

# DASC32103Project1-WilliamBuckey

2025-02-05

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
```

```
## v dplyr      1.1.3      v readr      2.1.4
```

```
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr    1.5.1
```

```
## v ggplot2    3.5.1      v tibble     3.2.1
```

```
## v lubridate  1.9.2      v tidyr      1.3.0
```

```
## v purrr      1.0.2
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
```

```
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
```

```
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
library(corrplot)
```

```
## Warning: package 'corrplot' was built under R version 4.3.3
```

```
## corrplot 0.95 loaded
```

```
library(ggpubr)
```

```
library(cowplot)
```

```
## Warning: package 'cowplot' was built under R version 4.3.2
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'cowplot'
```

```
##
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggpubr':
```

```
##
```

```
##      get_legend
```

```
##
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:lubridate':
```

```
##
```

```
##      stamp
```

```
mobility_data <- read.csv("mobility-all.csv")
```

```
# View basic structure
```

```
str(mobility_data)
```

```
## 'data.frame':    741 obs. of  43 variables:
```

```
## $ ID                : int  100 200 301 302 401 402 500 601 602 700 ...
```

```
## $ Name              : chr   "Johnson City" "Morristown" "Middlesborough" "Knoxville" ...
```

```
## $ Mobility          : num  0.0622 0.0537 0.0726 0.0563 0.0448 ...
```

```
## $ State             : chr   "TN" "TN" "TN" "TN" ...
```

```
## $ Population      : int  576081 227816 66708 727600 493180 92753 1055133 90016 64676 35453
## $ Urban           : int    1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 ...
## $ Black           : num    0.021 0.02 0.015 0.056 0.174 0.224 0.218 0.032 0.029 0.207 ...
## $ Seg_racial       : num    0.09 0.093 0.064 0.21 0.262 0.137 0.22 0.114 0.131 0.139 ...
## $ Seg_income       : num    0.035 0.026 0.024 0.092 0.072 0.024 0.068 0.012 0.005 0.045 ...
## $ Seg_poverty      : num    0.03 0.028 0.015 0.084 0.061 0.015 0.058 0.009 0.004 0.044 ...
## $ Seg_affluence    : num    0.038 0.025 0.026 0.102 0.081 0.028 0.077 0.012 0.006 0.045 ...
## $ Commute         : num    0.325 0.276 0.359 0.269 0.292 0.313 0.305 0.289 0.325 0.299 ...
## $ Income           : int   31560 29959 22328 35884 38892 31265 36582 31544 30683 33417 ...
## $ Gini             : num    0.468 0.435 0.441 0.508 0.466 0.444 0.524 0.446 0.356 0.471 ...
## $ Share01         : num    13.5 10.6 10.7 15.1 11.9 ...
## $ Gini_99          : num    0.333 0.328 0.334 0.358 0.346 0.338 0.341 0.32 0.269 0.341 ...
## $ Middle_class     : num    0.548 0.538 0.467 0.504 0.5 0.538 0.51 0.56 0.608 0.529 ...
## $ Local_tax_rate   : num    0.02 0.023 0.015 0.019 0.018 0.015 0.017 0.014 0.014 0.018 ...
## $ Local_gov_spending : int   1886 2004 1190 2357 1891 1558 1932 1661 1208 2499 ...
## $ Progressivity    : num    0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 ...
## $ EITC             : num    0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ School_spending  : num    5.18 4.51 5.61 4.9 5.46 ...
## $ Student_teacher_ratio : num   NA NA 15.1 NA 15.4 NA 16.7 16.2 12.3 15.9 ...
## $ Test_scores      : num    2.73 -3.4 -9.31 -6.03 -2.3 ...
## $ HS_dropout       : num   -0.015 -0.024 -0.005 -0.011 0.023 NA 0.016 0.021 NA NA ...
## $ Colleges         : num    0.014 0.009 0.045 0.011 0.014 0.011 0.014 0.011 NA 0.02 ...
## $ Tuition          : int   4817 4762 11840 3480 9715 1113 4528 880 NA 7264 ...
## $ Graduation       : num   -0.002 -0.101 0.111 -0.024 0.052 -0.116 -0.017 -0.123 NA 0.007 ...
## $ Labor_force_participation: num   0.587 0.625 0.479 0.615 0.656 0.599 0.666 0.617 0.594 0.63 ...
## $ Manufacturing    : num    0.237 0.238 0.234 0.146 0.215 0.395 0.261 0.275 0.321 0.295 ...
## $ Chinese_imports  : num    5.29 3.03 2.06 1.08 1.02 ...
## $ Teenage_labor    : num    0.004 0.005 0.003 0.004 0.004 0.003 0.004 0.003 0.004 0.004 ...
## $ Migration_in     : num    0.006 0.016 0.008 0.016 0.022 0.007 0.017 0.012 0.006 0.017 ...
## $ Migration_out    : num    0.005 0.014 0.012 0.014 0.019 0.01 0.015 0.012 0.006 0.016 ...
## $ Foreign_born     : num    0.012 0.023 0.007 0.02 0.053 0.025 0.05 0.027 0.023 0.029 ...
## $ Social_capital   : num   -0.298 -0.767 -1.27 -0.222 -0.018 ...
## $ Religious        : num    0.514 0.544 0.668 0.602 0.488 0.454 0.434 0.561 0.43 0.596 ...
## $ Violent_crime    : num    0.001 0.002 0.001 0.001 0.003 0.002 0.003 0.003 0.001 0.003 ...
## $ Single_mothers   : num    0.19 0.185 0.211 0.206 0.22 0.241 0.237 0.165 0.167 0.246 ...
## $ Divorced         : num    0.11 0.116 0.113 0.114 0.092 0.096 0.096 0.087 0.089 0.099 ...
## $ Married          : num    0.601 0.613 0.59 0.575 0.586 0.58 0.56 0.632 0.622 0.561 ...
## $ Longitude        : num   -82.4 -83.4 -83.5 -84.2 -80.5 ...
## $ Latitude         : num    36.5 36.1 36.6 36 36.1 ...
```

```
# Check for missing values
colSums(is.na(mobility_data))
```

```
##          ID          Name          Mobility
##          0              0              12
##      State      Population          Urban
##          0              0              0
##      Black      Seg_racial      Seg_income
##          0              0              0
##      Seg_poverty      Seg_affluence      Commute
##          0              0              0
##      Income          Gini          Share01
##          0              0              32
##      Gini_99      Middle_class      Local_tax_rate
##          32              32              1
```

```
##      Local_gov_spending      Progressivity      EITC
##              2              0              0
##      School_spending      Student_teacher_ratio      Test_scores
##              10              30              36
##      HS_dropout      Colleges      Tuition
##              148              157              161
##      Graduation Labor_force_participation      Manufacturing
##              160              0              0
##      Chinese_imports      Teenage_labor      Migration_in
##              19              32              17
##      Migration_out      Foreign_born      Social_capital
##              17              0              19
##      Religious      Violent_crime      Single_mothers
##              0              27              0
##      Divorced      Married      Longitude
##              0              0              0
##      Latitude
##              0
```

```
# Convert categorical variables to factors
mobility_data$State <- as.factor(mobility_data$State)
mobility_data$Urban <- as.factor(mobility_data$Urban) # If applicable

# Summary statistics for numerical variables
summary(mobility_data)
```

```
##      ID      Name      Mobility      State
## Min.   : 100   Length:741   Min.   :0.02210   TX      : 64
## 1st Qu.:12701   Class :character   1st Qu.:0.06599   KS      : 32
## Median :26106   Mode  :character   Median :0.08951   GA      : 28
## Mean   :22444                      Mean   :0.10042   MO      : 24
## 3rd Qu.:31301                      3rd Qu.:0.11940   SD      : 24
## Max.   :39400                      Max.   :0.46970   MN      : 23
##                                     NA's   :12      (Other):546
##      Population      Urban      Black      Seg_racial
## Min.   : 1193      0:416   Min.   :0.00000   Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.: 38384      1:325   1st Qu.:0.00400   1st Qu.:0.0560
## Median : 103842                      Median :0.02200   Median :0.1070
## Mean   : 379787                      Mean   :0.07781   Mean   :0.1298
## 3rd Qu.: 289849                      3rd Qu.:0.08200   3rd Qu.:0.1810
## Max.   :16393360                  Max.   :0.65800   Max.   :0.5540
##
##      Seg_income      Seg_poverty      Seg_affluence      Commute
## Min.   :0.00000   Min.   :0.00000   Min.   :0.00000   Min.   :0.1560
## 1st Qu.:0.01400   1st Qu.:0.01300   1st Qu.:0.01300   1st Qu.:0.3450
## Median :0.03100   Median :0.02800   Median :0.03200   Median :0.4360
## Mean   :0.03952   Mean   :0.03626   Mean   :0.04162   Mean   :0.4572
## 3rd Qu.:0.05700   3rd Qu.:0.05400   3rd Qu.:0.06000   3rd Qu.:0.5630
## Max.   :0.13800   Max.   :0.12900   Max.   :0.15400   Max.   :0.9450
##
##      Income      Gini      Share01      Gini_99
## Min.   :16696   Min.   :0.2020   Min.   : 2.673   Min.   :0.0630
## 1st Qu.:29327   1st Qu.:0.3480   1st Qu.: 8.005   1st Qu.:0.2570
## Median :32372   Median :0.3980   Median :10.119   Median :0.2990
## Mean   :32870   Mean   :0.4055   Mean   :10.842   Mean   :0.3012
```

```

## 3rd Qu.:35816 3rd Qu.:0.4570 3rd Qu.:12.545 3rd Qu.:0.3410
## Max. :58628 Max. :0.8470 Max. :64.788 Max. :0.4470
## NA's :32 NA's :32
## Middle_class Local_tax_rate Local_gov_spending Progressivity
## Min. :0.2850 Min. :0.00800 Min. : 952 Min. :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.5000 1st Qu.:0.01700 1st Qu.: 1722 1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.5520 Median :0.02200 Median : 2112 Median :0.0000
## Mean :0.5499 Mean :0.02359 Mean : 2309 Mean :0.7738
## 3rd Qu.:0.6080 3rd Qu.:0.02700 3rd Qu.: 2638 3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max. :0.7340 Max. :0.08200 Max. :13621 Max. :7.2200
## NA's :32 NA's :1 NA's :2
## EITC School_spending Student_teacher_ratio Test_scores
## Min. : 0.000 Min. : 3.920 Min. : 9.60 Min. : -32.78500
## 1st Qu.: 0.000 1st Qu.: 5.168 1st Qu.:14.90 1st Qu.: -4.29300
## Median : 0.000 Median : 5.897 Median :16.50 Median : 0.74100
## Mean : 1.334 Mean : 6.037 Mean :16.51 Mean : 0.00001
## 3rd Qu.: 0.000 3rd Qu.: 6.627 3rd Qu.:18.00 3rd Qu.: 5.55400
## Max. :21.333 Max. :11.906 Max. :27.70 Max. : 20.07100
## NA's :10 NA's :30 NA's :36
## HS_dropout Colleges Tuition Graduation
## Min. : -0.04300 Min. :0.00100 Min. : 0 Min. : -0.35000
## 1st Qu.: -0.01500 1st Qu.:0.01200 1st Qu.: 1631 1st Qu.: -0.09700
## Median : -0.00400 Median :0.01700 Median : 2938 Median : -0.01600
## Mean : -0.00001 Mean :0.02311 Mean : 4355 Mean : -0.00001
## 3rd Qu.: 0.01100 3rd Qu.:0.02600 3rd Qu.: 5866 3rd Qu.: 0.08300
## Max. : 0.10900 Max. :0.24300 Max. :24619 Max. : 0.52800
## NA's :148 NA's :157 NA's :161 NA's :160
## Labor_force_participation Manufacturing Chinese_imports Teenage_labor
## Min. :0.364 Min. :0.0020 Min. : -0.0750 Min. :0.00200
## 1st Qu.:0.581 1st Qu.:0.0760 1st Qu.: 0.2605 1st Qu.:0.00400
## Median :0.619 Median :0.1330 Median : 0.7455 Median :0.00500
## Mean :0.616 Mean :0.1404 Mean : 1.1757 Mean :0.00483
## 3rd Qu.:0.653 3rd Qu.:0.1990 3rd Qu.: 1.4145 3rd Qu.:0.00600
## Max. :0.816 Max. :0.4490 Max. :25.4050 Max. :0.00800
## NA's :19 NA's :32
## Migration_in Migration_out Foreign_born Social_capital
## Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. :0.00000 Min. : -3.1990
## 1st Qu.:0.01000 1st Qu.:0.01200 1st Qu.:0.01200 1st Qu.: -0.7655
## Median :0.01400 Median :0.01600 Median :0.02400 Median : 0.0640
## Mean :0.01653 Mean :0.01683 Mean :0.04117 Mean : 0.1717
## 3rd Qu.:0.02100 3rd Qu.:0.02100 3rd Qu.:0.04600 3rd Qu.: 0.9653
## Max. :0.07700 Max. :0.05200 Max. :0.39700 Max. : 7.3050
## NA's :17 NA's :17 NA's :19
## Religious Violent_crime Single_mothers Divorced
## Min. :0.1100 Min. :0.000000 Min. :0.0820 Min. :0.04000
## 1st Qu.:0.4250 1st Qu.:0.001000 1st Qu.:0.1710 1st Qu.:0.08500
## Median :0.5250 Median :0.001000 Median :0.1960 Median :0.09800
## Mean :0.5456 Mean :0.001594 Mean :0.2017 Mean :0.09666
## 3rd Qu.:0.6430 3rd Qu.:0.002000 3rd Qu.:0.2260 3rd Qu.:0.10900
## Max. :1.3080 Max. :0.028000 Max. :0.4340 Max. :0.19000
## NA's :27
## Married Longitude Latitude
## Min. :0.3730 Min. : -170.72 Min. :19.58
## 1st Qu.:0.5450 1st Qu.: -101.53 1st Qu.:34.80

```

```
## Median :0.5800 Median : -93.63 Median :38.92
## Mean :0.5745 Mean : -95.55 Mean :39.06
## 3rd Qu.:0.6070 3rd Qu.: -84.79 3rd Qu.:42.88
## Max. :0.6950 Max. : -67.61 Max. :68.37
##
```

```
# Identify columns with missing values
missing_values <- colSums(is.na(mobility_data))
missing_values[missing_values > 0] # Show only columns with missing values
```

```
## Mobility Share01 Gini_99
## 12 32 32
## Middle_class Local_tax_rate Local_gov_spending
## 32 1 2
## School_spending Student_teacher_ratio Test_scores
## 10 30 36
## HS_dropout Colleges Tuition
## 148 157 161
## Graduation Chinese_imports Teenage_labor
## 160 19 32
## Migration_in Migration_out Social_capital
## 17 17 19
## Violent_crime
## 27
```

```
# Handle missing values (Options: Remove or Impute)
mobility_data <- mobility_data %>%
  drop_na(Mobility) # Remove rows where Mobility is missing

# Alternatively, impute missing values using median for numerical variables
mobility_data <- mobility_data %>%
  mutate(across(where(is.numeric), ~ ifelse(is.na(.), median(., na.rm = TRUE), .)))
```

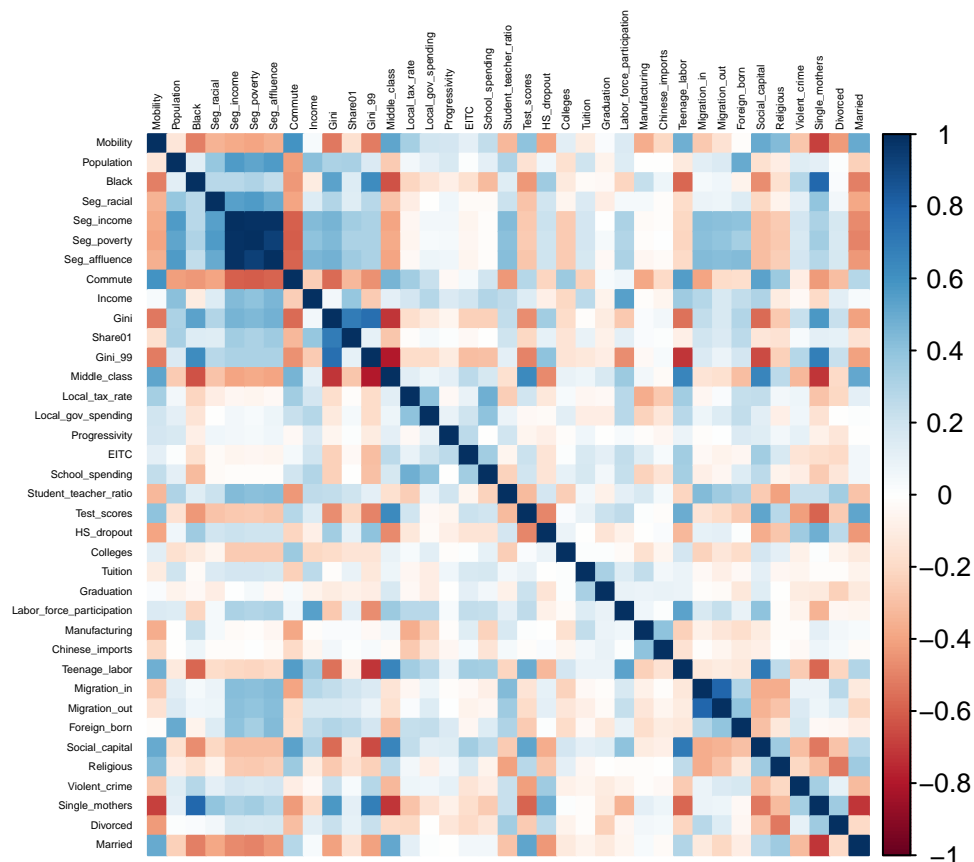
```
# Save cleaned dataset for future steps
write.csv(mobility_data, "mobility_cleaned.csv", row.names = FALSE)
```

```
# Step 1: Remove non-informative numeric columns (ID, Longitude, Latitude)
cleaned_data <- mobility_data %>%
  select(-c(ID, Longitude, Latitude))
```

```
# Step 2: Remove columns with ANY missing values
cleaned_data <- mobility_data %>%
  select(where(is.numeric)) %>% # Keeps only numeric variables
  select(-c(ID, Longitude, Latitude)) # Explicitly remove ID & coordinates
```

```
# Step 3: Compute correlation matrix
cor_matrix <- cor(cleaned_data, use = "pairwise.complete.obs")
```

```
# Step 4: Create the full heatmap (WITHOUT numbers)
corrplot(cor_matrix,
  method = "color", # Color-coded correlation plot
  tl.col = "black", # Black text labels
  tl.cex = 0.3) # Adjust text size for readability
```



```
cor_df <- as.data.frame(as.table(cor_matrix))

# Step 4: Remove self-correlations (diagonal)
cor_df <- cor_df %>%
  filter(Var1 != Var2)

# Step 5: Standardize Var1 & Var2 order to remove duplicates
cor_df <- cor_df %>%
  rowwise() %>%
  mutate(pair = paste(sort(c(Var1, Var2)), collapse = "_")) %>% # Create a unique pair ID
  distinct(pair, .keep_all = TRUE) %>% # Remove duplicate pairs
  select(-pair)

# Step 4: Sort by absolute correlation strength (highest to lowest)
top_corr <- cor_df %>%
  arrange(desc(abs(Freq))) %>% # Sort by absolute correlation
  head(50) # Select top 30

# Step 5: Print top 50 correlated variable pairs
print(top_corr)

## # A tibble: 50 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1          Var2          Freq
##   <fct>         <fct>         <dbl>
## 1 Seg_affluence Seg_income    0.986
## 2 Seg_poverty   Seg_income    0.981
```

```

## 3 Seg_affluence Seg_poverty 0.939
## 4 Middle_class Gini_99 -0.795
## 5 Migration_out Migration_in 0.793
## 6 Single_mothers Black 0.781
## 7 Gini_99 Gini 0.753
## 8 Married Single_mothers -0.716
## 9 Middle_class Gini -0.715
## 10 Teenage_labor Gini_99 -0.715
## # i 40 more rows

# Load required libraries
library(dplyr)

# Step 1: Define policy-driven variables
policy_vars <- c("Local_tax_rate", "Local_gov_spending", "Progressivity", "EITC",
  "School_spending", "Student_teacher_ratio", "Test_scores",
  "HS_dropout", "Labor_force_participation", "Social_capital",
  "Colleges", "Tuition", "Single_mothers")

# Step 2: Compute correlation matrix
cor_matrix <- cor(cleaned_data, use = "pairwise.complete.obs")

# Step 3: Convert matrix into a dataframe
cor_df <- as.data.frame(as.table(cor_matrix))

# Step 4: Remove self-correlations (diagonal)
cor_df <- cor_df %>%
  filter(Var1 != Var2)

# Step 5: Standardize Var1 & Var2 order to remove duplicates
cor_df <- cor_df %>%
  rowwise() %>%
  mutate(pair = paste(sort(c(Var1, Var2)), collapse = "_")) %>% # Create a unique pair ID
  distinct(pair, .keep_all = TRUE) %>% # Remove duplicate pairs
  select(-pair) # Drop helper column

# Step 6: Find top 5 correlated variables for each policy predictor
top_correlations <- list()

for (var in policy_vars) {
  top_5 <- cor_df %>%
    filter(Var1 == var | Var2 == var) %>% # Select rows where var appears
    arrange(desc(abs(Freq))) %>% # Sort by absolute correlation
    head(5) # Select top 5
  top_correlations[[var]] <- top_5
}

# Step 7: Display results
print(top_correlations)

## $Local_tax_rate
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1          Var2          Freq
##   <fct>        <fct>        <dbl>

```

```

## 1 School_spending      Local_tax_rate  0.486
## 2 Local_gov_spending   Local_tax_rate  0.406
## 3 Manufacturing        Local_tax_rate -0.362
## 4 Local_tax_rate        Commute          0.350
## 5 Teenage_labor        Local_tax_rate  0.349
##
## $Local_gov_spending
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1                Var2                Freq
##   <fct>              <fct>              <dbl>
## 1 Local_gov_spending   Local_tax_rate      0.406
## 2 School_spending     Local_gov_spending  0.403
## 3 Local_gov_spending   Income              0.285
## 4 Teenage_labor        Local_gov_spending  0.275
## 5 Labor_force_participation Local_gov_spending  0.271
##
## $Progressivity
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1                Var2                Freq
##   <fct>              <fct>              <dbl>
## 1 EITC                Progressivity      0.262
## 2 Student_teacher_ratio Progressivity      0.197
## 3 Progressivity        Mobility            0.190
## 4 Progressivity        Population          0.160
## 5 Foreign_born          Progressivity      0.154
##
## $EITC
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1                Var2                Freq
##   <fct>              <fct>              <dbl>
## 1 Teenage_labor        EITC              0.350
## 2 School_spending      EITC              0.349
## 3 Social_capital        EITC              0.345
## 4 EITC                  Gini_99           -0.305
## 5 EITC                  Middle_class       0.268
##
## $School_spending
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1                Var2                Freq
##   <fct>              <fct>              <dbl>
## 1 School_spending      Local_tax_rate      0.486
## 2 School_spending      Local_gov_spending  0.403
## 3 School_spending      EITC                0.349
## 4 Teenage_labor        School_spending     0.335
## 5 School_spending      Black              -0.311
##
## $Student_teacher_ratio
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1                Var2                Freq

```



```

##   <fct>                <fct>                <dbl>
## 1 Migration_in         Student_teacher_ratio 0.435
## 2 Student_teacher_ratio Seg_income           0.432
## 3 Student_teacher_ratio Commute              -0.431
## 4 Student_teacher_ratio Seg_affluence        0.428
## 5 Student_teacher_ratio Seg_poverty          0.417
##
## $Test_scores
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1          Var2          Freq
##   <fct>        <fct>        <dbl>
## 1 Test_scores  Middle_class  0.638
## 2 Single_mothers Test_scores -0.580
## 3 Social_capital Test_scores  0.523
## 4 Married      Test_scores  0.521
## 5 Test_scores  Gini_99     -0.496
##
## $HS_dropout
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1          Var2          Freq
##   <fct>        <fct>        <dbl>
## 1 HS_dropout    Test_scores -0.487
## 2 Single_mothers HS_dropout   0.482
## 3 HS_dropout    Middle_class -0.474
## 4 Married      HS_dropout  -0.432
## 5 HS_dropout    Gini_99     0.402
##
## $Labor_force_participation
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1                Var2                Freq
##   <fct>                <fct>                <dbl>
## 1 Labor_force_participation Income                0.544
## 2 Teenage_labor         Labor_force_participation 0.534
## 3 Labor_force_participation Gini_99              -0.465
## 4 Social_capital         Labor_force_participation 0.403
## 5 Labor_force_participation Middle_class          0.361
##
## $Social_capital
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1                Var2                Freq
##   <fct>                <fct>                <dbl>
## 1 Social_capital Teenage_labor  0.708
## 2 Social_capital Gini_99        -0.656
## 3 Social_capital Middle_class  0.652
## 4 Social_capital Gini          -0.569
## 5 Social_capital Commute        0.531
##
## $Colleges
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:

```

```
##   Var1      Var2      Freq
##   <fct>    <fct>    <dbl>
## 1 Colleges Commute    0.360
## 2 Colleges Seg_affluence -0.260
## 3 Colleges Seg_income  -0.257
## 4 Colleges Seg_poverty  -0.251
## 5 Colleges Student_teacher_ratio -0.242
##
## $Tuition
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1      Var2      Freq
##   <fct>    <fct>    <dbl>
## 1 Graduation Tuition    0.325
## 2 Tuition    Income    0.260
## 3 Manufacturing Tuition    0.244
## 4 Tuition    Commute   -0.231
## 5 Tuition    Population 0.203
##
## $Single_mothers
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
## # Rowwise:
##   Var1      Var2      Freq
##   <fct>    <fct>    <dbl>
## 1 Single_mothers Black    0.781
## 2 Married    Single_mothers -0.716
## 3 Single_mothers Middle_class -0.711
## 4 Single_mothers Mobility   -0.686
## 5 Single_mothers Gini_99    0.683
```

```
# Define base dataset
```

```
data <- cleaned_data # Use cleaned dataset without missing values
```

```
# Function to create individual scatter plots (Fixed for ggplot2 3.0+)
```

```
plot_scatter <- function(x_var, y_var, color, title) {
  ggplot(data, aes(.data[[x_var]], .data[[y_var]])) + # Updated for tidy evaluation
    geom_point(color = color, alpha = .3) +
    stat_cor(label.x = min(data[[x_var]], na.rm = TRUE),
             label.y = max(data[[y_var]], na.rm = TRUE) * 0.9) +
    ggtitle(title) +
    theme_minimal()
}
```

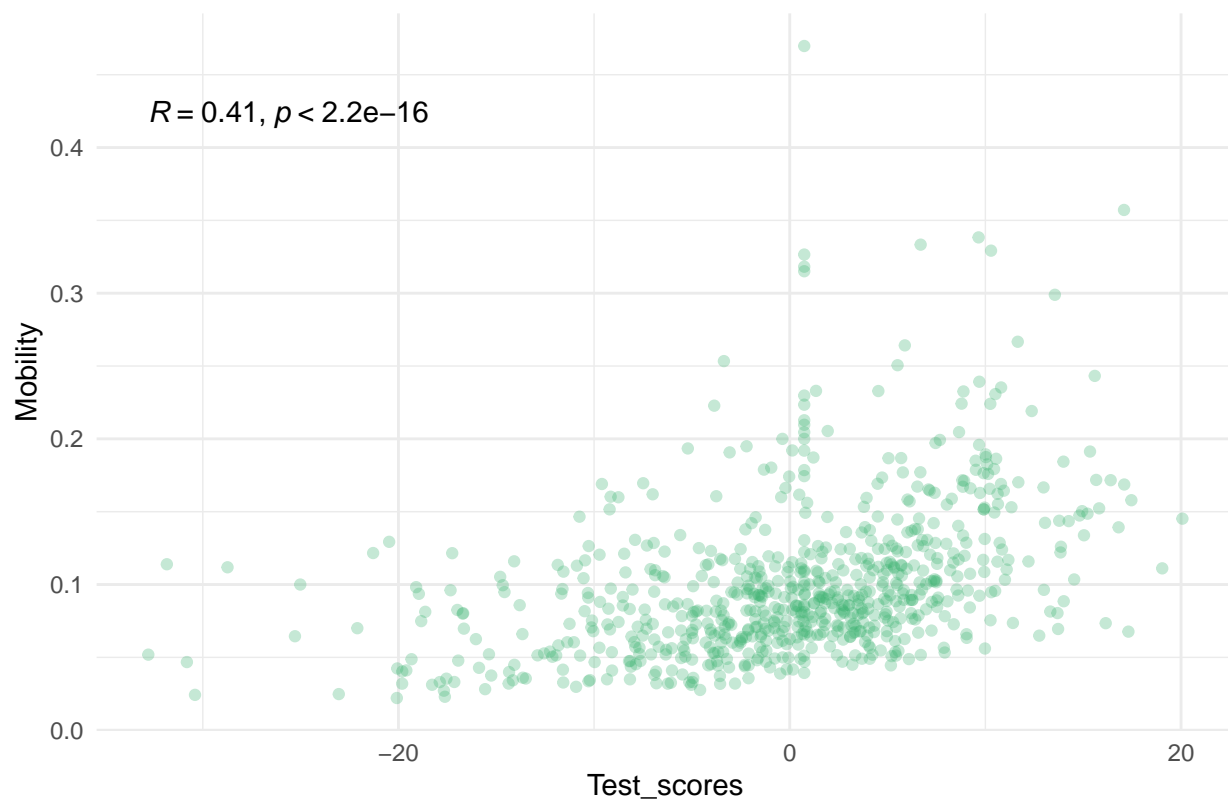
```
# Generate and display individual plots
```

```
pp <- plot_scatter("Test_scores", "Mobility", "mediumseagreen", "Test Scores vs Mobility")
p1 <- plot_scatter("Test_scores", "Seg_poverty", "mediumseagreen", "Test Scores vs Poverty")
p2 <- plot_scatter("Test_scores", "Gini", "mediumseagreen", "Test Scores vs Gini")
p3 <- plot_scatter("Test_scores", "Gini_99", "mediumseagreen", "Test Scores vs Gini (99%)")
p4 <- plot_scatter("Test_scores", "Middle_class", "mediumseagreen", "Test Scores vs Middle Class")
p5 <- plot_scatter("Test_scores", "Single_mothers", "mediumseagreen", "Test Scores vs Single Mothers")
p6 <- plot_scatter("Test_scores", "School_spending", "mediumseagreen", "Test Scores vs School Spending")
```

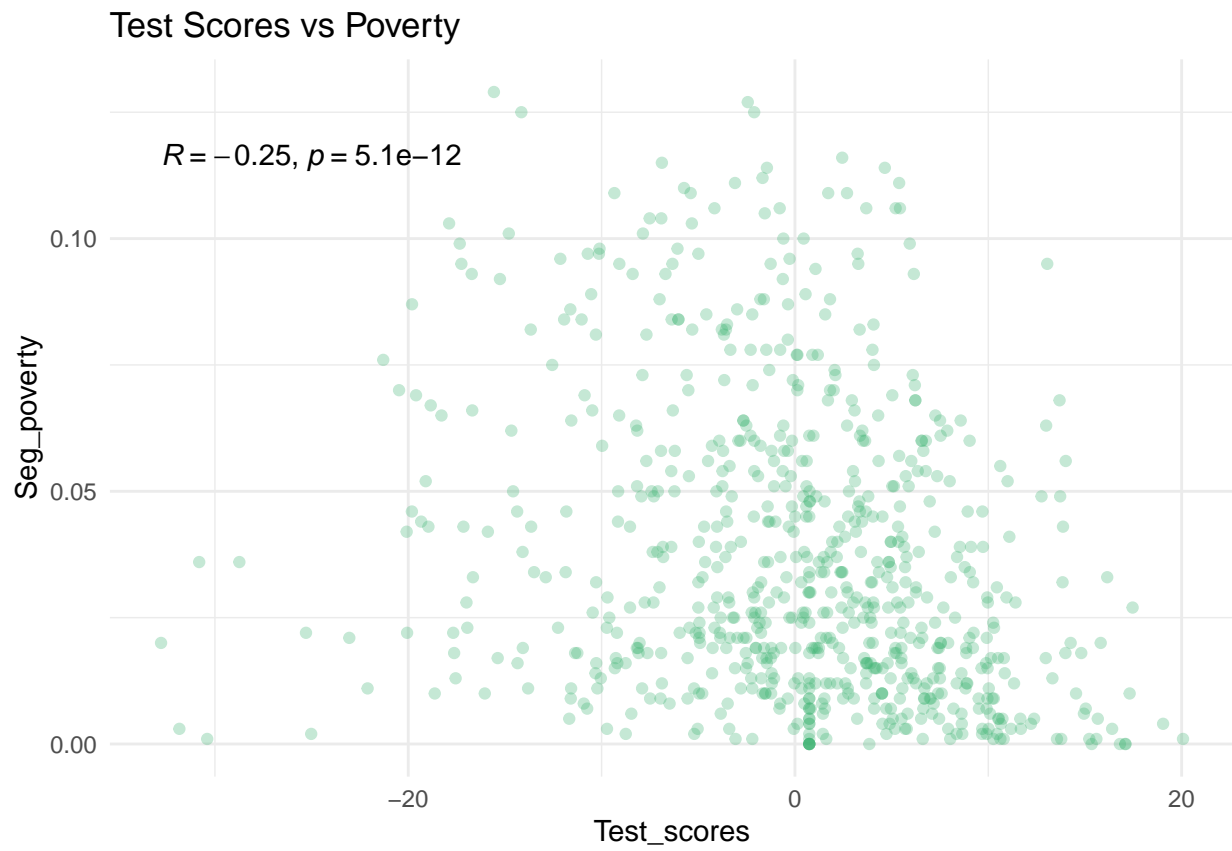
```
# Print plots one by one\
```

```
print(pp)
```

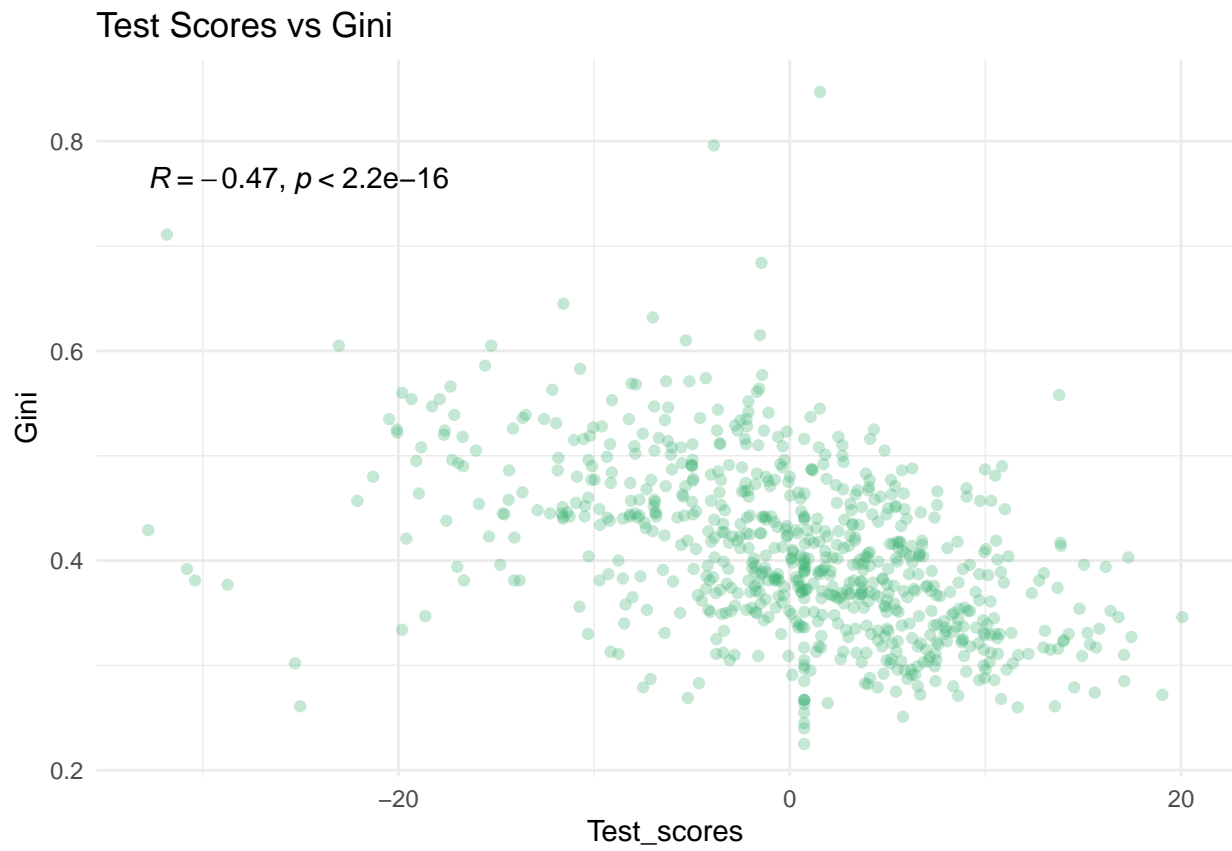
Test Scores vs Mobility



```
print(p1)
```

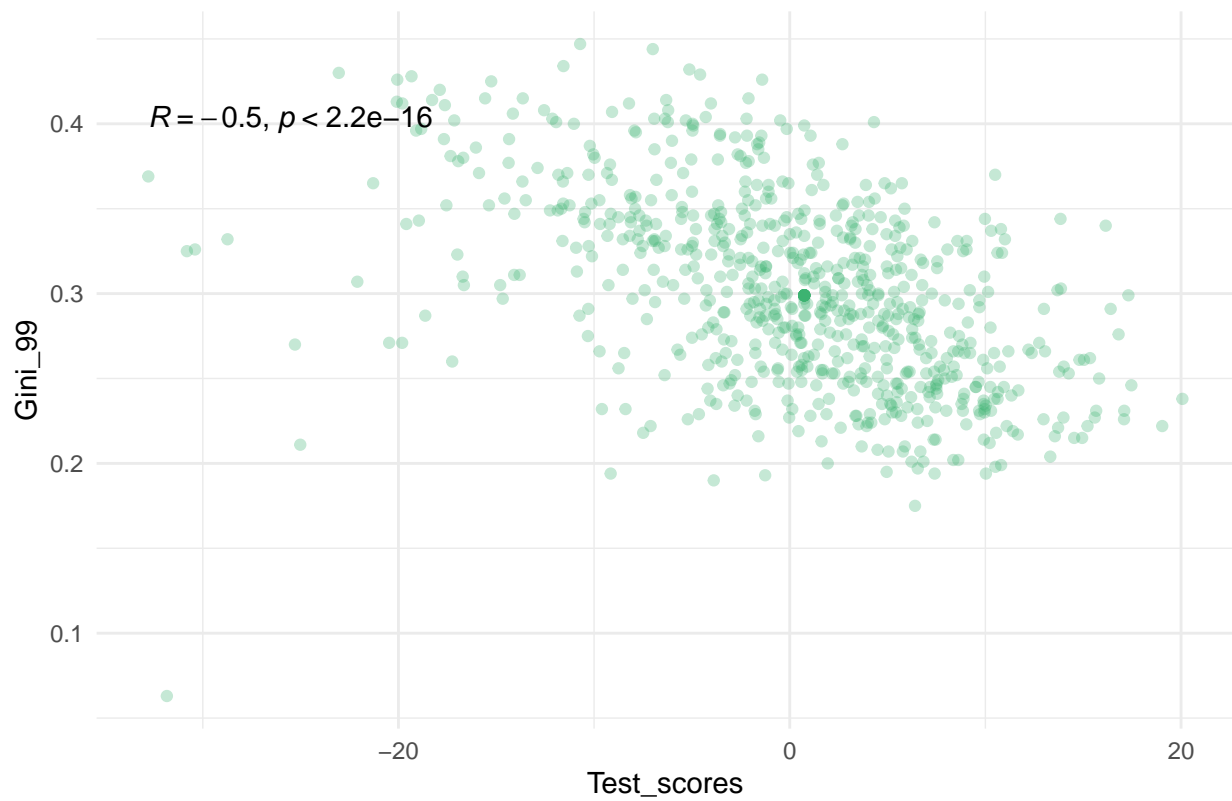


```
print(p2)
```



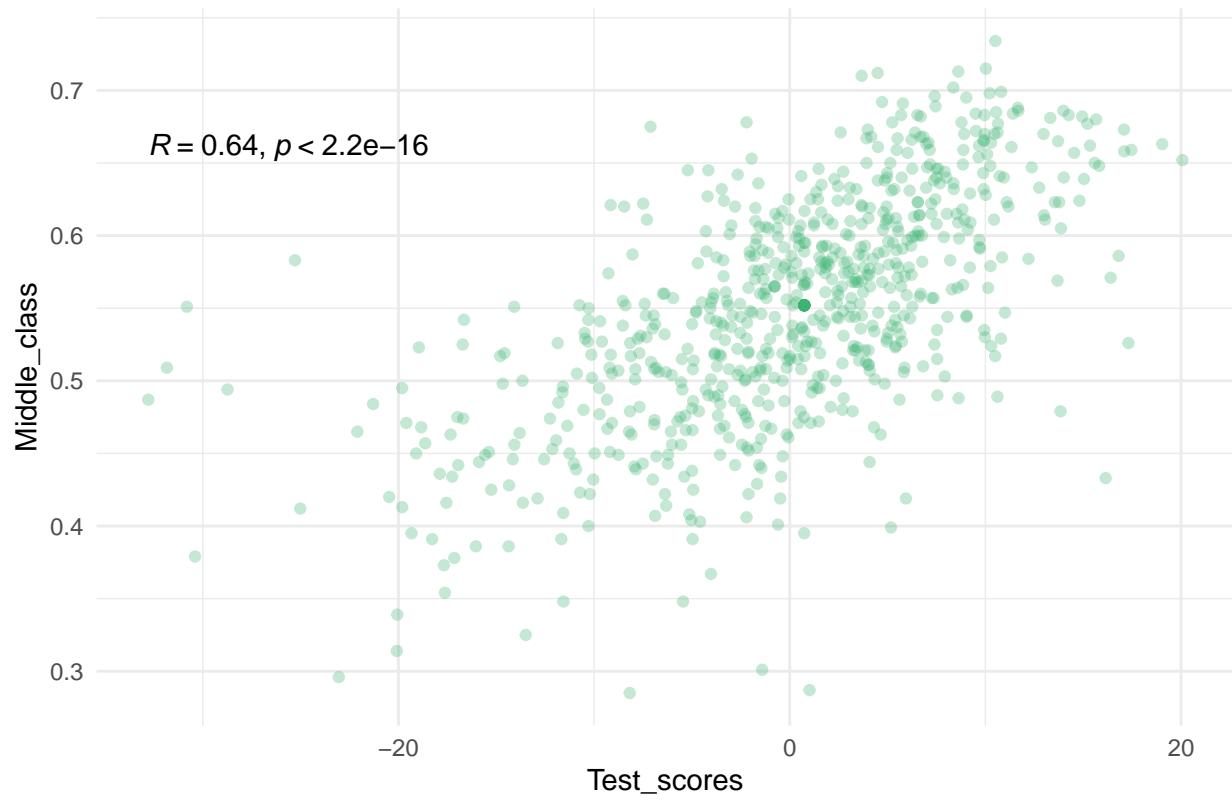
```
print(p3)
```

Test Scores vs Gini (99%)



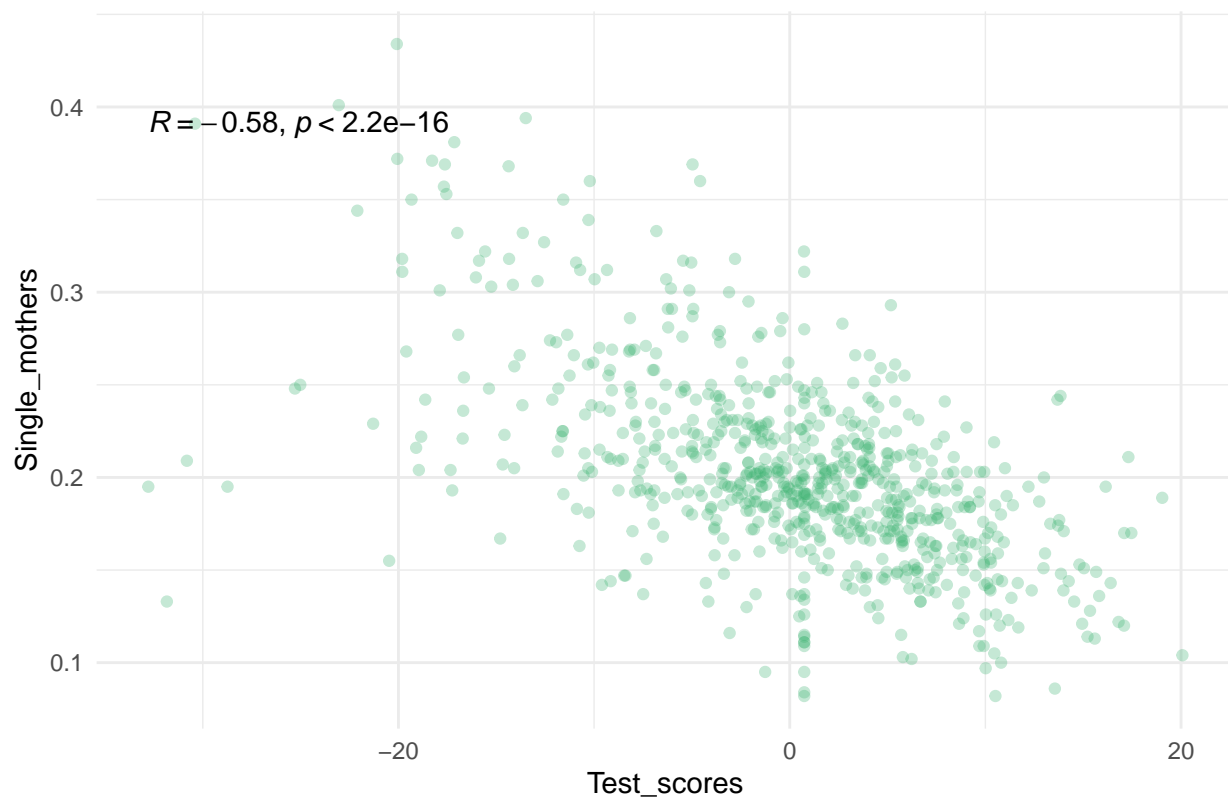
```
print(p4)
```

Test Scores vs Middle Class



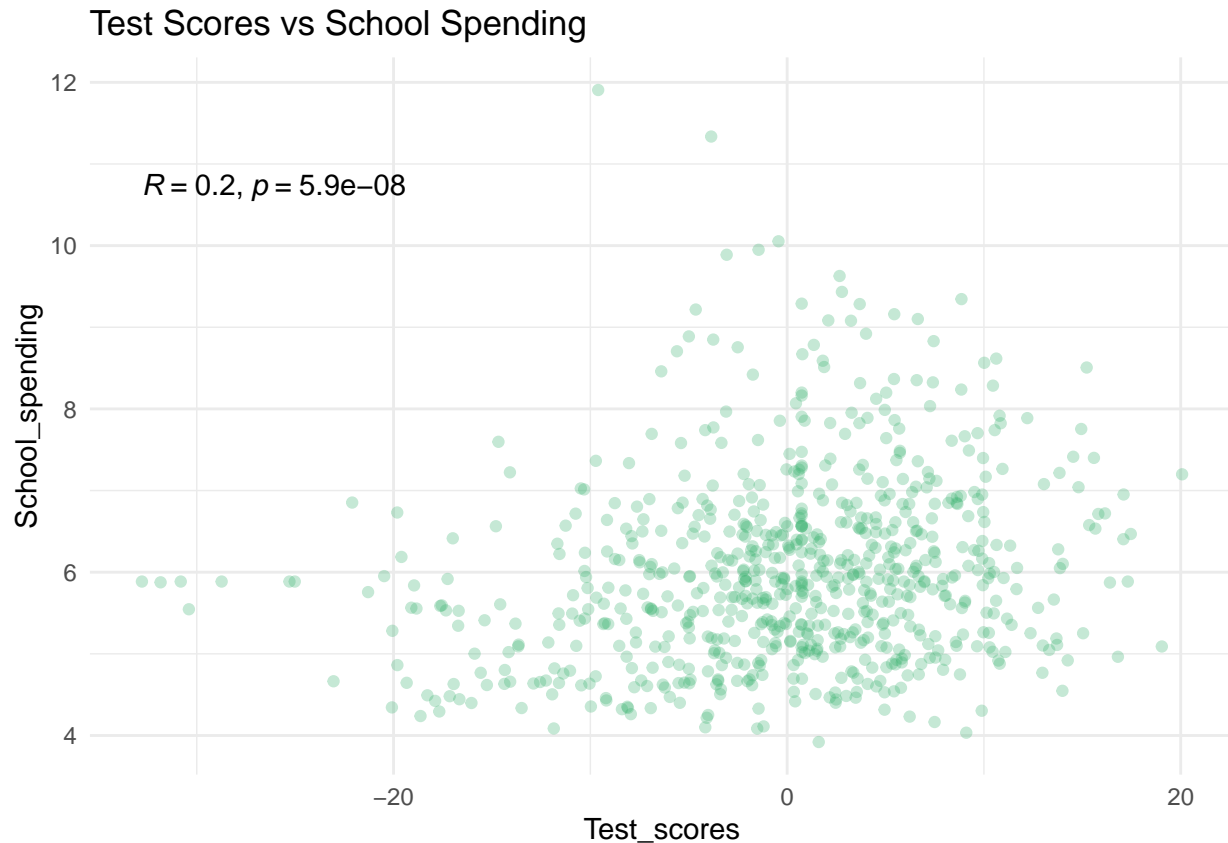
```
print(p5)
```

Test Scores vs Single Mothers



```
print(p6)
```





```
# Define base dataset
data <- cleaned_data # Use cleaned dataset without missing values

# Plot 1: Mobility vs Local Tax Rate
p1 <- ggplot(data, aes(x = Mobility, y = Local_tax_rate)) +
  geom_point(color = "dodgerblue", alpha = .3) +
  stat_cor(label.x = min(data$Mobility, na.rm = TRUE),
           label.y = max(data$Local_tax_rate, na.rm = TRUE) * 0.9) +
  ggtitle("Local Tax Rate vs Economic Mobility") +
  xlab("Economic Mobility") +
  ylab("Local Tax Rate") +
  theme_minimal()

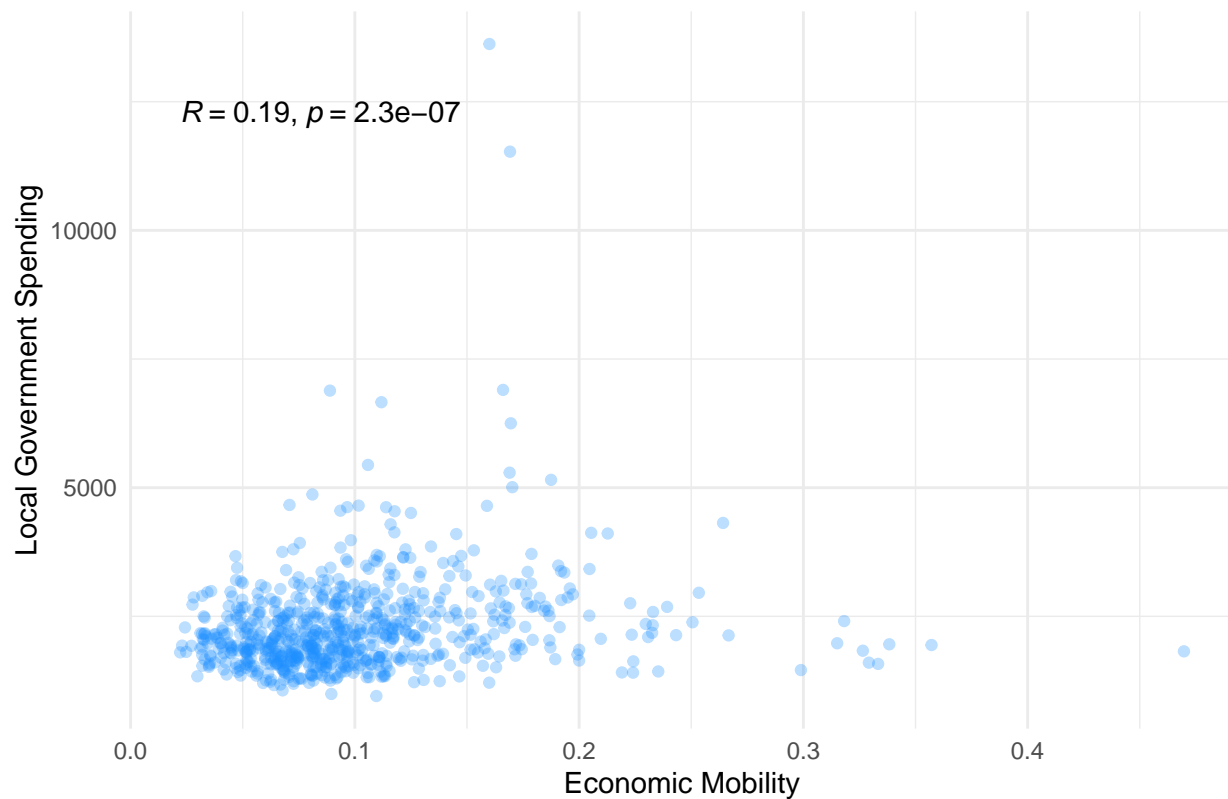
# Plot 2: Mobility vs Local Government Spending
p2 <- ggplot(data, aes(x = Mobility, y = Local_gov_spending)) +
  geom_point(color = "dodgerblue", alpha = .3) +
  stat_cor(label.x = min(data$Mobility, na.rm = TRUE),
           label.y = max(data$Local_gov_spending, na.rm = TRUE) * 0.9) +
  ggtitle("Local Gov Spending vs Economic Mobility") +
  xlab("Economic Mobility") +
  ylab("Local Government Spending") +
  theme_minimal()

# Print each plot separately
print(p1)
```



```
print(p2)
```

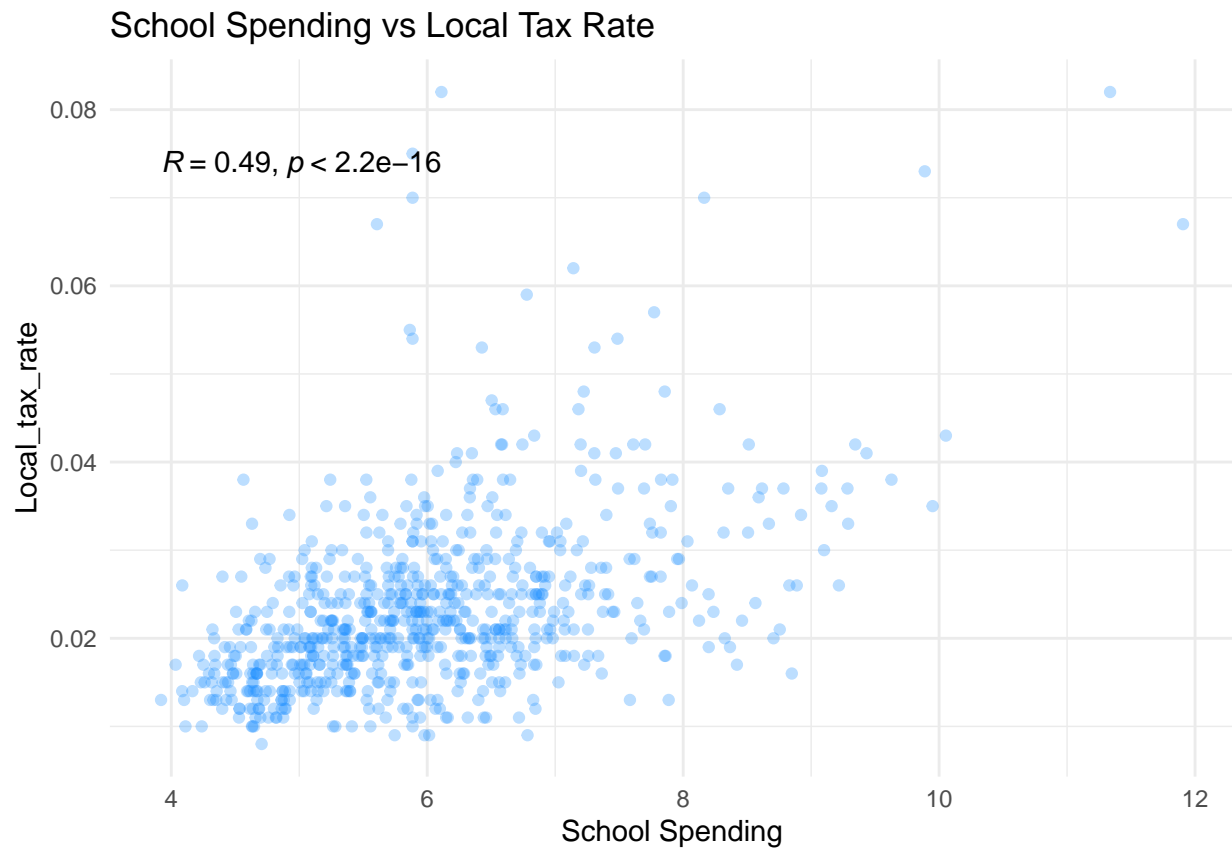
## Local Gov Spending vs Economic Mobility



```
# Remove rows with missing or infinite values in relevant columns
data_filtered <- cleaned_data %>%
  filter(
    !is.na(School_spending) & !is.na(Local_tax_rate) & !is.na(Local_gov_spending) & !is.na(Black) &
    is.finite(School_spending) & is.finite(Local_tax_rate) & is.finite(Local_gov_spending) & is.finite(Black)
  )

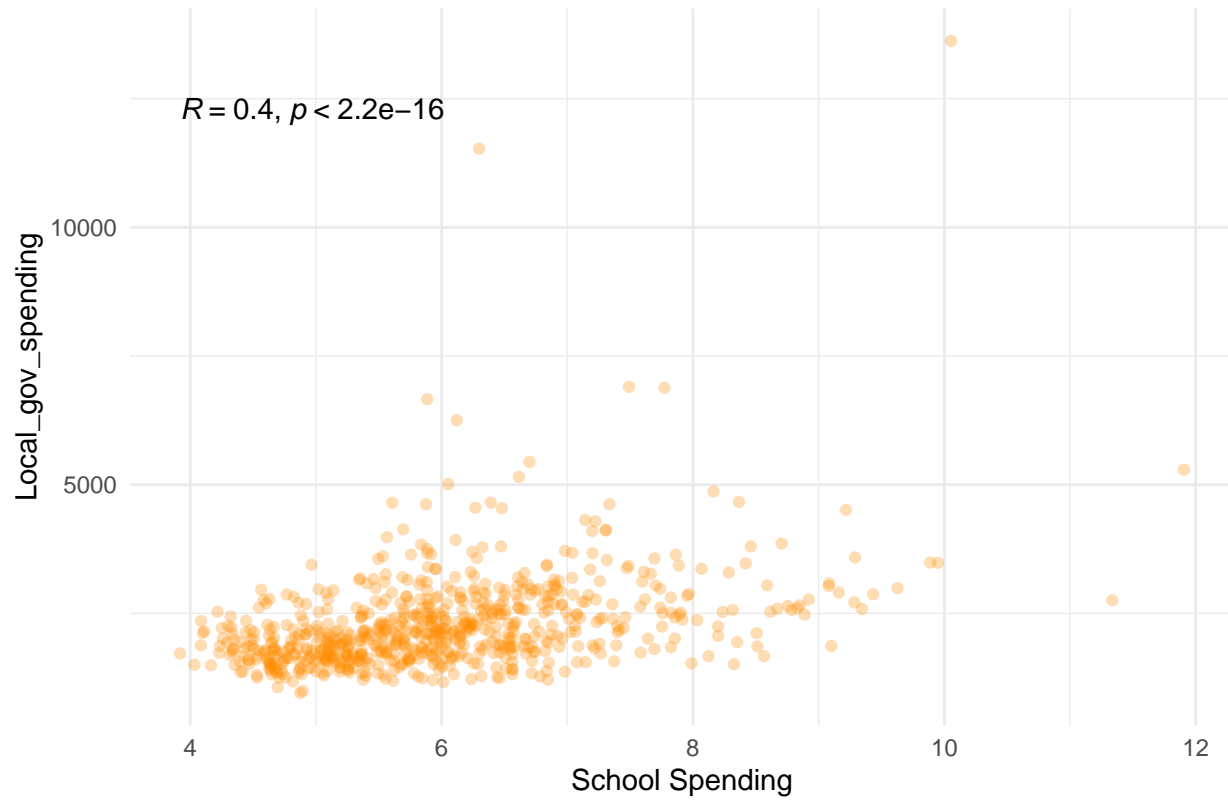
# Function to create scatter plots
plot_scatter <- function(x_var, color, title) {
  ggplot(data_filtered, aes(x = School_spending, y = .data[[x_var]])) +
    geom_point(color = color, alpha = .3) +
    stat_cor(label.x = min(data_filtered$School_spending, na.rm = TRUE),
             label.y = max(data_filtered[[x_var]], na.rm = TRUE) * 0.9) +
    ggtitle(title) +
    xlab("School Spending") +
    ylab(x_var) +
    theme_minimal()
}

# Generate and display each plot separately
print(plot_scatter("Local_tax_rate", "dodgerblue", "School Spending vs Local Tax Rate"))
```



```
print(plot_scatter("Local_gov_spending", "darkorange", "School Spending vs Local Gov Spending"))
```

## School Spending vs Local Gov Spending



```
print(plot_scatter("Black", "purple", "School Spending vs Black Population"))
```

