India ML Hiring Hackathon 2019

Problem Statement:

Identify Key aspects of a Review.

Format of a dataset:

Train data:

Variable	Definition
Review Text	User's reviews
Review Title	Title of the reviews
Topic	Topic of the reviews (Target)

Test data:

Variable	Definition
Review Text	User's reviews
Review Title	Title of the reviews

Approch:

Train Data

| Data preprocessing (remove stop words, Lemmatization)

| Apply Count vectorizer

| TF-IDF

| Build a Model

| Predict result

• Data preprocessing:

- Missing values: train and test data does not have any missing data.
- Stopwords: For the purpose of analyzing the data and building NLP model stopwords does not add much value to the meaning of the document.
- Lemmatization: It is the process to convert word to its base form.

• Count vectorizer:

- Reviews contains a series of words. To run the machine learning algorithm, we need to convert text into numerical feature vectors.
- segment each review into words and then count a number of times each word occurs in data and finally assign each word an integer id. This is known as feature vector.

• TF – IDF:

- Just by counting number of words in the dataset will give more weightage to common words. To avoid that I am using TF-IDF.
- TF-IDF (Term frequency inverse document frequency): is a numerical statistic that is intended to reflect how important a word is to a document in a collection or corpus. It is often used as a weighting factor in searches of information retrieval, text mining, and user modeling

• Build models:

 Build different Machine learning models with preprocessed train data.

• Predict Results:

- o Predict the result of different models with test dataset.
- o Compare results of different models.
- o Make a final submission whose accuracy is more.

Model improvement:

- o Improve accuracy of the model by tuning parameters using GridsearchCV.
- Merge Review Text and Review Title columns and train the data.

Other Approaches:

- Deep learning- Models with pretrained Embdedings
- o Rasa NLU Use Rasa NLU's intent classification