## G. H. Raisoni College of Engineering, Nagpur

(An Autonomous Institution)

# Integral calculus and Differential equation

#### **UBSL152**

### **Assignment-1**

1. By using differential under integral sign,

evaluate 
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-x} - e^{-\alpha x}}{x \, secx} dx$$
,  $\alpha > 0$ .

- 2. Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{0}^{y} xye^{-x^{2}} dx dy$
- 3. Evaluate  $\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-y^2}} \sqrt{a^2-x^2-y^2} \, dx \, dy$
- 4. Evaluate  $\iint x^2 y^2 dxdy$  over the area bounded by the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$
- 5. Evaluate  $\iint_R y \, dx dy$  where R is the region bounded by the parabola  $y^2 = 4x$  and  $x^2 = 4y$ .
- 6. Evaluate the given integral  $\int_0^\infty e^{-kx} x^{n-1}$
- 7. Evaluate  $\int_0^2 x(8-x^3)^{\frac{1}{3}} dx$
- 8. Prove that  $\beta(m, n) = \beta(n, m)$

## **Problems on self-study topics:**

- 9. Find the length of the arc of the curve  $x = 3y^{3/2} 1$  from y=0 to y=4.
- 10. Find the area included between the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$  and its latus rectum (use simple integration).
- 11. Find the area bounded by ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  (use simple integration).