

JAVASCRIPT

CHEAT-SHEET FOR MATH

Math Object Properties

| Property | Description |
|---------------|---|
| <u>E</u> | Returns Euler's number (approx. 2.718) <code>let x = Math.E;</code> |
| <u>LN2</u> | Returns the natural logarithm of 2 (approx. 0.693) <code>let x = Math.LN2;</code> |
| <u>LN10</u> | Returns the natural logarithm of 10 (approx. 2.302) <code>let x = Math.LN10;</code> |
| <u>LOG2E</u> | Returns the base-2 logarithm of E (approx. 1.442) <code>let x = Math.LOG2E;</code> |
| <u>LOG10E</u> | Returns the base-10 logarithm of E (approx. 0.434) <code>let x = Math.LOG10E;</code> |
| <u>PI</u> | Returns PI (approx. 3.14) <code>let x = Math.PI;</code> |

Math Object Methods

| Method | Description |
|----------------|--|
| <u>cbt(x)</u> | Returns the cubic root of x <code>let x = Math.cbrt(125);</code> <code>//x=5</code> |
| <u>ceil(x)</u> | Returns x, rounded upwards to the nearest integer <code>Math.ceil(1.4)</code> <code>//x=2</code> |
| <u>exp(x)</u> | Returns the value of E^x <code>let x = Math.exp(3);</code> <code>//x=20.085536923187668</code> |

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|-----------------------------|---|
| <u>floor(x)</u> | Returns x, rounded downwards to the nearest integer Math.ceil(1.4) //x=1 |
| <u>log(x)</u> | Returns the natural logarithm of x let x = Math.log(2); //x= 0.693 |
| <u>log10(x)</u> | Returns the base-10 logarithm of x let x = Math.log10(2); //x=0.3010299956639812 |
| <u>max(x, y, z, ..., n)</u> | Returns the number with the highest value let b = Math.max(0, 150, 30, 20, 38); //b=150 |
| <u>min(x, y, z, ..., n)</u> | Returns the number with the lowest value let b = Math.min(0, 150, 30, 20, 38); //b=0 |
| <u>pow(x, y)</u> | Returns the value of x to the power of y let c = Math.pow(2, 10); //c=1024 |
| <u>random()</u> | Returns a random number between 0 and 1 let c = Math.random()*10 //c = 5.6847 |
| <u>round(x)</u> | Rounds x to the nearest integer let a = Math.round(2.60); //c = 3 |
| <u>sqrt(x)</u> | Returns the square root of x let a = Math.sqrt(16) //a= 4 |