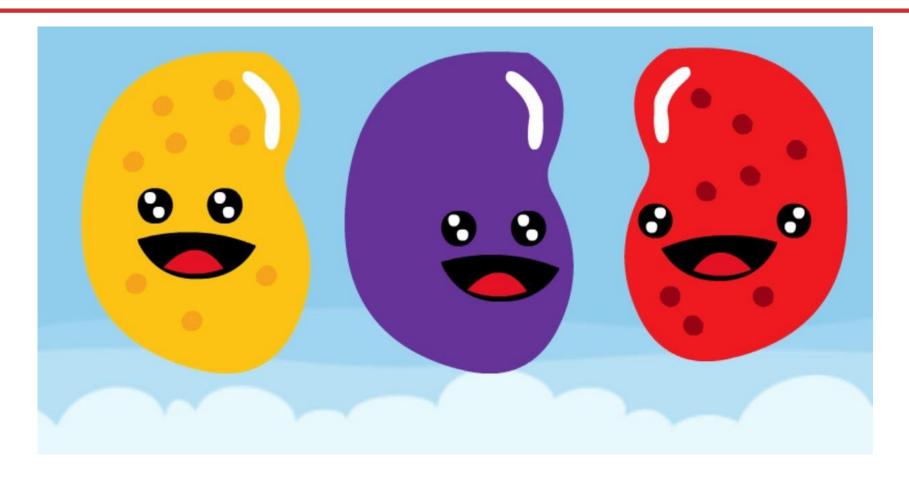
JavaScript Juggernauts

The Coding Bootcamp



JavaScript Juggernauts.

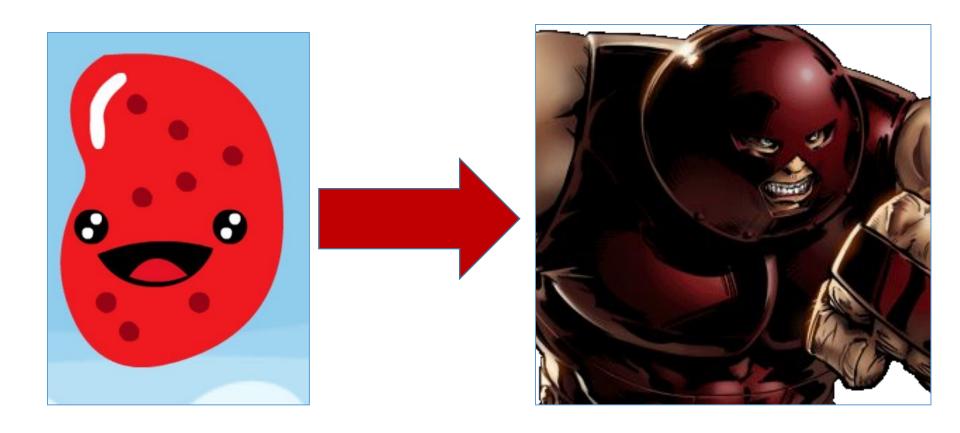
But right now...



Maybe feeling like

JavaScript Jellybeans.

Transformation to Come



HANG IN THERE!

Today's Class

Objectives

In today's class we'll be covering:

- JavaScript Functions
- JavaScript Objects
- Building Simple JavaScript Applications

Functions

Code Dissection: Array Building

- Run the program sent to you via slack.
- Then, with a partner, fill in the missing comments for each line of code.
- Make sure both of you can fully explain what each line means.
- Be prepared to share with the class.

Instructor: Demo

(SuperHeroLogging_NoFunctions.html | 2-SuperHeroLogging)

Mondo Repetitive...

```
// For Loop for Brands
for (var i = 0; i < brands.length; i++) {</pre>
  console.log(brands[i]);
console.log("-----");
// For Loop for Heroes
for (var i = 0; i < heroes.length; i++) {</pre>
  console.log(heroes[i]);
console.log("-----");
// For Loop for booksOnMyShelf
for (var i = 0; i < booksOnMyShelf.length; i++) {</pre>
  console.log(booksOnMyShelf[i]);
console.log("----");
for (var i = 0; i < thingsInFrontOfMe.length; i++) {</pre>
  console.log(thingsInFrontOfMe[i]);
console.log("----");
for (var i = 0; i < howIFeel.length; i++) {</pre>
  console.log(howIFeel[i]);
console.log("----");
```

Who wants to maintain this?

Hint: No one.

Instructor: Demo

(SuperHeroLogging_WithFunctions.html | 2-SuperHeroLogging)

Much Better with Functions!

```
// Here we create a "Function" that allows us to "call" (run) the loop for any array we wish.
// We pass in an array as an "argument".
function consoleInside(arr) {

   // We then loop through the selected array.
   for (var i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {

      // Each time we print the value inside the array.
      console.log(arr[i]);
   }
   console.log("-----");
}</pre>
```

Squeaky Clean Code. Minimal repetition

Code Creation: Function Building

- Working in pairs and using the starter file sent to you via slack—fill in the missing functions and function calls.
- Note: Try to finish all four functions if you can, but don't be distressed if you only get 1 or 2. The important thing is that you get at least one function fully done.
- HINT: Look back to the previous example if you need help.

Objects

Instructor: Demo

(GoodArray.html | 4-GoodArray)

Instructor: Demo

(JoanOfArcArrays.html | 5-JoanOfArcArrays)

```
var joanOfArcInfoParts = ["Real Name", "Grew Up Where", "Known For", "Scars", "Symbolism"];

var joanOfArcInfoValues = ["Jehanne la Pucelle.", "Domremy, a village in northeastern France.",
    "Peasant girl, daughter of a farmer, who rose to become Commander of the French army.",
    "Took an arrow to the shoulder and a crossbow bolt to the thigh while trying to liberate Paris.",
    "Stands for French unity and nationalism."];
```

Relating two separate arrays is <u>not fun</u>.

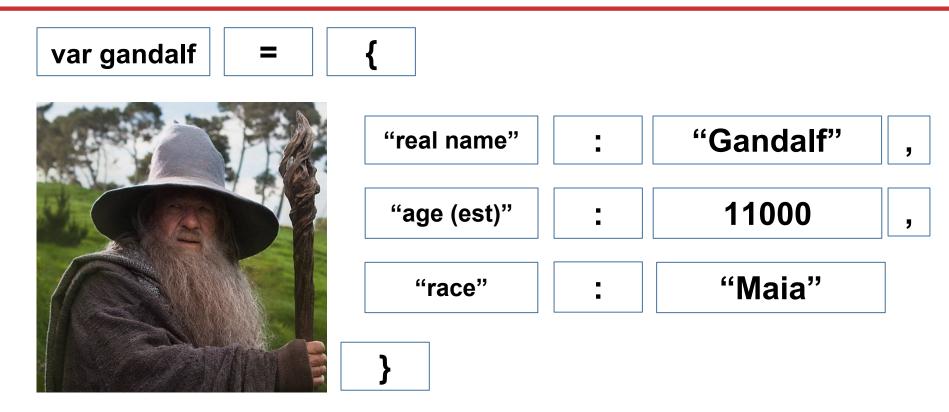
Instructor: Demo

(gandalf-the-grey-objects.html | 30-GandalfTheGreyObjects)

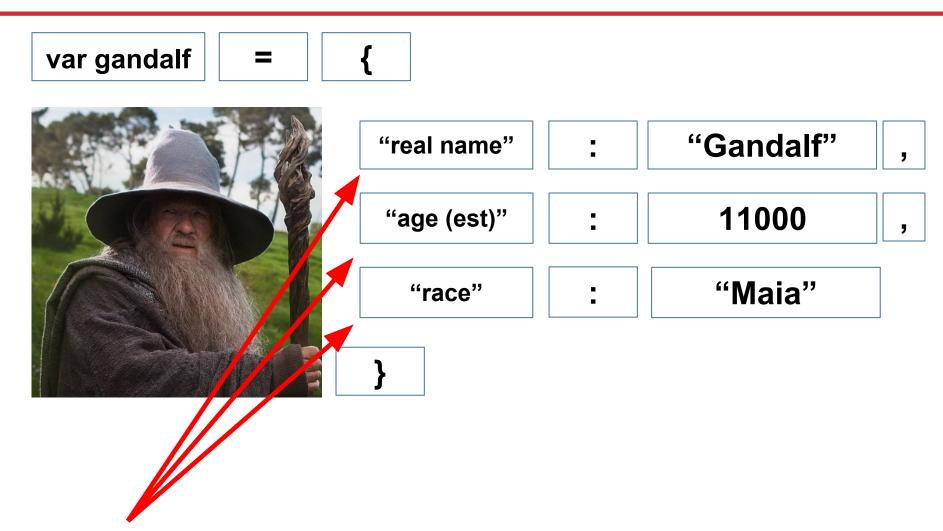
Gandalf – The Object

```
var gandalf = {
           "real name": "Gandalf",
           "age (est)": 11000,
           "race": "Maia",
           "haveRetirementPlan": true,
           "aliases": [
            "Stormcrow",
            "Mithrandir",
            "Gandalf the Grey",
            "Gandalf the White"
        alert("My name is " + gandalf["real name"]);
27
        if (gandalf.haveRetirementPlan) {
30
          var ageProperty = "age (est)";
          var years = gandalf[ageProperty];
          alert("My 401k has been gathering interest for " + years + " years!");
```

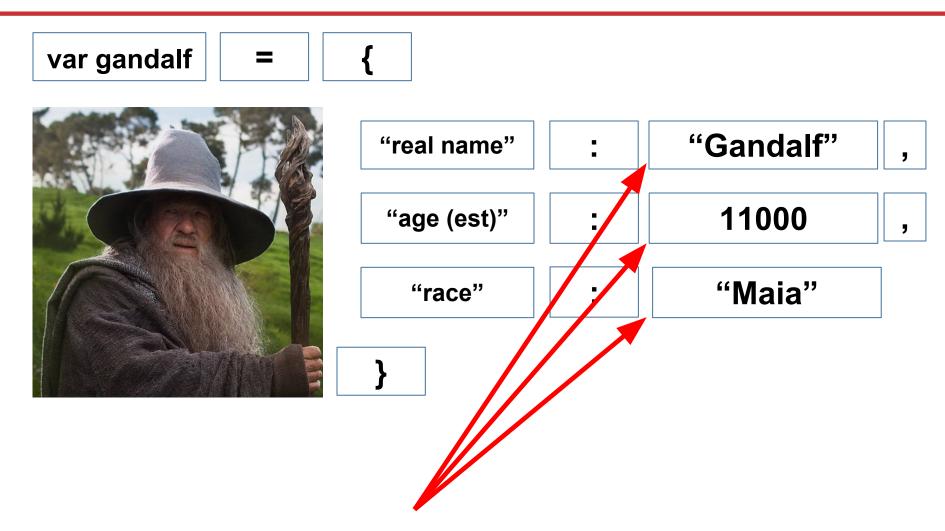
Gandalf's "properties" and "values" are associated in object form, making it easy to recall specific data.



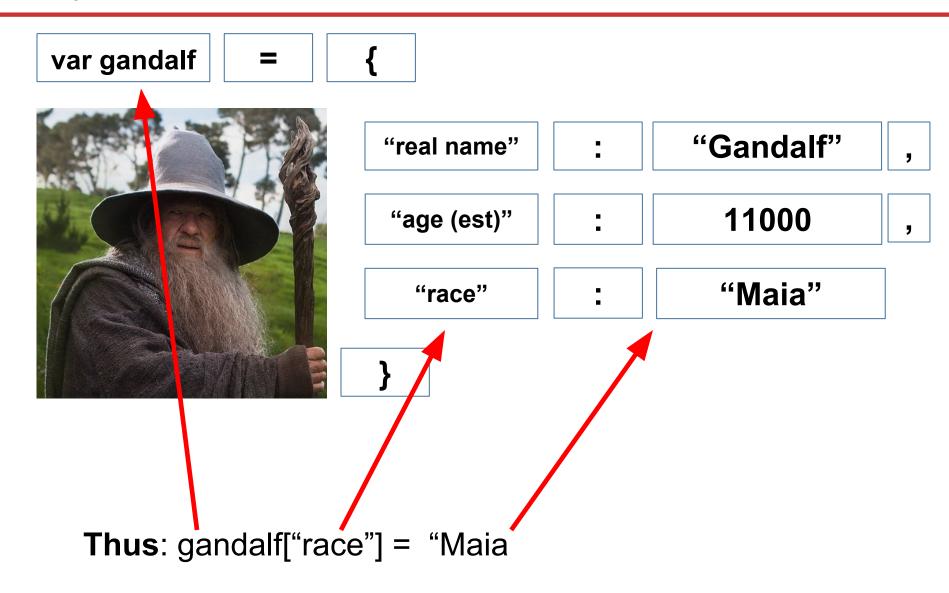
This is Gandalf. According to code... Gandalf is an Object.



These are Gandalf's **properties** (like descriptors).



These are the "values" of Gandalf's properties.



Instructor: Repeat Demo

(gandalf-the-grey-objects.html | 30-GandalfTheGreyObjects)

Code Dissection / Creation: Basic Objects

- With a partner, spend the next few moments studying the code just slacked to you.
- Then, write code below each comment to log the relevant information about the provided car object.
- Bonus: If you finish early, create a brand new object of your own. Slack out a snippet of the code to the class when you are done. Be Creative!

Instructor: Demo in Browser

(carGame_Solved.html | 8-CarGame)

Code Creation: Run that Car!

- Using the code from the previous activity as a starting point, create a complete application such that:
 - Users can enter keyboard input (letters).
 - Each of the car's methods are assigned to a key.
 - When the user presses a key it calls the appropriate function.
 - These letters also trigger a global function called reWriteStats() that logs the car's make, model, color, mileage, and isWorking status to the console.
 - **HINT:** You will need to use the document.onkeyup() function to collect input from the user's keyboard.

Everyone Do: Scope & Callbacks

TA: Demo

(Homework Videos!)

Extra Activity: Trivia Game

- With whatever class time remains, complete the following activity in pairs.
- Starting from a blank HTML file:
 - Create an object with 10 questions. The object should be structured like this:

q1: ["QUESTION", "ANSWER"] q2: ["QUESTION", "ANSWER"]

- Then create code that will ask the user questions, one by one. The user must answer by hitting t (for true) or f (for false).
- Check the user's answer against the correct answer, and provide them with an alert telling them if they are right or wrong.

Bonus: Keep track of the user's score.

Hint: Don't worry about having DRY code to start with. Just focus on getting working code first.

Questions