Name: Jaya Madhav

Mail: madhavjaya4@gmail.com

```
GLCM (Horizontal)
import numpy as np
import cv2
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
def calculate qlcm(matrix, dx=1, dy=0, intensity levels=[0, 1, 2, 3]):
    num levels = len(intensity levels)
    glcm = np.zeros((num levels, num levels), dtype=int)
   rows, cols = matrix.shape
   for i in range (rows):
        for j in range(cols):
            if 0 \le i + dy \le rows and 0 \le j + dx \le cols:
                current value = matrix[i, j]
                right value = matrix[i + dy, j + dx]
                glcm[current value, right value] += 1
    return glcm
# List of full image paths
image paths = [
        r"/kaggle/input/breast-cancer-mri/train/Malignant/BreaDM-Ma-
1926/SUB1/p-040.jpg",
        r"/kaggle/input/breast-cancer-mri/train/Malignant/BreaDM-Ma-
2024/SUB4/p-074.jpg",
        r"/kaggle/input/breast-cancer-mri/train/Malignant/BreaDM-Ma-
1803/SUB4/p-046.jpg",
        r"/kaggle/input/breast-cancer-mri/train/Malignant/BreaDM-Ma-
1802/SUB3/p-044.jpg",
        r"/kaggle/input/breast-cancer-mri/train/Malignant/BreaDM-Ma-
1818/SUB8/p-029.jpg"
1
# Parameters for GLCM calculation
dx, dy = 1, 0 # Horizontal offset
num levels = 4 # Number of intensity levels
intensity levels = list(range(num levels))
# Loop through each image path
for image path in image paths:
   # Load the image in grayscale
    image = cv2.imread(image path, cv2.IMREAD GRAYSCALE)
   if image is None:
        print(f"Could not load image: {image path}")
```

```
continue
    # Resize the original image to 224x224
   resized image = cv2.resize(image, (224, 224))
    # Display the resized image
   plt.imshow(resized image, cmap='gray')
   plt.title("Image")
   plt.axis('off')
   plt.show()
    # Normalize pixel values for GLCM calculation
   normalized_image = (image / (256 / num_levels)).astype(int)
    # Calculate the GLCM
   glcm = calculate glcm(normalized image, dx=dx, dy=dy,
intensity levels=intensity levels)
    # Print the GLCM matrix
   print("GLCM Matrix (horizontal):")
   print(glcm)
   print("\n" + "="*50 + "\n")
```

Image



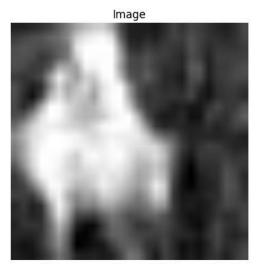
```
GLCM Matrix (horizontal):
[[434 48 7 5]
```

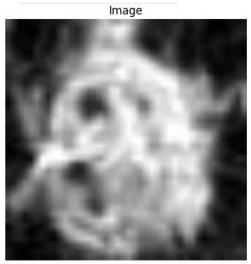
```
[ 56 76 43 4]
[ 4 46 111 44]
[ 0 9 44 176]]
```

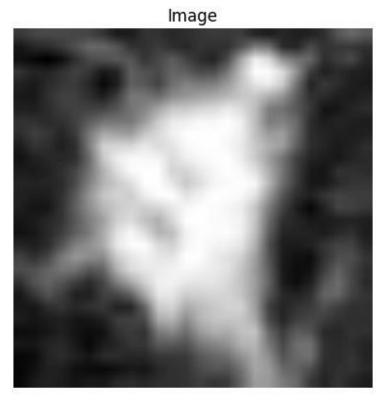


```
GLCM Matrix (horizontal):

[ 80 400 43 0]
[ 0 48 56 36]
[ U 0 50 114]]
```







CustomVGG16

```
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torchvision.models as models

# Custom VGG16 class that inherits from nn.Module
class CustomVGG16(nn.Module):
    def___init__(self, num_classes=2):
        super(CustomVGG16, self).__init__()

    vgg16 = models.vgg16()

vgg16.load_state_dict(torch.load('/kaggle/input/customvgg16/pytorch/default/1/vgg16-397923af.pth', weights_only=True))
```

```
# Extract the features and avgpool layers from the pretrained
model
        self.features = vgg16.features
        self.avgpool = vgg16.avgpool
        # Define a new classifier using nn. Sequential
        self.classifier = nn.Sequential(
            nn.Linear(512 * 7 * 7, 4096),
            nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
            nn.Dropout(),
            nn.Linear (4096, 4096),
            nn.ReLU(inplace=True),
            nn.Dropout(),
           nn.Linear(4096, num classes)
        )
    def forward(self, x):
        # Pass the input through the feature layers
        x = self.features(x)
        # Apply the average pooling layer
        x = self.avgpool(x)
        # Flatten the output to a 2D tensor
        x = torch.flatten(x, 1)
       # Pass the reshaped output through the custom classifier
        x = self.classifier(x)
       return x
# Printing the model
if __name__ == "__main__":
   model = CustomVGG16(num classes=2)
   print (model)
CustomVGG16(
  (features): Sequential(
    (0): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
    (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
    (3): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (4): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (5): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (6): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (7): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (8): ReLU(inplace=True)
```

```
(9): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (10): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (11): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (12): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (13): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (14): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (15): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (16): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (17): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (18): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (19): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (20): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (21): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (22): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (23): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (24): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (25): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (26): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (27): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (28): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (29): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (30): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
  )
  (avgpool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output size=(7, 7))
  (classifier): Sequential(
    (0): Linear(in features=25088, out features=4096, bias=True)
    (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (2): Dropout(p=0.5, inplace=False)
    (3): Linear(in features=4096, out features=4096, bias=True)
    (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (5): Dropout (p=0.5, inplace=False)
    (6): Linear(in features=4096, out features=2, bias=True)
 )
import torch
```

```
# Ensure that the CustomVGG16 class is already defined above or
imported
device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is available() else 'cpu')
# Initialize the model
model = CustomVGG16(num classes=2)
# Move the model to the appropriate device (CPU or GPU)
model = model.to(device)
# Print the model to confirm
print (model)
CustomVGG16(
  (features): Sequential(
    (0): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
    (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
    (3): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (4): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (5): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (6): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (7): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (8): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (9): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (10): Conv2d(128, 256, \text{kernel size}=(3, 3), \text{stride}=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (11): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (12): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (13): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (14): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (15): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (16): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (17): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (18): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (19): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (20): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (21): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
```

```
(22): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (23): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
    (24): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (25): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (26): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (27): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (28): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (29): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (30): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
  (avgpool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output size=(7, 7))
  (classifier): Sequential(
    (0): Linear(in features=25088, out features=4096, bias=True)
    (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (2): Dropout (p=0.5, inplace=False)
    (3): Linear(in features=4096, out features=4096, bias=True)
    (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (5): Dropout(p=0.5, inplace=False)
   (6): Linear(in features=4096, out features=2, bias=True)
 )
)
```

EarlyStopping

```
import numpy as np
import torch
class EarlyStopping:
    """Early stops the training if validation loss doesn't improve
after a given patience."""
    def___init__(self, patience=7, verbose=False, delta=0,
path='checkpoint.pt', trace func=print):
        self.patience = patience
        self.verbose = verbose
        self.counter = 0
        self.best score = None
        self.early stop = False
        self.val loss min = np.inf
        self.delta = delta
        self.path = path
        self.trace func = trace func
```

```
def___call__(self, val loss, model):
        score = -val loss
        if self.best score is None:
            self.best score = score
            self.save checkpoint(val loss, model)
        elif score < self.best score + self.delta:</pre>
            self.counter += 1
            if self.verbose:
                self.trace func(f'EarlyStopping counter:
{self.counter} out of {self.patience}')
            if self.counter >= self.patience:
               self.early stop = True
        else:
            self.best score = score
            self.save checkpoint(val loss, model)
            self.counter = 0
    def save checkpoint(self, val loss, model):
        if self.verbose:
            self.trace func(f'Validation loss decreased
({self.val loss min:.6f} --> {val loss:.6f}). Saving model ...')
        torch.save(model.state dict(), self.path)
        self.val loss min = val loss
device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is available() else 'cpu')
model = model.to(device)
```

Train Function

```
import torch
from tqdm import tqdm
import torch.nn.functional as F

def train(epoch, model, num_epochs, loader, criterion, 12_decay):
    learning_rate = max(lr * (0.1**(epoch / 10)), 1e-5)
    optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate,
momentum=0.9, weight_decay=12_decay)

    model.train()
    correct = 0

    for data, label in tqdm(loader, desc=f'Epoch
{epoch+1}/{num_epochs}', unit='batch'):
        data = data.float().cuda()
        label = label.long().cuda()
```

```
output = model(data)
optimizer.zero_grad()
loss = F.nll_loss(F.log_softmax(output, dim=1), label)
loss.backward()
optimizer.step()

pred = output.data.max(1)[1]
correct += pred.eq(label.data.view_as(pred)).cpu().sum()

print(f'train accuracy: {100. * correct / len(loader.dataset)}%')
```

Validation Function

```
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score, roc curve
import numpy as np
def val(model):
   name = 'validation'
    len valloader = len(valloader.dataset)
   model.eval()
   val loss = 0
   correct = 0
   all predictions = []
    all targets = [] # To store all ground truth labels across
batches
    possibilities = None
   for data, target in valloader: # Use valloader as the validation
data loader
        if torch.cuda.is available():
            data, target = data.cuda(), target.cuda()
        val output = model(data)
        val loss += F.nll loss(F.log softmax(val output, dim=1),
target, reduction='sum').item()
        pred = val output.data.max(1)[1]
        # Collect predictions and targets
        all predictions.extend(pred.cpu().numpy())
        all targets.extend(target.cpu().numpy())
        # Convert the output to probabilities using softmax
        possibility = F.softmax(val output, dim=1).cpu().data.numpy()
        if possibilities is None:
            possibilities = possibility
        else:
```

```
possibilities = np.concatenate((possibilities,
possibility), axis=0)
        correct += pred.eq(target.data.view as(pred)).cpu().sum()
    # Compute the confusion matrix using all targets and
all predictions
    cm = metrics.confusion matrix(all targets, all predictions)
    # One-hot encode the labels for AUC computation
    num classes = val output.shape[1]
    target onehot = np.eye(num classes)
[np.array(all targets).astype(int).tolist()]
    val loss /= len valloader
    fpr, tpr, _ = roc_curve(all_targets, possibilities[:, 1]) #
Assuming binary classification
    auc value = roc auc score(all targets, possibilities[:, 1])
    print('Specificity: {:.4f}, Sensitivity: {:.4f}, AUC:
{:.4f}'.format(1 - fpr[0], tpr[0], auc value))
   print('\n{} set: Average loss: {\delta f}, Accuracy: {\delta f}\%)\
n'.format(
        name, val loss, correct, len valloader,
        100. * correct / len valloader))
    return 100. * correct / len valloader, val loss, auc value
```

Model Training

```
total_epochs = 50
lr = 0.01
best_accuracy = 0
momentum = 0.9
no_cuda = False
num_classes = 2
log_interval = 10
l2_decay = 0.01

trainloader =
torch.utils.data.DataLoader(train_ds,batch_size=batch_size,shuffle=Tru
e,num_workers=2)
valloader =
torch.utils.data.DataLoader(val_ds,batch_size=batch_size,shuffle=True,num_workers=2)
criterion = torch.nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
```

```
model = CustomVGG16(num classes=num classes)
model = model.to(device)
# model.to(device) # here cuda device
num classes = 2
# model = CustomVGG16(num classes=num classes)
import os
# Model training
model.to(device) # here device is cuda
highest auc = 0
early stopping = EarlyStopping(patience=20, verbose=True)
project directory = 'tumor classification'
model type = 'vgg16'
# Directory to save model checkpoints
save directory = os.path.join('model', project directory, model type)
if not os.path.exists(save directory):
    os.makedirs(save directory)
# Training loop for a specified number of epochs
for current epoch in range(1, total epochs + 1):
    # Now pass all required arguments to the train function
    train(current epoch, model, total epochs, trainloader, criterion,
12 decay)
    # Evaluation with no gradient calculations
    with torch.no grad():
       accuracy, val loss, auc score = val(model)
        # Handle multi-GPU setups if applicable
        model state dict = (
           model.module.state dict()
            if isinstance(model, nn.parallel.DistributedDataParallel)
            else model.state dict()
        )
        # Save the model if AUC score improves
        if auc score > highest auc:
           highest auc = auc score # Update highest AUC score
            checkpoint path = os.path.join(save directory,
f'{model type} {current epoch}.pth')
            torch.save (model state dict, checkpoint path,
use new zipfile serialization=False)
           print(f"Model checkpoint saved at epoch {current epoch}
with AUC: {highest auc:.4f}")
```

```
# Early stopping based on validation loss
       early stopping (val loss, model) # test loss should be updated
in each validation
       if early stopping.early stop:
           print("Early stopping triggered")
Epoch 2/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s]
train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%
Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.8605
validation set: Average loss: 0.5209, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)
Model checkpoint saved at epoch 1 with AUC: 0.8605
Validation loss decreased (inf --> 0.520908). Saving model ...
Epoch 3/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s]
train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%
Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.7676
validation set: Average loss: 0.5126, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)
Validation loss decreased (0.520908 --> 0.512619). Saving model ...
Epoch 4/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s]
train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%
Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000
validation set: Average loss: 0.5189, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)
EarlyStopping counter: 1 out of 20
Epoch 5/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s]
train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%
Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000
validation set: Average loss: 0.5177, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)
```

EarlyStopping counter: 2 out of 20

Epoch 6/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s]

train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%

Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000

validation set: Average loss: 0.5226, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)

EarlyStopping counter: 3 out of 20

Epoch 7/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:41<00:00, 3.97batch/s]

train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%

Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000

validation set: Average loss: 0.5226, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)

EarlyStopping counter: 4 out of 20

Epoch 8/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:41<00:00, 3.96batch/s]

train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%

Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000

validation set: Average loss: 0.5198, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)

EarlyStopping counter: 5 out of 20

Epoch 9/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:41<00:00, 3.96batch/s]

train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%

Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000

validation set: Average loss: 0.5201, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)

EarlyStopping counter: 6 out of 20

Epoch 10/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:41<00:00, 3.96batch/s]

train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%

Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5213, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 7 out of 20 Epoch 11/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5224, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 8 out of 20 Epoch 12/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:41<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5214, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 9 out of 20 Epoch 13/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5208, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 10 out of 20 Epoch 14/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5211, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)

EarlyStopping counter: 11 out of 20 Epoch 15/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5207, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 12 out of 20 Epoch 16/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:41<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5212, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 13 out of 20 Epoch 17/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5215, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 14 out of 20 Epoch 18/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5213, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 15 out of 20 Epoch 19/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922%

Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5212, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 16 out of 20 Epoch 20/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:41<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5211, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 17 out of 20 Epoch 21/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:41<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5211, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 18 out of 20 Epoch 22/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000 validation set: Average loss: 0.5211, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%) EarlyStopping counter: 19 out of 20 Epoch 23/50: 100% | 639/639 [02:40<00:00, 3.97batch/s] train accuracy: 72.79534149169922% Specificity: 1.0000, Sensitivity: 0.0000, AUC: 0.5000

validation set: Average loss: 0.5211, Accuracy: 1581/1989 (79.49%)

```
EarlyStopping counter: 20 out of 20 Early stopping triggered
```

Test Function

```
import torch
import torch.nn.functional as F
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score, roc curve, auc
import numpy as np
def test (model, testloader): # Changed test dataloader to testloader
   name = 'test'
    len testloader = len(testloader.dataset) # Corrected reference to
testloader
   model.eval()
   test loss = 0
   correct = 0
   possibilities = None # Corrected variable name
   all predictions = []
   label names = ['benign', 'malignant'] # Labels for classification
   # Iterate over test data
    for data, target in testloader: # Changed test dataloader to
testloader
        if torch.cuda.is available():
            data, target = data.cuda(), target.cuda()
        # Forward pass
        test_output = model(data) # Corrected variable name
        test_loss += F.nll_loss(F.log_softmax(test_output, dim=1),
target, reduction='sum').item() # Corrected test output
        # Get predictions
        , pred = test output.data.max(1) # Getting class predictions
        all predictions.append(pred.cpu().numpy())
        # Softmax probabilities for AUC
        possibility = F.softmax(test output, dim=1).cpu().data.numpy()
# Corrected test output
        if possibilities is None:
           possibilities = possibility
           possibilities = np.concatenate((possibilities,
possibility), axis=0)
        correct +=
pred.eq(target.data.view as(pred)).cpu().sum().item() # Accumulate
```

```
correct predictions
    # Flatten the list of predictions
    all predictions = [i for item in all predictions for i in item]
    # Classification metrics -> accuracy, f1 score
   print (metrics.classification report(target.cpu().numpy(),
all_predictions, labels=range(2), target_names=label names, digits=4))
# Corrected target variable
    # Confusion matrix
    cm = metrics.confusion matrix(target.cpu().numpy(),
all predictions, labels=range(2))  # Corrected target variable
   print('Confusion Matrix:')
   print(cm)
    # AUC calculation
    fpr, tpr, thresholds = roc curve(target.cpu().numpy(),
possibilities.ravel()) # Corrected target variable
    auc value = auc(fpr, tpr)
    # Output Specificity, Sensitivity, and AUC
    print(f'Specificity: {1 - fpr[0]:.4f}, Sensitivity: {tpr[0]:.4f},
AUC: {auc value:.4f}')
    # Average loss and accuracy
    print(f'\n{name} set: Average loss: {test loss /
len testloader:.4f}, Accuracy: {correct}/{len testloader} ({100. *
correct / len testloader:.2f}%) \n')
    return 100. * correct / len testloader, test loss /
len testloader, auc value
```