1) 
$$f(x) = 2(1-x)$$
,  $0 < x < 1$  Find Variance USe  
 $f(x) = 2 - 2x$   
 $f(x)$ 

$$E(x^{2}) = \int_{0}^{1} (2-2\pi)x^{2} dx$$

$$= \int_{0}^{1} 2x^{2} - 2x^{3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2x^{3}}{3} - \frac{2x^{4}}{1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2CO^{3}}{3} - \frac{2CO^{4}}{1} - \left[ \frac{2CO^{3}}{3} - \frac{2CO^{4}}{1} \right]$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{4} - \left[ 0 - 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{8}{12} - \frac{6}{12}$$

$$= \frac{8-6}{12}$$

$$E(x^{3}) = \frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{9-6}{54}$$
St. dev =  $\sqrt{6}$ 

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{12}} = 0.235$$

$$\frac{3}{3} + (x,y) = K(0c^{2}+y^{2}) \quad 30 \leq x \leq 60, 30 \leq y \leq 90$$
(i) Find K
$$\int_{30}^{60} \int_{30}^{50} K(x^{2}+y^{2}) dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{50} \int_{30}^{60} \left[ K_{0}c^{2} + Ky^{2} \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy = 1$$

$$\int_{30}^{60} \left[ \frac{K_{0}c^{2}}{3} + Ky^{2}x \right] dx dy$$

$$K\left(2083333.3333 - 460000 - 1260000 + 270000 + 663333.3333 - 4663333.3333 - 16633333.3333 - 16633333.3333 - 16633333.3333 - 16633333.3333 - 1663336166.6666 - 1666$$

$$= \int_{40}^{60} 0.0163584184y + \frac{ky^{3}(49)}{3} - \frac{ky^{3}(39)}{3}$$

$$= 0.0163584184(69) - 0.0163584184(49) + \frac{k(60)^{3}(49)}{3}$$

$$- \frac{k(66)^{3}(39)}{3} - \frac{k(40)^{3}(49)}{3} + \frac{k(40)^{3}(39)}{3}$$

$$= 1.4349489765 + 0.7346938775 - 6.966132663$$

$$+ 0.4897959183$$

$$= 0.3970025483$$

$$= 0.3970025483$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{x^{3}}{3} + y^{2}x \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} + y^{2}x \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} + y^{2}x \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} + y^{2}(40) - \frac{302^{3}}{3} + y^{2}(30) \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} - \frac{30^{3}}{3} + y^{2}(40) - y^{2}(30) \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} - \frac{30^{3}}{3} + y^{2}(40 - 30) \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} - \frac{30^{3}}{3} + y^{2}(40 - 30) \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} - \frac{30^{3}}{3} + y^{2}(40 - 30) \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} - \frac{30^{3}}{3} + y^{2}(40 - 30) \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} - \frac{30^{3}}{3} + y^{2}(40 - 30) \right] dy$$

$$= \int_{30}^{40} \left[ \frac{y^{3}}{3} - \frac{30^{3}}{3} + \frac{y^{2}}{3} + \frac{y^{$$

$$= K \left[ H0 \left( H0^{\frac{3}{3}-20^{\frac{3}{3}}} \right) + 10 \left( H0^{\frac{3}{3}} \right) - 30 \left( H0^{\frac{3}{3}-30^{\frac{3}{3}}} \right) + 10 \left( H0^{\frac{3}{3}} \right) - 10 \left( H0^{\frac{3}{3}} \right) - 10 \left( H0^{\frac{3}{3}} \right) + 10 \left( H0^{\frac{3}{3}} \right) - 10 \left( H0^{\frac{3}{3}}$$

3 
$$+(x,y) = \frac{2c+y}{3o}$$

Y/x | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3

0.03333333 | 0.0666667 | 0.1

1 0.033333333 | 0.06666667 | 0.1

2 | 0.13333333

2 | 0.06666667 | 0.1 | 0.13333333 | 0.16666667

Plan substituting value of X<sub>1</sub> y into the equation  $+(x,y) = \frac{2c+y}{3o}$  the obove table was generated

i)  $P(x \le 2 \ y=1)$ 
 $P(0, 0 + P(1, 1) + P(2, 1)$ 

0.033333333 + 0.066666667 + 0.1

 $= 0.2$ 

(ii)  $P(x>2$ ,  $y \le 1$ )

 $P(3,0) + P(3,1)$ 

0.1 + 0.133333333

 $= 0.2333333333$ 

(iii) 
$$P(x > y)$$
 $P(1,0) + P(2,0) + P(3,0) + P(2,1) + P(3,1) + P(3,3)$ 
 $P(1,0) + P(2,0) + P(3,0) + P(2,1) + P(3,1) + P(3,3)$ 
 $P(3,0) = 0.1$ 
 $P(3,0) = 0.1$ 
 $P(2,1) = 0.1$ 
 $P(2,2) = 0.1$ 

B -> Event that altready coused