

Assignment-15

Develop a simple linear regression model using RMSprop optimizer.

Sample(i)	x_i	y_i
1	0.2	3.4
2	0.4	3.8

Do manual calculations for 2 iterations with first 2 samples.

Step 1: Read dataset, set $\eta = 0.1$, epochs = 2, $m = 1$,
 $c = -1$, $E_{g_m, 0}^2 = E_{g_c, 0}^2 = 0$

Step 2: Set sample iter = 1

Step 3: Set Sample = 1

Step 4: Calculate g_m and g_c

$$g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.4 + 0.8) * 0.2 \\ = -0.84$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(3.4 + 0.8) \\ = -4.2$$

Step 5: Calculate exponential decay average

$$E_{g_m, t}^2 \quad \& \quad E_{g_c, t}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{g_m, t}^2 &= \gamma E_{g_m, t-1}^2 + (1-\gamma) [g_m]^2 \\ &= 0.9 \times 0 + (1-0.9) \times (-0.84)^2 \\ &= 0.071 \end{aligned}$$

$$E_{g_c, t}^2 = \gamma E_{g_c, t-1}^2 + (1-\gamma) [g_c]^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 0.9 \times 0 + (1-0.9) \times (-4.2)^2 \\ &= 1.764 \end{aligned}$$

Step 6: Update m and c

$$m = m - \frac{\eta}{\sqrt{E_{g_m, t}^2 + \epsilon}} \times g_m$$

$$= 1 - \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{0.071 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-0.84)$$

$$= 1.315$$

$$C = c - \frac{\eta}{\sqrt{E_{g_{c,t}}^2 + E}} \cdot g_c$$

$$= -1 - \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{1.764 + 10^{-8}}} \cdot (-4.2)$$

$$= -0.683$$

Step. 7. Sample = Sample + 1 = 2 not > n_s

Step. 8 : Calculate g_m and g_c

$$g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.8 - 0.157) \cdot 0.4$$

$$= -1.46$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(3.8 - 0.157)$$

$$= -3.643$$

Step. 9: Calculate exponential decay args.

$$E_{g_{m,t}}^2 \text{ and } E_{g_{c,t}}^2$$

$$E^2_{g_{m,t}} = 0.9 * 0.071 + (1-0.9) * (-1.46)^2$$

$$= 0.277$$

$$E^2_{g_{c,t}} = 0.9 * 1.764 + (1-0.9) * (-3.64)^2$$

$$= 2.92$$

Step.10: Update m and c

$$m = 1.315 - \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{0.277 + 10^{-8}}} (-1.46)$$

$$= 1.315 - (-0.272)$$

$$= 1.592$$

$$c = -0.683 - \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{2.92 + 10^{-8}}} (-3.64)$$

$$= -0.47$$

Step.11: Sample = Sample + 1 = 3 > $n_s = 2$

Step.12: iter = iter + 1 = 2 _{not} > epoch = 2

Step. 13: Calculate g_m and g_c

$$g_m = \frac{\partial E}{\partial m} = -(3.4 - 1.592 \times 0.2 - 0.42) \\ (0.2) \\ = -0.52232$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(3.4 - 1.592 \times 0.2 - 0.42) \\ = -2.6116$$

Step. 14: Calculate exponential decay avgs

$$\epsilon^2_{g_{m,t}} \text{ and } \epsilon^2_{g_{c,t}}$$

$$\epsilon^2_{g_{m,t}} = 0.9 \times 0.277 + (1 - 0.9)(-0.52232)^2 \\ = 0.27658$$

$$\epsilon^2_{g_{c,t}} = 0.9 \times 2.92 + (1 - 0.9)(-2.6116)^2 \\ = 3.31004$$

Step.15: Update m and c

$$m = 1.572 - \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{0.27658 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-0.5223)$$

$$= 1.6713$$

$$c = -0.42 - \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{3.310024 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-2.611)$$

$$= -0.3264$$

Step.16: Sample = Sample + 1 = 2 not > Ns = 2

Step.17: Calculate g_m and g_c

$$g_m = \frac{\partial G}{\partial m} = -(8.8 - 1.6713 \times 0.4 + 0.3264)$$

$$= -1.383152$$

$$g_c = \frac{\partial E}{\partial c} = -(3.8 - 1.6713 \times 0.4 + 0.3264)$$

$$= -3.45788$$

Step 18: Calculate exponential decay avgs

$$E^2_{g_{m,t}} \text{ and } E^2_{g_{c,t}}$$

$$E^2_{g_{m,t}} = 0.9 \times 0.27658 + (1-0.9) \left(\frac{2}{(2(1.6713 + (2.0)(0.00031) - 4.0))} - 1.383152 \right)^2$$

$$= 0.44033$$

$$E^2_{g_{c,t}} = 0.9 \times 3.31004 + (1-0.9) (-3.45788)^2$$

$$= 4.17472$$

Step 19: Update m and c

$$m = 1.6713 - \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{0.44033 + 10^{-8}}} \times (-1.383152)$$

$$= 1.879239852$$

$$-0.3264 \pm \frac{0.1}{\sqrt{4.17442 \times 10^{-8}}} (-3.415788)$$

$$= -0.1571$$

Step 14: Estimate the standard deviation: 88.916

Step 15: Estimate the standard deviation: 88.916

$$MSE = \frac{1}{2} \left((3.4 - (1.8797)(0.2) + 0.1571)^2 + (3.8 - (1.8797)(0.4) + 0.1571)^2 \right)$$

$$= 10.106608$$

$$(p_0 - 1) + 20018.5 \times p_0 = 20018.5$$

$$(88.916)$$

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Step 16: Estimate the standard deviation: 88.916

$$1.0$$

$$= 8182.1 \times m$$