

EE 451: Parallel and Distributed Computation

PA4 — Spring 2021

Due date: Sunday 14th March 2021 11:59 PM

1. Examples

Copy example files to your home directory.

1. Login to HPC

2. Copy

```
cp -r /project/xuehaiqi_652/examples .
```

3. Goto examples

```
cd examples
```

The `openmp_example.c` contains the OpenMP implementation of matrix vector multiplication.

1. Login to HPC

2. Compile

```
gcc -O3 -fopenmp openmp_example.c
```

3. Run

```
srun -c8 ./a.out
```

The option `-c` specifies the number of CPUs allocated for a task. By default, the value is 1. For OpenMP program, the number of threads should equal the number of CPUs.

The `mpi_examples` folder includes the source codes used in discussions. To run an mpi program, for example, the ‘scatter.c’, follow the steps:

1. Login to HPC

2. Setup MPI toolchain:

```
module purge
module load intel/19.0.4 intel-mpi
```

3. Compile

```
mpicc -O3 scatter.c
```

4. Run

```
srun --exclusive --mpi=pmi2 -n4 ./a.out
```

The option `-n` specifies the number of tasks (processes). By default, the value is 1. There is 1 task per node (machine), but note that the `-c` option will change this default.

2. Parallel Matrix Multiplication[50 points]

Parallelize the **naïve** matrix multiplication which you implemented in PA 1 using OpenMP. Name the program as `openmp.c`. Take a screenshot.

- The matrix size is $4K \times 4K$. Print out the execution time and the value of $C[100][100]$ in your program.
- Pass the number of threads p as a command line parameter [1].
- Report the execution time for $p = 1, 2, 4$.

3. Pass Message in a Ring [50 points]

Write an MPI program that passes a value around 4 processes using the following steps. Name this program as `mpi.c`. Take a screenshot.

1. Process 0 initializes $Msg = 451$ and prints value of Msg
2. Process 0 sends the value of Msg to Process 1
3. Process 1 receives the value of Msg , increases it by 1, prints the value and sends the current value of Msg to Process 2
4. Process 2 receives the value of Msg , increases it by 1, prints the value and sends the current value of Msg to Process 3
5. Process 3 receives the value of Msg , increases it by 1, prints the value and sends the current value of Msg to Process 0
6. Process 0 receives the value of Msg from Process 3 and prints the value

The output messages look like (Note that your code is still correct if the order of messages is different):

- Process 0: Initially $Msg = 451$
- Process 1: $Msg = 452$
- Process 3: $Msg = 454$
- Process 2: $Msg = 453$
- Process 0: Received $Msg = 454$. Done!