

Hugbúnaðarverkefni 1 / Software Project 1

1. Introduction

HBV501G - Fall 2018

Matthias Book



Doctor Who?

Dr. Matthias Book, Professor of Software Engineering

Contact information

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No fixed office hours, make appointments by e-mail anytime

Background

- Studied Computer Science for Engineers at Universities of Dortmund and Montana
- Doctoral degree from University of Leipzig
- Researcher and lecturer at Universities of Duisburg-Essen and Chemnitz
- Research manager at software development company adesso in Dortmund
- Teaching at University of Iceland since 2014



Research Interests

Interaction among software project stakeholders

- Facilitating effective communication between team members from heterogeneous backgrounds (business, technology, management...)
- Identifying risks, uncertainties and value drivers early in a project, and focusing collaboration on these aspects rather than on business/technology trivia

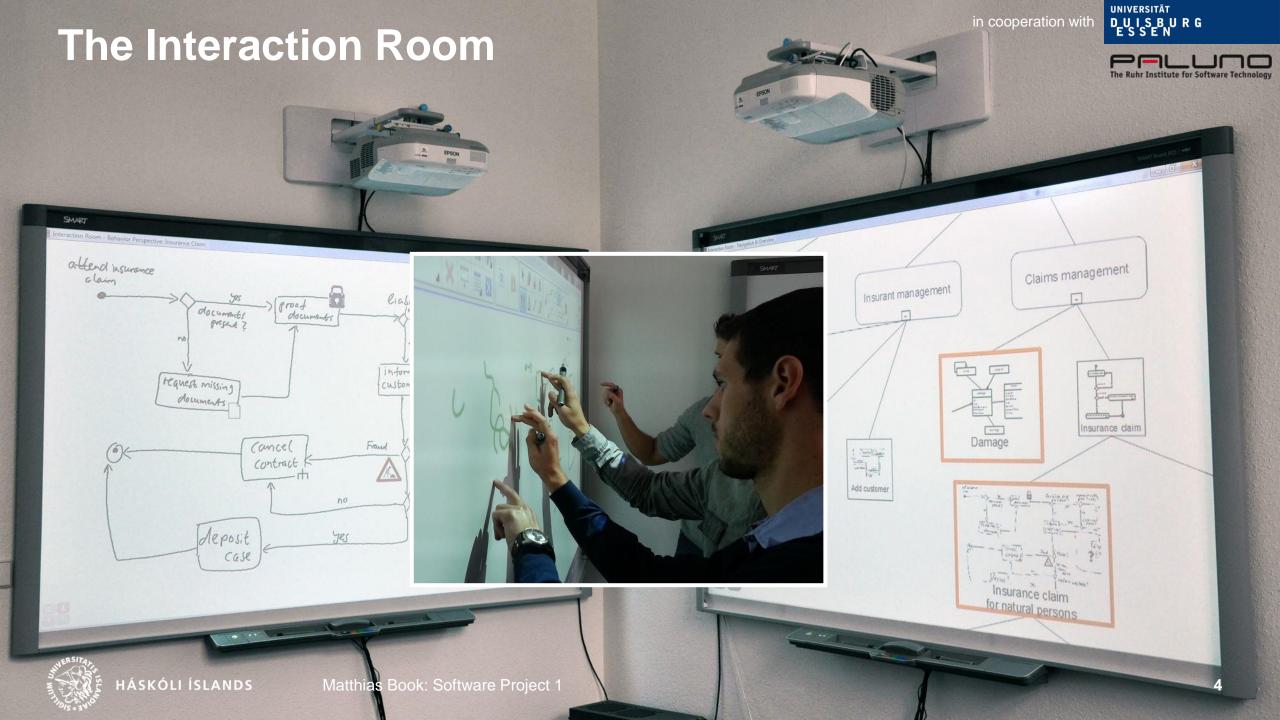
Multi-modal and sketch-based user interfaces

- Specifying and controlling user interactions with software systems through 2D and 3D gestures, voice commands etc.
- Sketch-based software engineering: Understanding and manipulating software artifacts through sketches on code, models, user interfaces

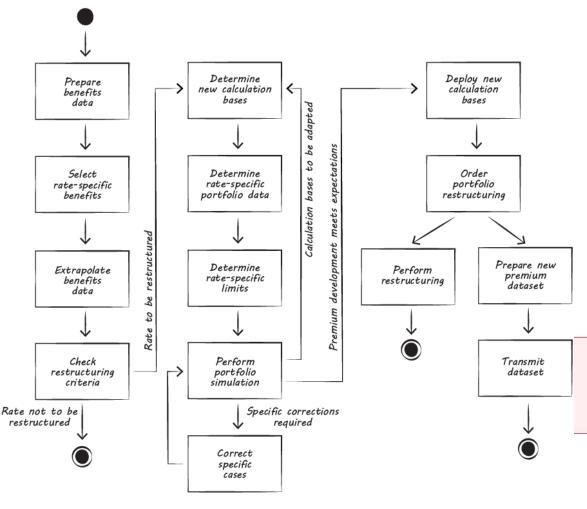
Software engineering for high-performance computing

- Using software engineering methods and tools to efficiently develop scientific software
- B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. projects on these topics available or suggest your own!





Sketch-based Software Engineering

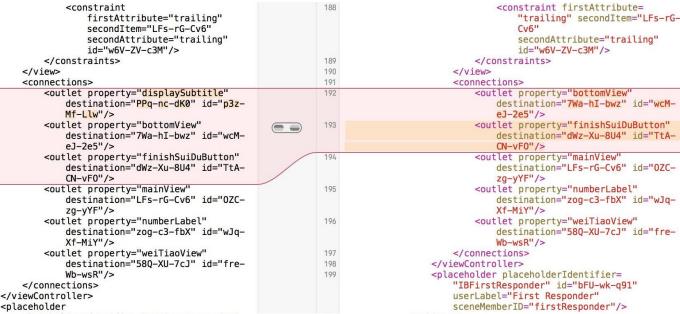


Sketch-based Test Case Specification

Goal: Enable developers to use sketching

- not just to help them think about software engineering activities
- but as an interaction modality to perform and complete activities directly

Sketch-based Code Merging





Course Scope

- After a first taste of programming-in-the-large...
 - One simple approach to agile software development (HBV401G)
- ...now a more in-depth look at different software engineering paradigms:
 - Plan-driven development and web engineering (HBV501G)
 - Agile development and mobile software engineering (HBV601G)

Course aims:

- Learn about the different software engineering methods at your disposal for
 - requirements, estimation, architecture, design, integration, testing, management
- Gather more practical experience with these approaches
 - in the context of two different technologies (web and mobile)
 - in the context of two different system landscapes (green-field and brown-field)
- > Make well-informed method decisions and avoid pitfalls in your future industry projects



Are You in the Right Course?

Proper sequence:

- HBV401G Software Development (prerequisite: HBV201G, TÖL101G, TÖL203G)
- ➤ HBV501G Software Project 1 (prerequisite: HBV401G)
- HBV601G Software Project 2 (prerequisite: HBV501G)

Not recommended to skip HBV401G before taking HBV501G

- Knowledge and project experience from 2nd year courses is expected
- HBV402G (Software Development A) is not equivalent preparation
- HBV501G and HBV601G are designed to be taken in sequence (continuous project)
- You may not have enough time in the spring semester to accomplish required project work for HBV401G and HBV601G in parallel



Course Schedule (tentative)

Week	Thu: Team Consultations	Fri: Lectures	Sun: Assignments due
1		Introduction	
2	Phase 1: Inception	Rational Unified Process	Team Formation (9 Sep)
3	Phase 1: Inception	Requirements Engineering	
4	Phase 1: Inception	Spring Web Applications	#1: Vision & Use Cases (23 Sep)
5	Vision & UC Present. (27 Sep)	Spring Web Persistence	
6	Phase 2: Elaboration	Behavior Models	
7	Phase 2: Elaboration		#2: Behavior Model (14 Oct)
8	Behavior Model Present. (18 Oct)	Domain Models	
9	Phase 2: Elaboration	Design Models	
10	Phase 3: Construction	Design Patterns	#3: Design Model (4 Nov)
11	Design Model Present. (8 Nov)	Design Patterns	Exchange code w other team (11 Nov)
12	Phase 3: Construction	Web Presentation Layer	#4: Code Review Report (18 Nov)
13	Code Review Present. (22 Nov)	Interaction Room	
14	Project Presentation (29 Nov)	Final Exam Prep	#5: Final Project (2 Dec)



Matthias Book: Software Project 1

Course Structure

Lectures

Friday 13:20-14:50, HT-104

Project team consultations

- Weekly meetings with tutors
 - to discuss requirements, design, questions
 - to present assignment deliverables
- Thursday 08:30-11:30, V-152
 - Teams 1-10: 08:30-09:30
 - Teams 11-20: 09:30-10:30
 - Teams 21-30: 10:30-11:30
- Please bring your laptop!

Project team meetings

Scheduled freely among team members

Project teams

3-4 students per team

Project topics

- Your own project idea
 - e.g. a service, community, game, etc.

Basic architectural requirements

- Server-side back-end logic
 - implemented using Java Spring framework
- Client-side front-end
 - HBV501G: HTML/JS in web browser
 - HBV601G: native Android app



Some Project Ideas

- News aggregator
- Educational game
- Entertainment game
- Consumer survey
- Dictionary
- Geo information
- Recipe database
- Image sharing
- Playlist management

- Scheduling
- Community
- Job market
- Sports statistics
- Workout tracker
- Language learning
- Tournament management
- Rehabilitation support
- etc.



Team Formation

- How: Sign up on Doodle (https://doodle.com/poll/v56843zigu2vkbub)
 - Enter your name and HÍ e-mail account example: "Jón Jónsson (jj1)"
 - Choose your desired team (max. 4 members per team; 3 recommended)
 - Note: Your team number determines your consultation time slot (see slide 9)
 - Ideally, form teams offline and let one person enter the names of all team members at once
 - If you can't find team members offline:
 - If you are early: Sign up for an empty group and wait for people to join
 - If you are late: Join a group that has only 1-2 members
 - If you can find only groups with 3 members: Introduce yourself, ask what they are planning to build, and if it's ok to join them
 - If you are looking for teams or team members: Communicate through Piazza
 - To change your group affiliation: Delete your previous Doodle entry and create a new one
 - Do not edit other people's Doodle entries! Resolve assignment conflicts by e-mail
- When: by next Wednesday (5 Sep)
 - So you can start working on your project idea together in the first consultation on Thursday
 - Team formation needs to be finalized by Sun 9 Sep at the latest



Assignments

- 5 team assignments:
 - 1. Project vision & requirements:
 - Behavior model & software skeleton:
 - 3. Design model:
 - 4. Code review:
 - 5. Final product:
- Expected quality: Assignment deliverables should be
 - of **realistic scope** for your project
 - i.e. not specification for its own sake
 - but also don't tell us "No need to write this down, we've got it all in our head"
 - of professional quality, i.e.
 - clean and syntactically correct
 - suitable to show your boss

due Sun 23 Sep due Sun 14 Oct due Sun 4 Nov due Sun 11 Nov (exchange) / 18 Nov (report) due Sun 2 Dec

- Expected level of detail: Should reflect team's level of (un)certainty
 - If you are sure about something:
 - include relevant details in the document
 - If you are unsure about something:
 - If now would be a good time to figure it out:
 Solve it in team and include in doc.
 - If you prefer to leave it open at this time: Mention why & what would be options, and be prepared to discuss with tutor



Preview: Assignment 1: Vision Document & Use Cases

• Two of the most important artefacts created in the Inception phase are:

1. The Vision and Scope document

- Describing what you want to build, what its key features/capabilities will be, who will use it...
- Imagine having to convince your boss or an investor to provide funding for the project
 - What would they want to know to be convinced?

2. The initial Use Case document

- Describing the most important use cases of your product
- i.e. the primary things that your system is supposed to be able to do
- Producing these documents and explaining the considerations that went into them will be your job in Team Assignment 1.



Preview: Assignment 2: Behavior Model & Skeleton

- After defining the project vision and familiarizing yourself with implementation technologies, the next step is designing the technical solutions that shall be implemented to satisfy the application requirements.
- The behavior model includes UML sequence, activity and/or state diagrams
 - explaining how classes work together, how objects or components change state, etc.
- A software skeleton serves as a backbone for your future system, showing that you are familiar with the technology and can add features incrementally..
- Producing the behavioral model and software skeleton, and explaining the considerations that went into them, will be your job in Team Assignment 2.



Preview: Assignment 3: Design Model

 After defining the project vision and familiarizing yourself with implementation technologies, the next step is designing the technical solutions that shall be implemented to satisfy the application requirements.

The design model includes UML class diagrams

- defining the technical classes your software system will be comprised of, and their relationships
- Producing the design model and explaining the considerations that went into it will be your job in Team Assignment 3.



Preview: Assignment 4: Code Review

- To get experience in working with unfamiliar code, you'll review another team's code toward the end of the semester as Team Assignment 4.
- Make the project documents and code you created available to another team.
- Take one week to review the other team's code and briefly document your findings:
 - Examine how they structured their system. Do vision document and design model help to understand it?
 - Make suggestions for improvement in component design, technology use and coding style.
 - What did you like? Which questions did you run into? What would you recommend to change?
- In the consultations, **discuss** your findings with the other team and your tutor.



Preview: Assignment 5: Final Project

- In the last week, demonstrate and explain your product in class:
 - 1. **Product:** What does your system do? Demonstrate the key use cases of your product.
 - 2. Architecture: How does your product work? Explain architecture & key design decisions.
 - 3. Process: How did you build the system? Relate and interpret challenges you faced.
- Afterwards, submit in Ugla:
 - The source code of your final product, including everything required to build and run it
 - The slides of the presentation you gave in class



General Assignment Format

- Required deliverables (documents / models / code) must
 - be produced by all team members together
 - be submitted in one PDF document by specified deadline in Ugla
 - contain your team number, the names and kennitölur of all team members
 - indicate who will present the assignment
- Submissions are due at 23:59 on Sundays
 - No individual extensions missing submissions receive a grade of 0!
 - But undefined grace period until whenever tutors download submissions from Ugla
 - Only the team member who will present must submit a document for the whole team
- The presentation must
 - be given by one representative of the team (a different one for each assignment)
 - be based on the submitted document (don't prepare extra slides)
 - take around 5-10 minutes (plus some questions asked by the tutor)



Project Grading

- The project grade depends on the deliverables submitted and the presentation given for each assignment.
 - Grading criteria will be published together with assignment.
- All team members receive same grade for deliverables submitted for an assignment
 - Each assignment weighs 17% of project grade
- Over the course of the semester, each team member must lead the presentation of at least one assignment to tutor
 - Focus: Don't just tell us what you did, but why you decided to do it this way.
 - The presenting team member receives an individual grade for their presentation ("6th assignment", weighs 15% of project grade)
 - If someone shares or gives several presentations, weights are adapted accordingly
- The resulting project grade weighs 30-70% of the final course grade.



Grade Weights

- Assessment of team contribution
 - At the end of the semester, all team members assess how much each of their team mates contributed to the project.
 - Contribution votes are normalized to obtain each team member's contribution factor.
- Depending on team members' individual contributions, the weight of their project and final exam grades will be individually adjusted between 30% and 70%
 - Below-average contribution → lower weight of project grade, higher weight of exam grade
 - Average contribution → equal weight of project and exam grade (50:50)
 - Above-average contribution → higher weight of project grade, lower weight of exam grade
- More details toward end of course



Final Exam

- Date & Time: TBA
- Focus: Understanding of software engineering concepts and methods
- Scope: Lecture slides

 (i.e. contents of Námsefni folder)
 - Note: The spoken part is relevant too!
- Style: Written exam
 - Write into given spaces on exam sheets
 - Mark exam sheets only with your exam number, not your name
- Weight: 30-70% of final course grade

Tools:

- One sheet of handwritten material allowed
 - i.e. blank A4 sheets with your own ink
 - no photocopied notes
 - no margin notes in printed lecture slides
- Dictionary allowed (in book form)
- No electronic devices allowed

• Questions:

- Explain / argue / discuss / calculate...
- No optional questions
- But answers that exceed expectations can make up for deficiencies elsewhere

Answers:

- in English
- short paragraphs of whole sentences
- small code fragments / models



Optional In-Class Quizzes

- To encourage class attendance: Small quizzes in most lectures
 - Solved and handed in during class
 - Graded on usual scale (0...11), with 0 for any quizzes that are not handed in
 - 2 quizzes may be skipped without impacting the quiz grade
- Grades of all in-class quizzes will be averaged into one final quiz grade
- Quiz grade can improve your final exam grade:
 - All the normal final exam questions add up to 100% (as usual)
 - Quiz grade will be counted as an optional additional final exam question worth 7.5%
- ➤ If you don't participate in any quizzes, you can still get top marks on the exam
- ➤ If you do participate in quizzes, the quiz grade can improve your exam grade by up to 11 on a 7.5% question, and thereby make up for deficiencies elsewhere



Grading Scheme

- All contributing factors are graded on a scale of 0...11
 - Grading criteria for assignment deliverables
 - Individual presentation quality
 - Questions on in-class quizzes
 - Questions on final exam
- All factors are averaged using the published weights, without rounding
 - Exceptional performance (11) on some factors can outweigh lower performance elsewhere
- Resulting final grade is rounded to nearest half point
 - In case of a passed exam, final grade is capped at 10.0
 - In case of a failed exam, final grade is capped at 4.5
- Need a passing project grade to be allowed to final exam
 - If project grade is not sufficient, need to do a project again next year
- Need a passing project and exam grade to pass the course
 - Failed exam can be re-taken during the resit period
 - No need (and not possible) to redo a passed project
 - Project grade remains valid for only one year though



Previous Course Feedback / Expectation Management

"Too little emphasis on programming, too much SE / OO / UML"

- HBV501G is a <u>software engineering</u>, not a web programming class
- OO is most common conceptualization & implementation of basic modularization principles
 - Good practice to apply these principles even if the programming language doesn't enforce them
- UML is communication standard of international software engineering community
 - Lots of valid criticism of UML that's why I'm teaching only what you really need to know
- Companies expect you to be not just a programmer, but a software engineer –
 i.e. someone who can
 - talk to users, managers and other engineers, and understand what they need
 - come up with efficient solutions, and make them happen on schedule/budget in a team that can still work with the code after you are gone
- This is fundamental methodical knowledge for working in commercial projects (most of which are legacy, not startup projects), and for pursuing a Master's degree in Iceland and abroad

"HBV assignments are repetitive"

 Key software engineering skills (identifying requirements, designing software components, applying design patterns, managing teamwork) grow only with practical experience



Previous Course Feedback / Expectation Management

"Why produce all these complex documents for a simple class project?"

- Plan-driven processes by nature are more document-heavy than agile processes
- I agree it's a bit artificial in a course, but you need to practice this approach as well
- Practicing a new method is easier on a simple example project
- There is value in the documents see them as a tool, not a chore
 - "The vision document was the one thing we kept coming back to" (a team's project retrospective)

"Assignments are unclear"

- Read tasks carefully, ask questions and get feedback on drafts early
- Adopt professional perspective: "What would make your boss and team mates happy?"
 - precise writing, clean modeling, clean coding, honoring deadlines and commitments, thinking ahead, finding solutions, explaining your reasoning, helping team mates

"Lectures are too text-heavy"

- No single good textbook, so slides intended for review, exam prep, reference on the job
 - "The HBV classes are saving my life here" (former student now working in a bank)



Course Support

- Questions and feedback welcome anytime! Preferably:
 - in class
 - in team consultations
 - in Piazza (enroll at https://piazza.com/hi.is/fall2018/hbv501g)

See Ugla for

- Slides (for download after each lecture)
- Important course announcements

Teaching staff

Matthias Book (<u>book@hi.is</u>)

Daníel Páll Jóhannsson (<u>dpj@hi.is</u>)

Andri Valur Guðjohnsen (<u>avg4@hi.is</u>)



Suggested Literature

(for more in-depth reading – not mandatory to buy for course)

Requirements Engineering

Karl Wiegers, Joy Beatty: Software Requirements. Microsoft Press, 2013

Java Web Application Development

- Spring Framework Documentation. http://spring.io/docs
- Tejaswini Mandar Jog: Learning Spring 5.0. Packt, 2017
- Java Enterprise Edition Documentation. https://docs.oracle.com/javaee/7/index.html
- Nicholas S. Williams: Professional Java for Web Applications. Wrox, 2014

Object-oriented Analysis and Design

- Craig Larman: Applying UML and Patterns. Prentice Hall, 2004
- Eric Freeman, Bert Bates: Head First Design Patterns. O'Reilly, 2004

Unified Process

- The Rational Unified Process. http://sce.uhcl.edu/helm/rationalunifiedprocess/
- Per Kroll, Philippe Kruchten: The Rational Unified Process Made Easy A Practitioner's Guide to the RUP. Addison-Wesley, 2003



Course Advertisement

Security Requirements Engineering for Cyber-Physical Systems (TÖL505M)

- 2-credit course for Bachelor and Master students
- 4 weeks (10 Sep 5 Oct), 4 lectures, 2 assignments
 - Tentative schedule (likely subject to change):
 Wednesdays 10:00-11:30 & Fridays 13:20-14:50 @ Interaction Room (Tæknigarður 227)
- Lecturer: Shafiq ur Rehman, MSc (University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany)
 - Contact: shafiq@hi.is, book@hi.is

Contents:

- Basic definitions of security threats, security goals and risk assessment
- Overview of concepts associated with industrial cybersecurity
- Main security threats to software development lifecycle
- Types of attacks on critical infrastructure
- Main standards and methodologies of security requirements engineering





Let's get started!

book@hi.is



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