

6-2: Indexing Tables of Records

Vocabulary

- 1.Collection
- 2.INDEX BY table
- 3.INDEX BY table of records

Try It/Solve It

1.

A.

-o variabila compusa care contine acelasi tip de data

B.

1.YES

2.NO

3.YES

4.NO

C.

INDEX BY table- contine un camp identificat dupa o cheie primara, poate fi accesat indexat,iar baza de date contine mai multe informatii, nu dispune de acces indexat

D.

INDEX BY table are un tip de data scalar, in timp ce INDEX BY table record, are ca tip de data %ROWTYPE

E.

t_pops=tip de data

v_pops_tab=variabila de tipul de data t_pops,INDEX BY table

2.

A.

DECLARE

TYPE t_country_name IS TABLE OF WF_countries.country_name%TYPE

INDEX BY BINARY_INTEGER;

v_country_name_tab t_country_name ;

BEGIN

FOR count_rec IN (SELECT country_id,country_name FROM wf_countries WHERE
region_id=5 ORDER BY country_id) LOOP

v_country_name_tab(count_rec.country_id):=count_rec.country_name;

END LOOP;

END;

B.

FOR iterator IN v_country_name_tab.FIRST..v_country_name_tab.LAST LOOP

IF(v_country_name_tab.EXISTS(iterator)) THEN

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_country_name_tab(iterator));

END IF;

END LOOP;

C.

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_country_name_tab(v_country_name_tab.FIRST)|| ' ||
v_country_name_tab(v_country_name_tab.LAST)|| ' ||v_country_name_tab.COUNT);

3.

A.DECLARE

CURSOR cur_emp is SELECT employee_id,last_name,job_id,salary FROM employees;

TYPE t_emp_rec IS TABLE OF CUR_EMP%ROWTYPE

INDEX BY BINARY_INTEGER;

v_emp_rec_tab t_emp_rec;

BEGIN

```
FOR emp_rec IN (SELECT employee_id,last_name,job_id,salary FROM employees ORDER BY  
employee_id) LOOP
```

```
    v_emp_rec_tab(emp_rec.employee_id):=emp_rec;
```

```
END LOOP;
```

```
END;
```

```
B.FOR i IN v_emp_rec_tab.FIRST..v_emp_rec_tab.LAST LOOP
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```
    IF(v_emp_rec_tab.EXISTS(i)) THEN
```

```
        DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_emp_rec_tab(i).LAST_NAME||' | '||v_emp_rec_tab(i).job_id||' | '  
||v_emp_rec_tab(i).salary);
```

```
    END IF;
```

```
END LOOP;
```