into about ₱0.000075 per word sent and ₱0.00015 per word received.

14.2 Pre-study Questionnaire for the Students of Don Honorio Ventura Statue University

To analyze and draw conclusions about the difficulties encountered in the existing admission inquiry services of the university, the researchers distributed a survey questionnaire to the students of Don Honorio Ventura State University.

14.2.1 Respondent's Satisfaction Evaluation for Existing Inquiry Services of the University Admission To evaluate the reliability and availability of the existing inquiry services of the university's admission department, the researchers created a self-structured evaluation form. This form aimed to identify challenges that the proponents could then address using the proposed system.

Table 7. Respondent's Satisfaction in Existing Inquiry Services

Existing Inquiry Services User Satisfaction	WM	DR
T existing admission inquiry services		
(€ iail, Facebook page messenger, over-	2.02	Disagree
th -phone contact) respond to my	2.02	Disagree
quiries within a reasonable timeframe.		
Simple questions are effectively and		
promptly answered when I use the	2.13	Disagree
existing admission inquiry services.		
The admission inquiry services are		
railable de convenic t hours for	1.85	Disagree
n .		
The Imission are y se ices provide		
information at requirements, dates,	2.25	Disagree
deadlines, and general information.		
Overall, I am satisfied with the quality		
of service provided by the existing	2.07	Disagree
admission inquiry services.		
AWM	2.06	Disagree

T di. la s the gigl ed ean and descriptive rating re ectir the disfation we of ne students with the current admission inquiry services. The calculated average weighted mean of 2.06 indicates that the students generally perceive the existing admission graphs are supported by the control of t

14.2.2 Propo den s Fi ilia. 'to Catl its Survey

To evaluate the respondents' familiarity and comfortability with chatbots, the researchers distributed a survey questionnaire to the students of Don Honorio Ventura State University.

Table 8. Respondent's Familiarity and Comfortability to Chatbots

Familiarity & Comfortability to	WM	DR
Chatbot		DK



AWM	3.34	Strongly Agree
I am interested in using a chatbot to get answers to my inquiries related to the university admission.	3.36	Strongly Agree
I find Chatbot-based inquiry methods more suitable for quick, straightforward questions.	3.35	Strongly Agree
I am familiar with the concept of a chatbot.	3.24	Agree
I feel that chat-based methods are more suitable for my communication style and preferences.	3.35	Strongly Agree
I find using a chat-based method for inquiries more convenient than sending an email or making a phone call.	3.37	Strongly Agree
I feel more comfortable using conversational (chat) method of inquiring instead of sending an email or talking over the phone.	3.35	Strongly Agree

Table 8 presents the survey findings regarding the respondents' familiarity with chatbots. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.34 suggests that the respondents strongly agree that they feel more comfortable and prefer using chat-based methods for inquiring. You family, the respondents strongly agree that they feel more comfortable and prefer using chat-based methods for inquiring. You family, the respondents' that they feel more comfortable and prefer using chat-based methods for inquiring. You family agree that they feel more comfortable and prefer using chat-based methods for inquiring.

14.3 Proposed System Evaluation

To assess the compliance of the proposed system with established standards, the researchers distributed urvey questionair to respondents, aligned with the IS)/IE(2: 10) fix respondents.

14.3.1 Student's Evaluation of the Proposed Web-Based System

Table 9. Students' Functionality Evaluation of the Proposed System

FUNCTIONALITY	WM	DR
The system allows the user to input and send their inquiry to the system.	3.59	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant is able to understand the inquiries posed by the user.	3.44	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant is able to provide answers to all inquiries posed by the user.	3.39	Strongly Agree
All of the system's functions work as intended.	3.56	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.5	Strongly Agree

Table 9 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's functionality. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.5, coupled with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the students at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be functional and capable of performing all its intended functions.

Table 10. Students' Efficiency Evaluation of the Proposed System

EFFICIENCY	WM	DR
------------	----	----

inquiries in a reasonable amount of time. The chat assistant is capable of quickly	3.26	Strongly Agree Strongly
fetching from its knowledge base.		Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.33	Strongly Agree

Table 10 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's efficiency. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.33, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the students at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be efficient and capable of using its resources effectively.

Table 11. Students' Compatibility Evaluation of the Proposed System

COMPATIBILITY	WM	DR
The chat assistant can be used on different operating systems without compromising the experience.	3.51	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.51	Strongly Agree

Table 11 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's compatibility. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.51, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the students at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be widely compatible and can be opened using other operating systems.

T ble 12. Students' Usability Evaluation of the Proposed
System

USABILITY	WM	DR
The chat assistant is easy to use and navigate.	3.66	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant displayed no visual itche ar rs.	3.56	Strongly Agree
T s sten 12vou was indered core tly based 11 s de ce used.	3.56	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.59	Strongly Agree

Table 12 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's usability. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.59, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the students at D a Hc or Ver are University find the proposed system to be usable an operate

Table 13. Students' Reliability Evaluation of the Proposed System

R JA L Y	WM	DR
The nat a is at is ble t rovi's reliance information about me university admission based on its knowledge base.	3.10	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant can answer inquiries about the university admission.	3.54	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant can be accessed any time.	3.55	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.52	Strongly Agree



Table 13 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's reliability. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.52, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the students at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be reliable and can be accessed anytime.

Table 14. Students' Security Evaluation of the Proposed System

SECURITY	WM	DR
The information that is collected can only be accessed by authorized personnels.	3.45	Strongly Agree
The system can verify if a user is registered to access the system.	3.57	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.51	Strongly Agree

Table 14 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's security. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.51, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the students at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be secure and does protect users' personal data.

Table 15. Students' Portability Evaluation of the Proposed vste

P R ABI IT.	V M	DR
The system can be accessed on different devices without problems.	3.58	Strongly Agree
Average Weighar	3. 3	Strongly / gre

Table 15 presents the evaluation sults of the poposition of of the poposition

14.3.2 Admission Staff's Evaluation of the Proceed Web-Based System

Table 16. Admission Staff's Functionality Evaluation of the Proposed System

FUNCTIONALITY	WM	DR
The system allows the user to input and send their inquiry to the system.	4	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant is able to understand the inquiries posed by the user.	4	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant is able to provide answers to all inquiries posed by the user.	3.5	Strongly Agree
All of the system's functions work as intended.	3.83	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.83	Strongly Agree

Table 16 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's functionality. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.83, coupled with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the admission staff at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be functional and capable of performing all its intended functions.

Table 17. Admission Staff's Efficiency Evaluation of the Proposed System

EFFICIENCY	WM	DR
The chat assistant can answer the inquiries in a reasonable amount of time.	4	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant is capable of quickly fetching from its knowledge base.	4	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	4	Strongly Agree

Table 17 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's efficiency. The calculated average weighted mean of 4, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the admission staff at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be efficient and capable of using its resources effectively.

Table 18. Admission Staff's Compatibility Evaluation of the Proposed System

COMPATIBILITY	WM	DR
The chat assistant can be used on different operating systems without compromising the experience.	3.33	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.33	Strongly Agree

Table 18 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's compatibility. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.33, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the admission staff at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the properties be widely compatible and can be opened using other operating systems.

Table 19. Admission Staff's Usability Evaluation of the Proposed System

USABILITY	WM	DR
The chat assistant is easy to use and 1 vig: 3.	3.67	Strongly Agree
The at ass. It coplay I no visual glines a lerr s.	3.83	Strongly Agree
The system's layout was rendered correctly based on the device used.	4	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.83	Strongly Agree

Table 19 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's up bilit T : ca' all but error ewighted mean of 3.83, with the doctor in of the colly agre suggests that the admission stiff at ion nori Ven ra state University find the proposed system to be usable and operable.

Table 20 Admission Sanff's Pelicanity Fraluction of the

RI LIA ILI'I	VM	DR
The chat assistant is able to provide reliable information about the university admission based on its knowledge base.	3.33	Strongly Agree
The chat assistant can answer inquiries about the university admission.	3.17	Agree
The chat assistant can be accessed any time.	3.35	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.33	Strongly Agree



Table 20 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's reliability. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.33, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the admission staff at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be reliable and can be accessed anytime.

Table 21. Admission Staff's Security Evaluation of the Proposed System

SECURITY	WM	DR
The information that is collected can only be accessed by authorized personnels.	3.67	Strongly Agree
The system can verify if a user is registered to access the system.	3.83	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.75	Strongly Agree

Table 21 presents the evaluation results for the proposed system's security. The calculated average weighted mean of 3.75, with the descriptive rating of "Strongly Agree," suggests that the admission staff at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be secure and does protect users' personal data.

Table 22. Admission Staff's Portability Evaluation of the

P R ABI IT.	V M	DR
The system can be accessed on different devices without problems.	3.5	Strongly Agree
Average Weigh ar	3	Strongly / re

Table 22 presents the evaluation sults of the proposed system's portability. The calculated average subjects that the admission staff at Don Honorio Ventura State University find the proposed system to be accessible on multiple devices and platforms.

14.3.3 Proposed System Grand and Overall N

Table 23. Grand and Overall Mean of the Evaluatio Proposed System

±					
Characteristic	Students		Admission Staffs		
	AWM	DR	AWM	DR	
Functionality	3.11	Agree	3.83	Strongly Agree	
Efficiency	3.38	Strongly Agree	4	Strongly Agree	
Compatibility	3.13	Agree	3.33	Strongly Agree	
Usability	2.94	Agree	3.83	Strongly Agree	
Reliability	3.27	Strongly Agree	3.33	Strongly Agree	
Security	3.48	Strongly Agree	3.75	Strongly Agree	
Portability	3.42	Strongly Agree	3.5	Strongly Agree	
Overall Mean	3.25	Agree	3.65	Strongly Agree	

Table 23 presents the summarized results of the proposed system evaluation. With the calculated overall means of the proposed system, it could be concluded that the students of Don Honorio Ventura State University agree with the proposed system based on the calculated overall mean of 3.25, while the admission staff of Don Honorio Ventura State University have shown strong agreement with the proposed system based on the calculated overall mean of 3.65.

14.4 Post-study Survey Questionnaire for the Students of Don Honorio Ventura State University

To have a better grasp of the comparison between the respondents' satisfaction of the existing and proposed system, the researchers distributed a self-made evaluation form that was included in the system evaluation survey questionnaire to the students of Don Honorio Ventura State University.

14.4.1 Respondent's Satisfaction Evaluation for the Proposed System

To evaluate the reliability and availability of the proposed system, the researchers created a self-structured evaluation form that is parallel to the satisfaction evaluation of the existing inquiry services that was included in the pre-survey that the researchers devised.

Table 24. Respondent's Satisfaction Evaluation for the Proposed System

_		
User Satisfaction	WM	DR
reproposed web-based chat assistant stem (DHVChat) responds to my inquiries within a reasonable timeframe.	3.45	Strongly Agree
Simple questions are effectively and promptly answered when I use the proposed web-based chat assistant	3.59	Strongly Agree
is v lable du. g nve ent hours for me	3.55	Strongly Agree
The proposed web-based chat assistant system can provide information about requirements, dates, deadlines, and general information.	3.44	Strongly Agree
Overall, I am satisfied with the quality of seric project by the poposition were asset of it assists.	3.53	Strongly Agree
Average Weighted Mean	3.51	Strongly Agree

Table 24 presents the weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student surface on the popular vistorial of the calculated average weighted each of 3.5, which is a scriptive rating of the student average weighted on 3.5, which is a scriptive rating of the calculated average weighted of 3.5, which is a scriptive rating of the student average weighted on 3.5, which is a scriptive rating of the student average weighted on 3.5, which is a scriptive rating of the student average weighted average weighted average weighted average weighted average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted average weighted average weighted average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean and descriptive rating of the student average weighted mean ave

15. SUMMARY

The primary concern identified in this study revolves around the constrained accessibility of the current inquiry services provided by the admissions office to its end-users, coupled with the increased workload for admission staff in addressing repetitive queries posed by students. The researchers' main concern is creating a web-based



system that the existing or prospective students of Don Honorio Ventura State University can use to easily pose questions about the university admission without getting ignored or having to wait an unreasonable amount of time for such simple questions. To gather the requisite data and insights for the study, the researchers plan to address specific questions outlined in the study's statement of the problem.

One of the specific questions in the statement of the problem that the researchers are interested in knowing was the students' familiarity and comfortability with using chatbots for gathering and requesting information. From the survey that the researchers collected, it shows that in terms of familiarity with chatbots, 37.7% of the respondents strongly agree, 50.9% agree, 8.5% disagree, and 2.9% strongly disagree. It can be concluded that the majority of the students of Don Honorio Ventura State University agree that they are familiar with chatbots. The students also strongly agree that they feel more comfortable with using conversational method of inquiring than talking over the phone or sending an email. Additionally, 94.3% of the students have shown interest in using a chatbot to get answers for their inquiries related to the university admission.

The researchers have also showed interest in the respondents' satisfaction of the existing inquiry services provided by the admissions office (i.e., Facebook page messenger, email, contact number) ich he i sp iden have ho nou atisfactory remarks used in the esu soil partially surve that the researche coll to with in a right ge weigh 1 ean 2.06 with the corresponding descriptive rating of "Laugree". The these data, it can be concluded that having a dedicated chat assistant for the students to use for inquiring about the university admission will be of significant help to them, esp tially for the new with so all anxieties. In light of these considerations it means to suggest that the proposed system will be university admission will be respondents.

The assessment of the proposed system's performance revealed its functionality, efficiency, compatibility, usability, reliability, security, and portability. Students have shown a strong agreement on the system's efficiency (average weighted mean: 3.38), reliability (average weighted mean: 3.27), security ave. 3e weighted mean: 3.48), and portability (average weight 1 me 1: 3.42). They also expressed agreement on its functionality aver ge weighted mean: 3.11), compatibility (average weighted mean: 3.13), and usability (average weighted mean: 2.94). On the other hand, the admission staffs have shown a strong agreement in terms of functionality with an average weighted mean of 3.83, efficiency with an average weighted mean of 4, compatibility with an average weighted mean of 3.33, usability with an average weighted mea of 3.83, reliability with an average weighted mean of 3.33, securi with an average weighted mean of 3.75, and portability with a average weighted mean of 3.5.

Additionally, the researchers examined the post-study survey that assessed the satisfaction of students with the proposed system, which yielded an average weighted mean of 3.51 with a descriptive rating of "strongly agree," in contrast to the pre-study survey evaluating the current methods of inquiring about university admission, which registered an average weighted mean of 2.06 with a descriptive rating of "disagree," it becomes evident that the students exhibit higher satisfaction with the proposed system compared to the existing inquiry services.

16. CONCLUSION

The research entitled "DHVChat: A Web-Based Intelligent Chat Assistant for the Admissions Office Using Natural Language Processing" aimed to provide a quick way of inquiring about the university admission of Don Honorio Ventura State University and to lessen the workloads of the admission staff when it comes to repetitive and simple questions posed by the students. The researchers developed a web-based assistive chatbot designed to answer queries related to Don Honorio Ventura State University. Drawing from the study's results, it can be deduced that the proposed system effectively fulfills its intended purpose as a user-friendly chat assistant for university admission.

17. RECOMMENDATIONS

To bring improvements to the web-based chat assistant system, the researchers advise expanding the scope of the study and welcome the idea of developing an AI model that the system can use free of charge, which will bring real customization to the chat assistant and better integration and restrictions to the system. On the other hand, if time and resources are still limited, the researchers suggest the use of a better tier of the selected AI model of this research, the GPT-4 Model or better if there are newer models in the current time.

The researchers also recommend expanding the reach of the chat assistant, as the chat assistant is currently limited to the admission department of Don Honorio Ventura State University.

The researchers advise future programmers and researchers to explore different Artificial Intelligent models that could bring better control and accuracy to the chat assistant's responses.

With the positive results of the study, the researchers recommend that the system be implemented by the Don Honorio Ventura State University Admissions Office.

18. ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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