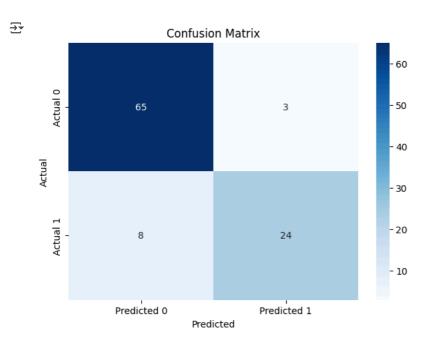
Title of the Assignment:

error_rate = 1 - accuracy

- 1. Implement logistic regression using Python/R to perform classification on Social_Network_Ads.csv dataset.
- 2. Compute Confusion matrix to find TP, FP, TN, FN, Accuracy, Error rate, Precision, Recall on the given dataset..

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from \ sklearn.model\_selection \ import \ train\_test\_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
# Step 2: Import the Social_Media_Adv Dataset (assuming CSV format)
url = r"C:\Users\Rutuja Habib\Downloads\Social_Network_Ads.csv" # Replace with the actual path or URL of your dataset
df = pd.read_csv(url)
# Inspect the first few rows of the dataset
print(df.head())
        User ID Gender Age EstimatedSalary Purchased
       15624510
                   Male
                          19
                                        19000
                                                       0
                                         20000
     1 15810944
                   Male
                          35
                                                        a
     2 15668575 Female
                                         43000
                          26
                                                        a
                                        57000
     3 15603246 Female
                          27
                                                        0
     4 15804002
                  Male 19
                                        76000
                                                        0
# Select the features and target variable
X = df.iloc[:, [2, 3]].values # Assuming Age and EstimatedSalary are in columns 2 and 3
y = df.iloc[:, 4].values # Assuming Purchased is in column 4
# Split the dataset into training and test sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=0)
# Feature Scaling for better performance
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
# Initialize and train the logistic regression model
classifier = LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
{\tt classifier.fit(X\_train,\ y\_train)}
→
                                  (i) (?)
           LogisticRegression
     LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
# Make predictions
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
# Confusion Matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
# Display the confusion matrix
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(cm)
→ Confusion Matrix:
     [[65 3]
      [ 8 24]]
# Metrics Calculation
TP = cm[1, 1] # True Positives
FP = cm[0, 1] # False Positives
TN = cm[0, 0] # True Negatives
FN = cm[1, 0] # False Negatives
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
```

```
precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred)
recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred)
# Print all metrics
print(f'Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}')
print(f'Error Rate: {error_rate:.4f}')
print(f'Precision: {precision:.4f}')
print(f'Recall: {recall:.4f}')
→ Accuracy: 0.8900
     Error Rate: 0.1100
Precision: 0.8889
Recall: 0.7500
\ensuremath{\text{\#}} Plotting the confusion matrix using Seaborn heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(7, 5))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt="d", cmap="Blues", xticklabels=["Predicted 0", "Predicted 1"], yticklabels=["Actual 0", "Actual 1"])
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.title('Confusion Matrix')
plt.show()
```



Start coding or generate with AI.