COVID-19 Tweet Sentiment Analysis

LP2 Data Mining and Warehousing Mini Project

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```
In [2]:
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import re
         import nltk
         from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorize
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score, KFo
         from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
         from sklearn.svm import LinearSVC
         from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
         from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
         from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, classification report, confusion
In [3]:
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         %matplotlib inline
         import seaborn as sns
         plt.style.use('ggplot')
```

Importing Dataset

```
In [4]: train_data = pd.read_csv('Corona_NLP_train.csv',encoding='latin1')
    train_data
```

Out[4]:		UserName	ScreenName	Location	TweetAt	OriginalTweet	Sentiment
	0	3799	48751	London	16-03-2020	@MeNyrbie @Phil_Gahan @Chrisitv https://t.co/i	Neutral
	1	3800	48752	UK	16-03-2020	advice Talk to your neighbours family to excha	Positive
	2	3801	48753	Vagabonds	16-03-2020	Coronavirus Australia: Woolworths to give elde	Positive
	3	3802	48754	NaN	16-03-2020	My food stock is not the only one which is emp	Positive

	UserName	ScreenName	Location	TweetAt	OriginalTweet	Sentiment
4	3803	48755	NaN	16-03-2020	Me, ready to go at supermarket during the #COV	Extremely Negative
41152	44951	89903	Wellington City, New Zealand	14-04-2020	Airline pilots offering to stock supermarket s	Neutral
41153	44952	89904	NaN	14-04-2020	Response to complaint not provided citing COVI	Extremely Negative
41154	44953	89905	NaN	14-04-2020	You know itÂs getting tough when @KameronWild	Positive
41155	44954	89906	NaN	14-04-2020	Is it wrong that the smell of hand sanitizer i	Neutral
41156	44955	89907	i love you so much he/him	14-04-2020	@TartiiCat Well new/used Rift S are going for	Negative

In [5]:

test_file = pd.read_csv('Corona_NLP_test.csv',encoding='latin1')
test_file

Out[5]:		UserName	ScreenName	Location	TweetAt	OriginalTweet	Sentiment
	0	1	44953	NYC	02-03-2020	TRENDING: New Yorkers encounter empty supermar	Extremely Negative
	1	2	44954	Seattle, WA	02-03-2020	When I couldn't find hand sanitizer at Fred Me	Positive
	2	3	44955	NaN	02-03-2020	Find out how you can protect yourself and love	Extremely Positive
	3	4	44956	Chicagoland	02-03-2020	#Panic buying hits #NewYork City as anxious sh	Negative
	4	5	44957	Melbourne, Victoria	03-03-2020	#toiletpaper #dunnypaper #coronavirus #coronav	Neutral
37	793	3794	48746	Israel ??	16-03-2020	Meanwhile In A Supermarket in Israel People	Positive
37	794	3795	48747	Farmington, NM	16-03-2020	Did you panic buy a lot of non-perishable item	Negative
37	'95	3796	48748	Haverford, PA	16-03-2020	Asst Prof of Economics @cconces was on @NBCPhi	Neutral
37	796	3797	48749	NaN	16-03-2020	Gov need to do somethings instead of biar je r	Extremely Negative

		UserName	ScreenName	Location	TweetAt	OriginalTweet	Sentiment		
In [6]:	3797	3798	48750	Arlington, Virginia	16-03-2020	I and @ForestandPaper members are committed to	Extremely Positive		
	<pre>print('Training Set Shape = {}'.format(train_data.shape)) print('Test Set Shape = {}'.format(test_file.shape))</pre>								
	Training Set Shape = (41157, 6) Test Set Shape = (3798, 6)								

Data Preprocessing: Removing Null Values

```
In [7]:
         train_data.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
                          8590
        Location
Out[7]:
        UserName
                             0
        ScreenName
                             0
        TweetAt
                             0
        0riginalTweet
                             0
                             0
        Sentiment
        dtype: int64
In [8]:
         train_data.drop(columns=['Location'], axis=1)
```

Out[8]:		UserName	ScreenName	TweetAt	OriginalTweet	Sentiment
	0	3799	48751	16-03-2020	@MeNyrbie @Phil_Gahan @Chrisitv https://t.co/i	Neutral
	1	3800	48752	16-03-2020	advice Talk to your neighbours family to excha	Positive
	2	3801	48753	16-03-2020	Coronavirus Australia: Woolworths to give elde	Positive
	3	3802	48754	16-03-2020	My food stock is not the only one which is emp	Positive
	4	3803	48755	16-03-2020	Me, ready to go at supermarket during the #COV	Extremely Negative
	41152	44951	89903	14-04-2020	Airline pilots offering to stock supermarket s	Neutral
	41153	44952	89904	14-04-2020	Response to complaint not provided citing COVI	Extremely Negative
	41154	44953	89905	14-04-2020	You know itÂs getting tough when @KameronWild	Positive
	41155	44954	89906	14-04-2020	Is it wrong that the smell of hand sanitizer i	Neutral
	41156	44955	89907	14-04-2020	@TartiiCat Well new/used Rift S are going for	Negative

41157 rows × 5 columns

```
In [9]:
    train_data['text'] = train_data.OriginalTweet
    train_data["text"] = train_data["text"].astype(str)

    test_file['text'] = test_file.OriginalTweet
    test_file["text"] = test_file["text"].astype(str)
```

Converting Categorical Labels to Numeric Labels

```
In [10]:
          def classes_def(x):
              if x == "Extremely Positive":
                  return "2"
              elif x == "Extremely Negative":
                  return "0"
              elif x == "Negative":
                  return "0"
              elif x == "Positive":
                  return "2"
              else:
                  return "1"
          train data['label']=train data['Sentiment'].apply(lambda x:classes def(x))
          test file['label']=test file['Sentiment'].apply(lambda x:classes def(x))
          train data.label.value counts(normalize= True)
              0.438467
Out[10]:
              0.374128
              0.187404
         Name: label, dtype: float64
```

Removing URLs and HTML from Tweets

```
def remove_urls(text):
    url_remove = re.compile(r'https?://\S+|www\.\S+')
    return url_remove.sub(r'', text)
    train_data['text_new']=train_data['text'].apply(lambda x:remove_urls(x))
    test_file['text_new']=test_file['text'].apply(lambda x:remove_urls(x))

def remove_html(text):
    html=re.compile(r'<.*?>')
    return html.sub(r'',text)
    train_data['text']=train_data['text_new'].apply(lambda x:remove_html(x))
    test_file['text']=test_file['text_new'].apply(lambda x:remove_html(x))
```

Converting the Tweet text to lowercase

```
def lower(text):
    low_text= text.lower()
    return low_text
    train_data['text_new']=train_data['text'].apply(lambda x:lower(x))
    test_file['text_new']=test_file['text'].apply(lambda x:lower(x))
```

Removing numerical values from Tweet text

```
def remove_num(text):
    remove= re.sub(r'\d+', '', text)
    return remove
    train_data['text']=train_data['text_new'].apply(lambda x:remove_num(x))
    test_file['text']=test_file['text_new'].apply(lambda x:remove_num(x))
```

Removing Punctuation and Stopwords

```
In [15]:
    from nltk.corpus import stopwords
    ", ".join(stopwords.words('english'))
    STOPWORDS = set(stopwords.words('english'))

def punct_remove(text):
        punct = re.sub(r"[^\w\s\d]","", text)
        return punct
    train_data['text_new']=train_data['text'].apply(lambda x:punct_remove(x))
    test_file['text_new']=test_file['text'].apply(lambda x:punct_remove(x))

In [16]:

def remove_stopwords(text):
    return " ".join([word for word in str(text).split() if word not in STOI train_data['text']=train_data['text_new'].apply(lambda x:remove_stopwords(x) test_file['text']=test_file['text_new'].apply(lambda x:remove_stopwords(x))
```

Removing @ Mentions, # Hashtags, and Spaces

```
In [17]:
          def remove mention(x):
              text=re.sub(r'@\w+','',x)
              return text
          train data['text new']=train data['text'].apply(lambda x:remove mention(x)
          test file['text new']=test file['text'].apply(lambda x:remove mention(x))
          def remove hash(x):
              text=re.sub(r'#\w+','',x)
              return text
          train data['text']=train data['text new'].apply(lambda x:remove hash(x))
          test file['text']=test file['text new'].apply(lambda x:remove hash(x))
          def remove space(text):
              space_remove = re.sub(r"\s+"," ",text).strip()
              return space remove
          train_data['text_new']=train_data['text'].apply(lambda x:remove_space(x))
          test_file['text_new']=test_file['text'].apply(lambda x:remove_space(x))
          test_file = test_file.drop(columns=['text_new'])
          train_data = train_data.drop(columns=['text_new'])
```

Preprocessed Data

```
In [18]:
            train_data
                   UserName ScreenName
                                             Location
                                                          TweetAt
                                                                     OriginalTweet Sentiment
                                                                                                       te
Out[18]:
                                                                        @MeNyrbie
                                                                                                   menyrb
                                                                      @Phil_Gahan
               n
                        3799
                                    48751
                                               London 16-03-2020
                                                                                       Neutral
                                                                                                 phil_gaha
                                                                          @Chrisity
                                                                                                     chrisit
                                                                      https://t.co/i...
```

	UserName	ScreenName	Location	TweetAt	OriginalTweet	Sentiment	tex
1	3800	48752	UK	16-03-2020	advice Talk to your neighbours family to excha	Positive	advice ta neighbour fami exchang phone n.
2	3801	48753	Vagabonds	16-03-2020	Coronavirus Australia: Woolworths to give elde	Positive	coronaviru austral woolworth give elder
3	3802	48754	NaN	16-03-2020	My food stock is not the only one which is emp	Positive	food stoc one empl please do panic enoug
4	3803	48755	NaN	16-03-2020	Me, ready to go at supermarket during the #COV	Extremely Negative	ready g supermarki covi outbreak ii paranoi.
41152	44951	89903	Wellington City, New Zealand	14-04-2020	Airline pilots offering to stock supermarket s	Neutral	airline pilo offering stoc supermark shel.
41153	44952	89904	NaN	14-04-2020	Response to complaint not provided citing COVI	Extremely Negative	respons complain provide citing covi relat.
41154	44953	89905	NaN	14-04-2020	You know itÂs getting tough when @KameronWild	Positive	know itâ getting toug kameronwilc rationing.
41155	44954	89906	NaN	14-04-2020	Is it wrong that the smell of hand sanitizer i	Neutral	wrong sme han sanitize starting tur coron.
41156	44955	89907	i love you so much he/him	14-04-2020	@TartiiCat Well new/used Rift S are going for	Negative	tartiicat we newused ri goin amazon ı al.
	_						

TF-IDF

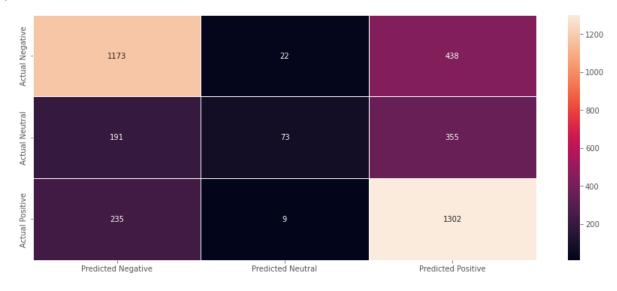
```
In [19]: tfidf = TfidfVectorizer(sublinear_tf=True, min_df=5, stop_words='english')
    train_tfidf = tfidf.fit_transform(train_data.text)
    test_tfidf = tfidf.transform(test_file.text)
```

Classifier #1: Multinomial Naive Bayes

Out[20]: 0.6708794102159031

```
In [21]:
    nb_conf = confusion_matrix(test_file.label, nb_model)
    ylabel = ["Actual Negative", "Actual Neutral", "Actual Positive"]
    xlabel = ["Predicted Negative", "Predicted Neutral", "Predicted Positive"]
    plt.figure(figsize=(15,6))
    sns.heatmap(nb_conf, annot=True, xticklabels = xlabel, yticklabels = ylabe)
```

Out[21]: <AxesSubplot:>



Classifier #2: Linear Support Vector

```
In [22]:
    lsvc = LinearSVC()
    lsvc.fit(train_tfidf, train_data.label)
    lsvc_model = lsvc.predict(test_tfidf)
    accuracy_score(test_file.label, lsvc_model)
```

Out[22]: 0.7838335966298051

Out[23]: <AxesSubplot:>

200

Predicted Positive



Classifier #3: Random Forest

```
In [24]:
           rfc=RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=100)
           rfc.fit(train_tfidf, train_data.label)
           rfc_model = rfc.predict(test_tfidf)
           accuracy_score(test_file.label, rfc_model)
          0.6964191679831491
Out[24]:
In [25]:
           rf conf = confusion matrix(test file.label, rfc model)
           ylabel = ["Actual Negative", "Actual Neutral", "Actual Positive"]
           xlabel = ["Predicted Negative", "Predicted Neutral", "Predicted Positive"]
           plt.figure(figsize=(15,6))
           sns.heatmap(rf_conf, annot=True, xticklabels = xlabel, yticklabels = ylabe)
          <AxesSubplot:>
Out[25]:
          Actual Negative
                                                                                           1000
                      1145
                                                                                           800
                       149
                                               341
                                                                       129
                                                                                           600
                                                                                           400
          Actual Positive
                                                                      1159
                       281
                                               106
```

Comparing the 3 Models

Predicted Negative

8 of 12 13/12/21, 10:44 am

Predicted Neutral

```
In [26]:
          from sklearn.metrics import make_scorer
          from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
          from sklearn.metrics import precision score
          from sklearn.metrics import recall score
          from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
          from sklearn.model selection import cross validate
          scoringDict = {'accuracy':make_scorer(accuracy_score),
                     'precision':make scorer(precision score, average='weighted'),
                     'recall':make_scorer(recall_score, average='weighted'),
                     'f1 score':make scorer(f1 score, average='weighted')}
In [27]:
          df = pd.concat([train data, test file])
          df tfidf = tfidf.transform(df.text)
          def models_evaluation(X, y, folds):
              X : data set features
              y : data set target
              folds: number of cross-validation folds
              # Perform cross-validation to each machine learning classifier
              LSVC = cross_validate(lsvc, X, y, cv=folds, scoring=scoringDict)
              RFC = cross_validate(rfc, X, y, cv=folds, scoring=scoringDict)
              MNB = cross_validate(nb, X, y, cv=folds, scoring=scoringDict)
              # Create a data frame with the models perfoamnce metrics scores
              models scores table = pd.DataFrame({'Linear Support Vector':[LSVC['tes
                                                                              LSVC['te
                                                                              LSVC['te
                                                                              LSVC['te
                                                 'Random Forest':[RFC['test accuracy'
                                                                  RFC['test precision
                                                                  RFC['test recall'].
                                                                  RFC['test_f1_score'
                                                 'Multinomial Naive Bayes':[MNB['test
                                                                         MNB['test pre
                                                                         MNB['test re
                                                                         MNB['test f1
                                                index=['Accuracy', 'Precision', 'Rec
              # Add 'Best Score' column
              models_scores_table['Best Score'] = models_scores_table.idxmax(axis=1)
              # Return models performance metrics scores data frame
              return(models_scores_table)
          # Run models_evaluation function
          cross table = models evaluation(df tfidf, df.label, 5)
In [28]:
          cross_nb = cross_table['Multinomial Naive Bayes']['Accuracy'] * 100
          cross_lsv = cross_table['Linear Support Vector']['Accuracy'] * 100
          cross_rf = cross_table['Random Forest']['Accuracy'] * 100
```

```
In [29]:
          from tkinter import *
          from tkinter import filedialog
In [30]:
          def switchHelper(argument):
              print(argument)
              switcher = {
                  "0": "Negative",
                  "1": "Neutral",
                  "2": "Positive",
              return switcher.get(argument, "Neutral")
In [31]:
          def predictSentence(text):
              text = lower(text)
              text = remove_num(text)
              text = punct_remove(text)
              text = remove_stopwords(text)
              text = remove_mention(text)
              text = remove_hash(text)
              text = remove_space(text)
              tfidfVector = tfidf.transform([text])
              nb_pred_label = nb.predict(tfidfVector)
              return nb pred label
In [32]:
          def predictSentenceHelper():
              pred = predictSentence(tweetInput.get())
              pred class = switchHelper(pred[0])
              labelPredict = Label(root, text=pred_class)
              labelPredict.grid(row=6, column=1)
```

```
In [331:
          # f = 'Corona_NLP_test.csv'
          def predictFile(f):
              test data = pd.read csv(f,encoding='latin1')
              #Preprocess test file
              test data['text'] = test data.OriginalTweet
              test_data["text"] = test_data["text"].astype(str)
              test_data['label']=test_data['Sentiment'].apply(lambda x:classes_def(x
              test_data['text_new']=test_data['text'].apply(lambda x:remove_urls(x))
              test_data['text']=test_data['text_new'].apply(lambda x:remove_html(x))
              test_data['text_new']=test_data['text'].apply(lambda x:lower(x))
              test_data['text']=test_data['text_new'].apply(lambda x:remove_num(x))
              test_data['text_new']=test_data['text'].apply(lambda x:remove_mention()
              test data['text']=test data['text new'].apply(lambda x:remove hash(x))
              test data['text new']=test data['text'].apply(lambda x:remove space(x)
              test_data = test_data.drop(columns=['text_new'])
              tfidf file = tfidf.transform(test data.text)
              nb_model = nb.predict(tfidf_file)
              model_acc = [accuracy_score(test_data.label, nb_model)*100]
              lsvc model = lsvc.predict(tfidf file)
              model acc.append(accuracy score(test data.label, lsvc model)*100)
              rfc_model = rfc.predict(tfidf_file)
              model acc.append(accuracy score(test data.label, rfc model)*100)
              return model_acc
          # predictFile(f)
In [34]:
          def predictFileHelper():
              filename = filedialog.askopenfilename(initialdir="/env/LP2/DMW_Mini/",
              model acc = predictFile(filename)
              show confusion(model acc)
In [35]:
          def clear_frame():
              for w in root.winfo_children():
                  w.destroy()
```

```
In [36]:
          def show confusion(model acc):
              clear_frame()
              labelTitle = Label(root, text='COVID-19 Tweet Sentiment Analysis', for
              labelTitle.grid(row=2, columnspan=5)
              Label(root, text='Naive Bayes').grid(row=3,column=1)
              Label(root, text=f'Accuracy: {str(round(model_acc[0],2))}%').grid(row=
              Label(root, text=f'Confusion Matrix: ').grid(row=5,column=1)
              Label(root, text=f'{nb conf}').grid(row=6,column=1)
              Label(root, text=f'Accuracy after Cross Validation: {str(round(cross nl
              Label(root, text='').grid(column=2)
              Label(root, text='Linear Support Vector').grid(row=3,column=3)
              Label(root, text=f'Accuracy: {str(round(model acc[1],2))}%').grid(row=
              Label(root, text=f'Confusion Matrix: ').grid(row=5,column=3 )
              Label(root, text=f'{lsv_conf}').grid(row=6,column=3)
              Label(root, text=f'Accuracy after Cross Validation: {str(round(cross l
              Label(root, text='').grid(column=2)
              Label(root, text='Random Forest').grid(row=3,column=5)
              Label(root, text=f'Accuracy: {str(round(model acc[2],2))}%').grid(row=
              Label(root, text=f'Confusion Matrix: ').grid(row=5,column=5 )
              Label(root, text=f'{rf conf}').grid(row=6,column=5)
              Label(root, text=f'Accuracy after Cross Validation: {str(round(cross r
In [37]:
          root = Tk()
          #Custom Input
          labelTitle = Label(root, text='COVID-19 Tweet Sentiment Analysis', font='He
          labelTitle.grid(row=1, column=0,columnspan=5, rowspan=1)
          tweetInput = Entry(root, width=15)
          tweetInput.insert(0, 'Enter Tweet')
          tweetInput.grid(row=4,column=0)
          predictButton = Button(root, text="Predict", command=predictSentenceHelper
          predictButton.grid(row=7,column=1)
          labelOR = Label(root, text="OR")
          labelOR.grid(row=4, column=1)
          # File Input
          button file open = Button(root, text="Browse File", command=predictFileHel
          button file open.grid(row=4,column=2)
          root.mainloop()
         2
         0
 In [ ]:
```