

BLOCKCHAIN

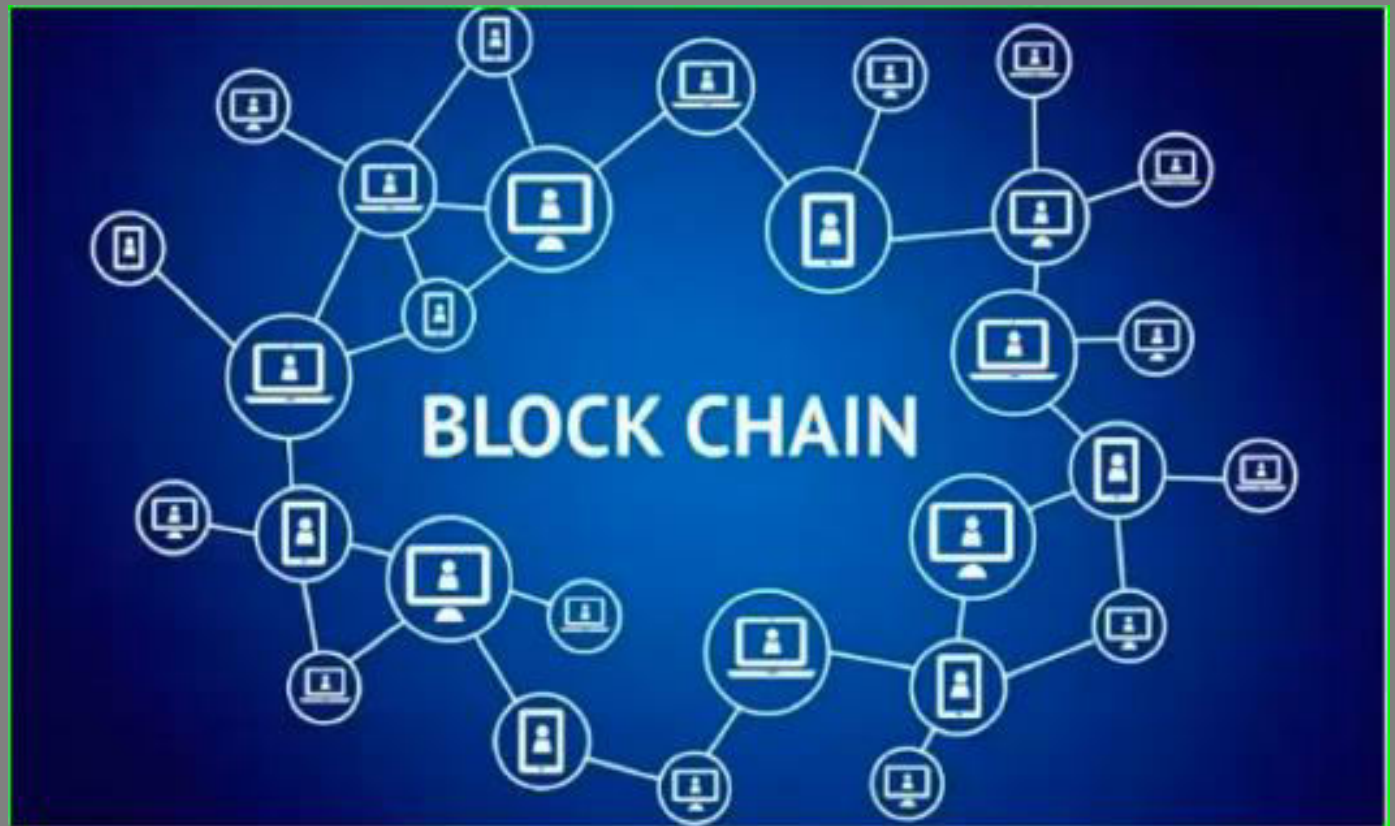
SMART CONTRACT SECURITY AND AUDITS

Rüzgar Üren

1107090006

Dr. Enis Karaaslan

Mugla Sıtkı Kocman University

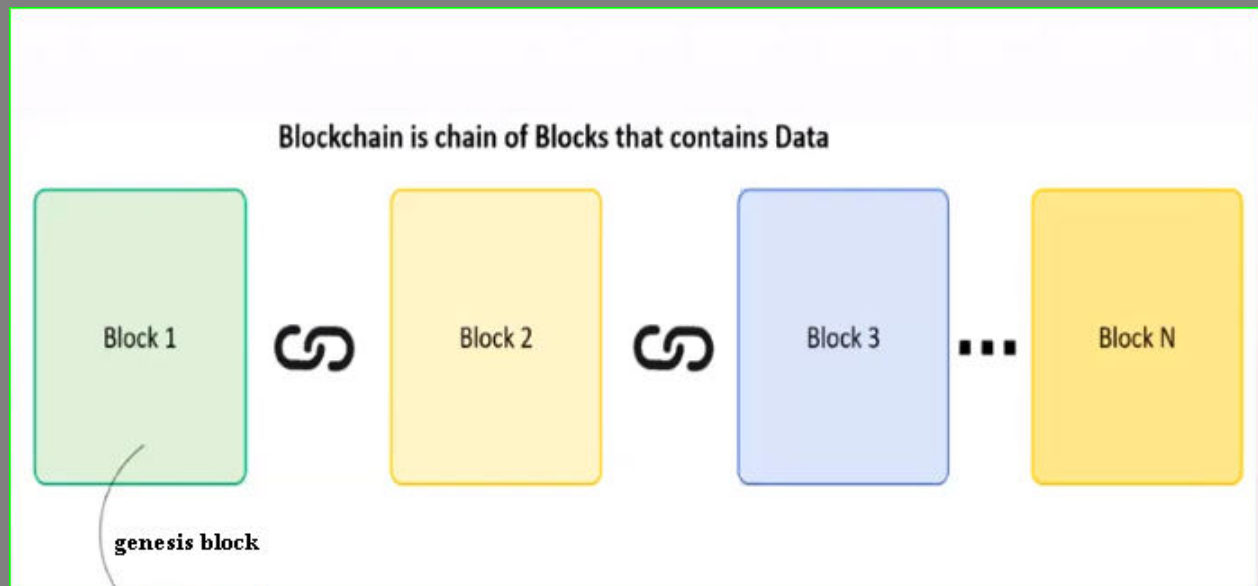




2009-

Smart Contracts

A smart contract is a computer code that can be built into the blockchain to facilitate, verify, or negotiate a contract agreement. Smart contracts operate under a set of conditions that users agree to. When those conditions are met, the terms of the agreement are automatically carried out

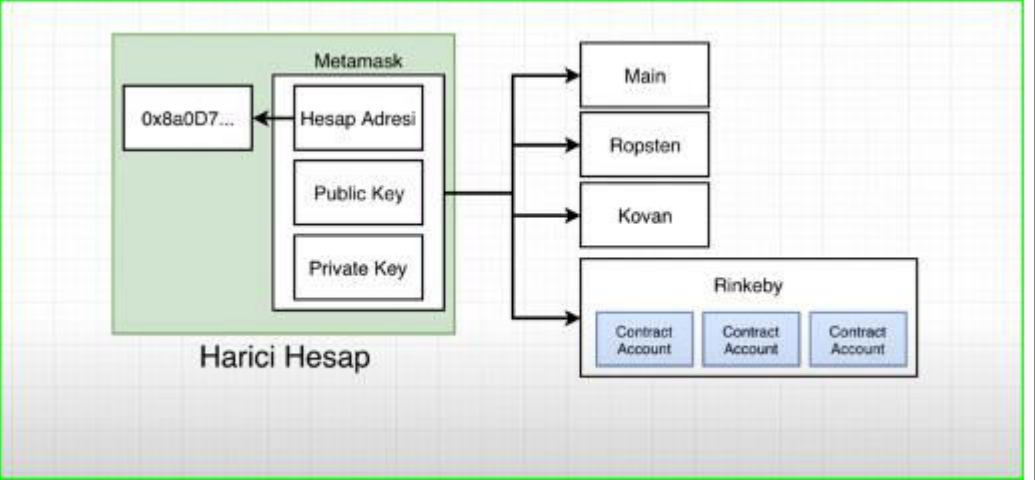


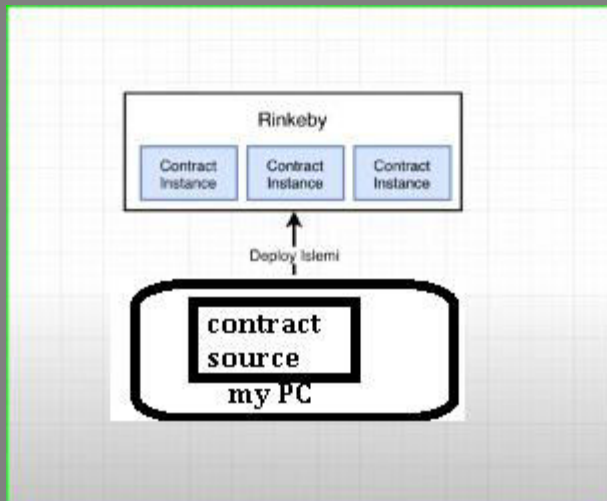
What is inside the blocks ?

What is an account has : balance, account number, public key ...

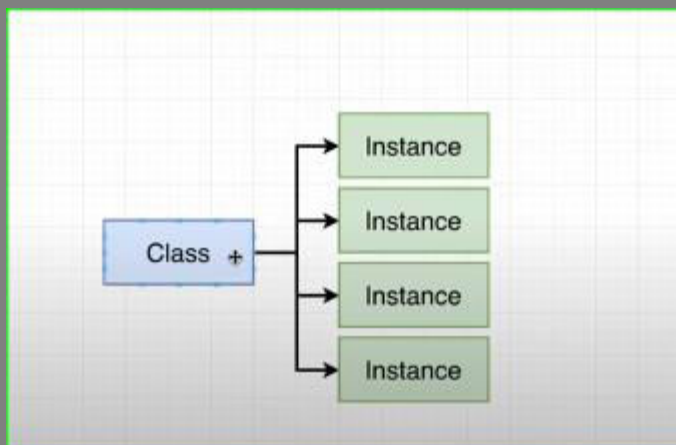
What a smart contract has: ...

Contract Account	
name	defination
balance:	quantity of ether
storage:	database for contract
code	Raw machine code.






How many times you deploy the contract source - that much times you created instances



```
1 class Araba {
2   drive() {
3     console.log("");
4   }
5
6   getColor() {
7     return this.color;
8   }
9
10  setColor(color) {
11    this.color = color;
12  }
13 }
14
15 const mustang = new Car();
16 mustang.setColor("kirmizi");
17 mustang.getColor(); // kirmizi
```



created car instance

When we write `const mustang = new car()` – here is a creation of instance.

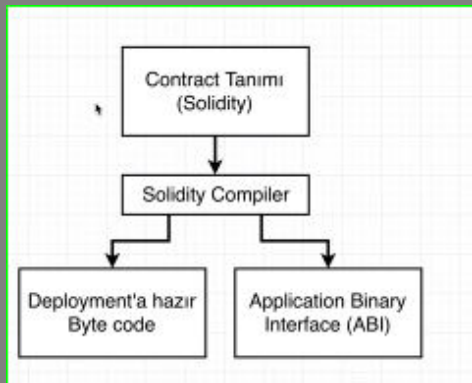
Solidity Programing Language

solidity- it used for smart contract

.sol ----- extension

it looks likes javascript but so different

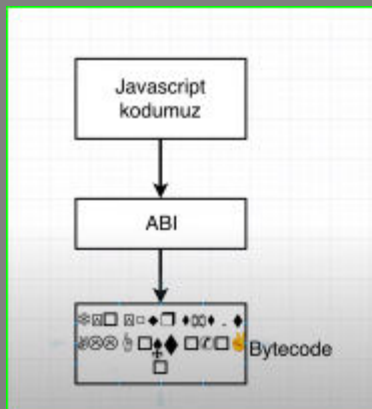
dynamic types



contract defination

when we write any contract definition it is compile by solidity language and we have two output

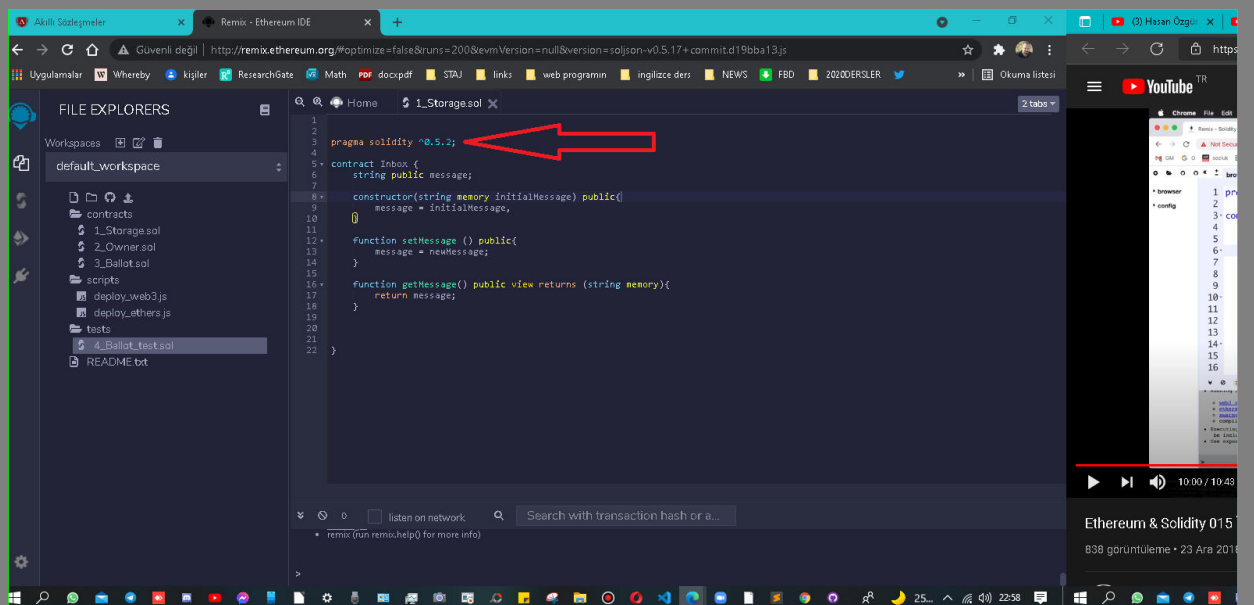
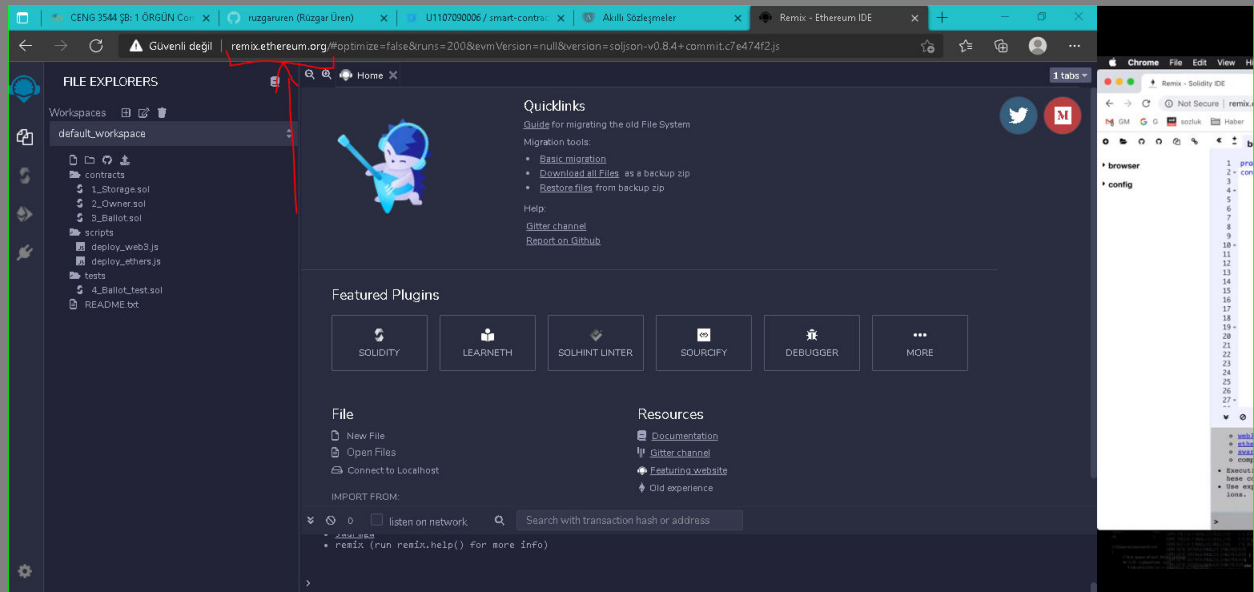
- 1- byte code- ready for deployment
- 2- application binary interface " ABI "

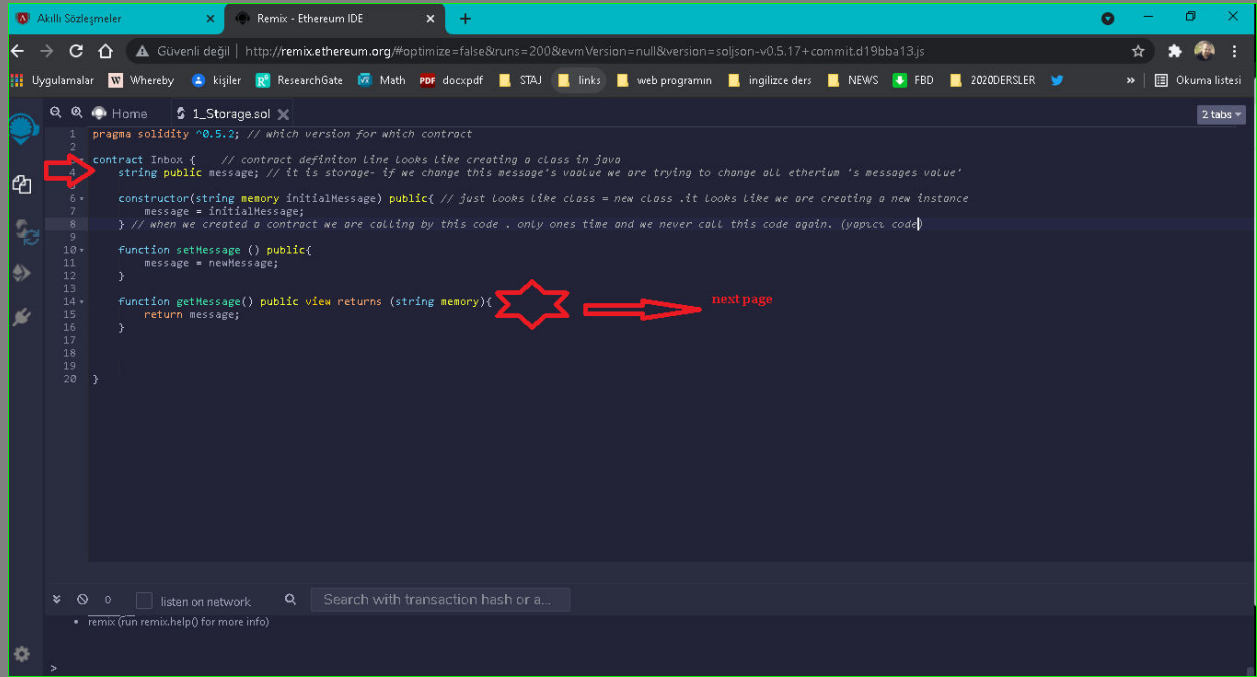


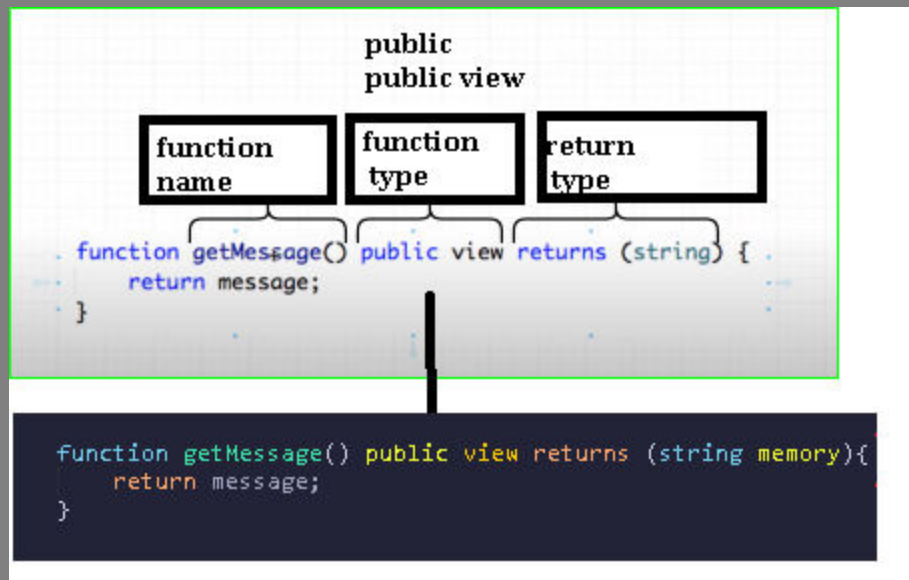
ABI is manage this bytecodes

Link 1:

the editor: <http://remix.ethereum.org/>







functions in solidity.

public	the universal calling
private	only the contract can call
view	function is return- can not change the contract
constant	can not read or change any value
pure	if ether is have a function and need to spend ether this function is used.

DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS

ENVIRONMENT

JavaScript VM

we mean that we want to use
initial ethereum network

0x5B3...eddC4 (100 ether)

GAS LIMIT

30000000

VALUE

0

wei

CONTRACT

Inbox - tests/ruzgar.sol

Deploy

string InitialMessage

☐ Publish to IPFS

OR

At Address

Load contract from Address

Transactions recorded 0

Deployed Contracts

ruzgar.sol

```
1 pragma solidity ^0.5.2; // which version for which contract
2
3 contract Inbox { // contract definition line looks like creating a class in java
4     string public message; // it is storage- if we change this message's value we are trying to change all ether
5
6     constructor(string memory InitialMessage) public { // just looks like class = new class .it looks like we are
7         message = InitialMessage;
8     } // when we created a contract we are calling by this code . only ones time and we never call this code again
9
10    function setMessage (string memory newMessage) public{
11        message = newMessage;
12    }
13
14    function getMessage() public view returns (string memory){
15        return message;
16    }
17
18
19
20 }
```

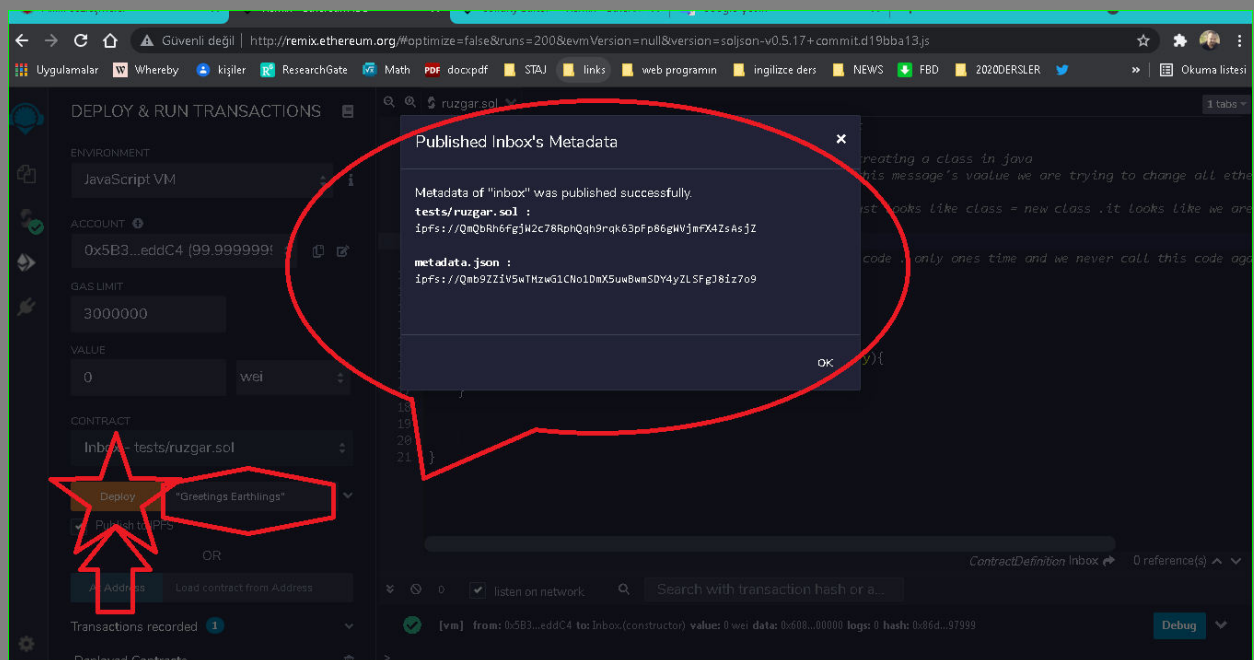
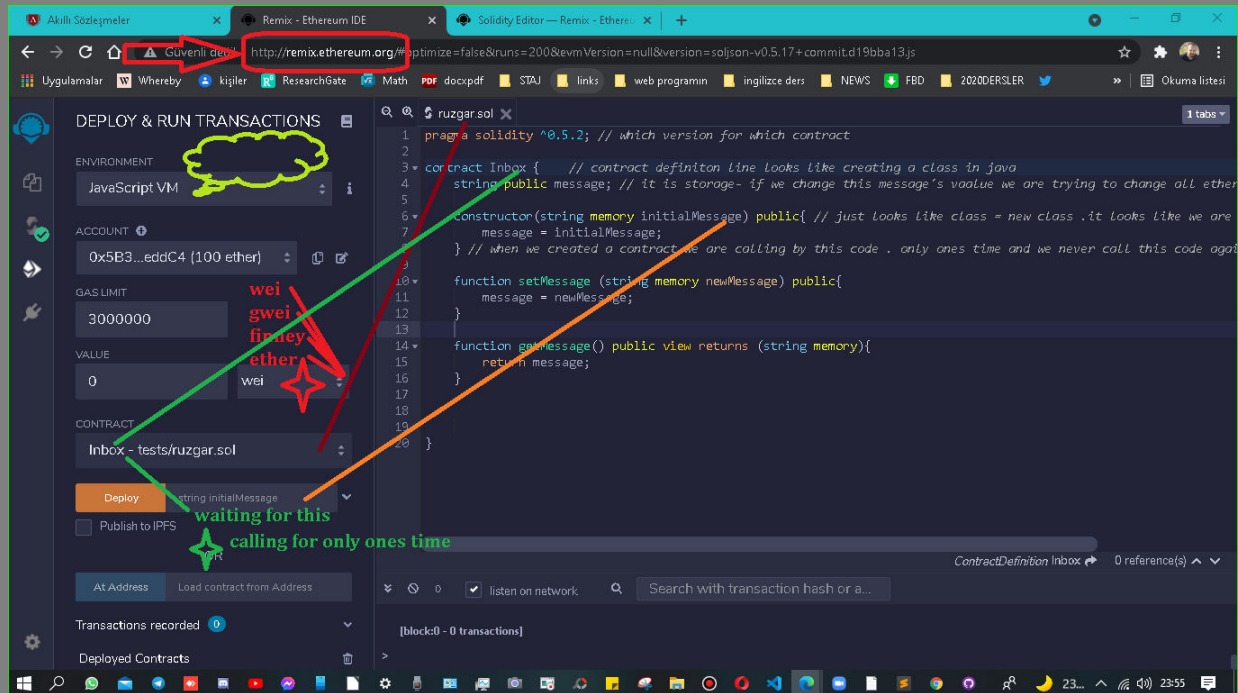
ContractDefinition Inbox 0 reference(s)

☒ listen on network

Search with transaction hash or a...

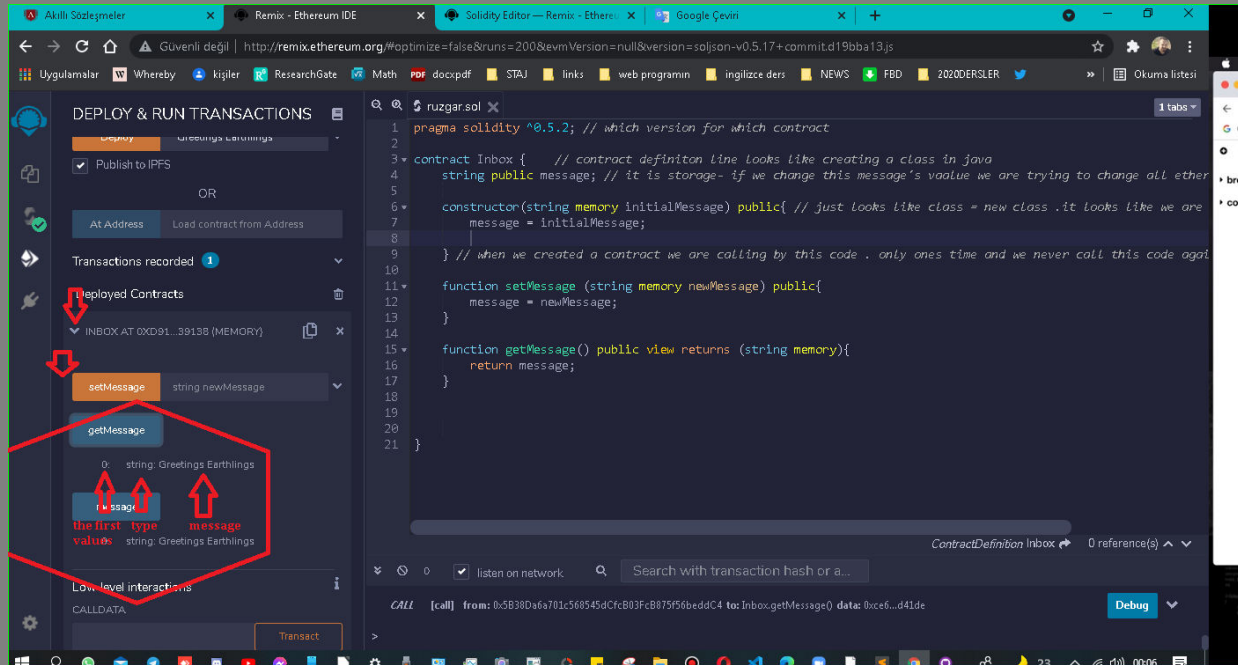
[block:0 - 0 transactions]

Ethereum
573 görüntü



Link 2:

source: https://remix-ide.readthedocs.io/en/latest/solidity_editor.html



when we set a new message we are not changing the get message or the message itself

– previous messga are atill there

The screenshot displays the Remix Ethereum IDE interface. The top panel shows the browser address bar with the URL `http://remix.ethereum.org/#optimize=false&runs=200&evmVersion=null&version=soljson-v0.5.17+commit.d19bba13.js`. The left sidebar contains the 'DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS' panel, which includes a section for 'Deployed Contracts' showing a contract named 'INBOX AT 0xD91...39138 (MEMORY)'. Below this, there are buttons for 'setMessage' and 'getMessage'. The 'setMessage' button is highlighted, and the input field next to it contains the text 'goodbye'. The 'getMessage' button is also visible. The bottom section of the sidebar is labeled 'Low level interactions' and contains a 'CALLDATA' field and a 'Transact' button.

The main panel displays the Solidity code for the 'Inbox' contract. The code is as follows:

```
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14
15     function getMessage() public view returns (string memory){
16         return message;
17     }
18
19
20
21 }
```

The bottom panel shows the transaction log, which includes the following entry:

```
[vm] from: 0x5B3...eddC4 to: Inbox.setMessage(string) 0xd91...39138 value: 0 wei data: 0x368...00000 logs: 0 hash: 0xd3e...93085
```

Akili Sozlemeler

Remix - Ethereum IDE

Solidity Editor - Remix - Ether...

Google Çeviri

Güvenli değil | http://remix.ethereum.org/#optimize=false&runs=200&evmVersion=null&version=soljson-v0.5.17+commit.d19bba13.js

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DEPLOY & RUN TRANSACTIONS

All transactions (deployed contracts and function executions) in this environment can be saved and replayed in another environment. e.g. Transactions created in Javascript VM can be replayed in the Injected Web3.

Deployed Contracts

INBOX-AT 0XD91...39138 (MEMORY)

setMessage goodby

getMessage

0: string: goodby

message

0: string: Greetings Eartlings

Low level interactions

CALLDATA

Transact

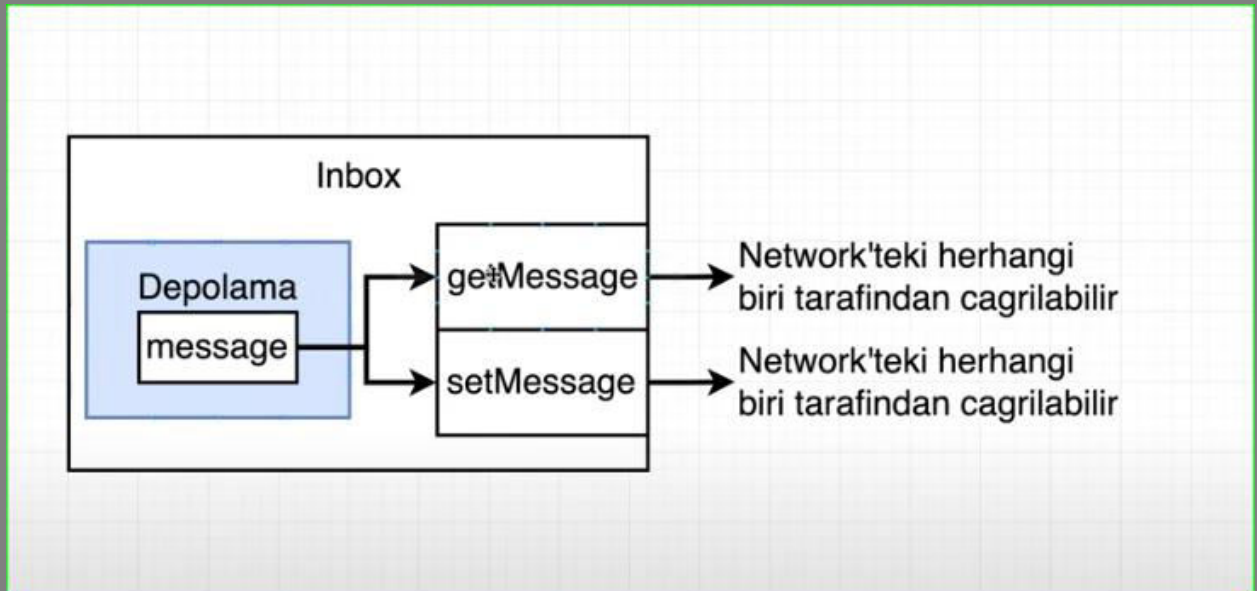
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17     }
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19
20
21 }
```

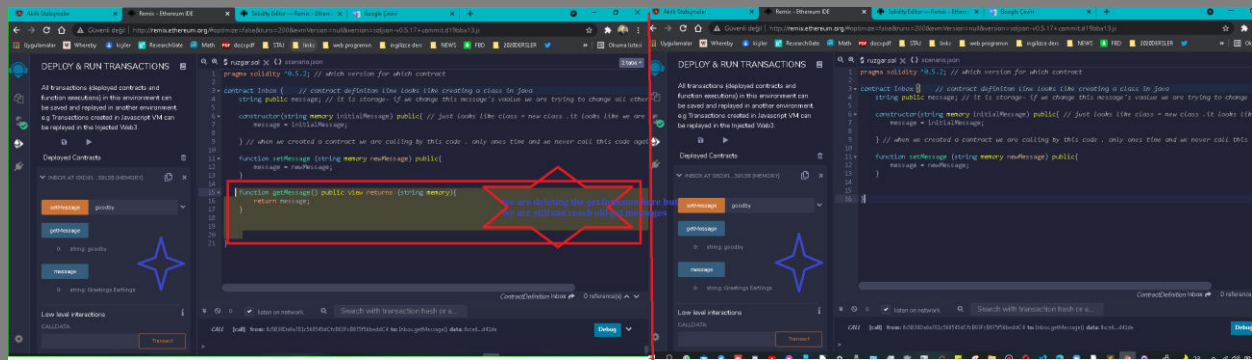
string message 3 reference(s)

CALL [call] from: 0x5B38Da6a701c568545dCfcB03Fc8075F56beddC4 to: Inbox.getMessage() data: 0xce6...d41de

Debug

Ethereu





Thanks for listening .

if you have any question or want to this work results

Contact by E-mail

ruzgaruren@posta.mu.edu.tr

