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# Download data from *Weather Underground* and KNMI

## 1.1 Extract Dutch stations

The script *wunderground\_dump\_stationid.py* parses the Weather Underground website to find all stations in the Netherlands. For each station found, the following variables are extracted: *station id*, *neighborhood*, *city*, *station type*, and *location* (latitude, longitude, height). The zipcode of the station location is extracted using the api of Google Maps. The extracted data is saved to a csv file.

The script takes one (optional) argument, which is the name of the output csv file. The default name of the output csv file is *wunderground\_stations.csv* in the current working directory.

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**Program 1.1** *wunderground\_dump\_stationid.py*

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```
usage: wunderground_dump_stationid.py [-h] [-o OUTPUT]
```

Extract all Wunderground stations in the Netherlands and write the station names and locations to a csv file

optional arguments:

```
-h, --help            show this help message and exit
-o OUTPUT, --output OUTPUT
                        CSV output file [default: wunderground_stations.csv]
```

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## 1.2 Download Wunderground data

Downloading data from Weather Underground is performed using the script *wunderground\_getdata.py*. A station id can be supplied to the script, using the (-s, --stationid) switch, to download data for a single station. Alternatively, the csv file that results from the *wunderground\_dump\_stationid.py* script can be supplied to the script using the (-c, --csvfile) switch to download data for all stations in the csv file.

Other relevant arguments to the script are:

- (-b, --startyear) and (-e, --endyear): Defines the begin and end of the period that data is downloaded for.
- (-o, --outputdir): Data output directory. Data files will be saved to \${outputdir}/\${STATIONID}

- (-k, --keep): Use the argument switch to keep already downloaded data. If the argument switch is not used existing data is overwritten.

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**Program 1.2** wunderground\_getdata.py
 

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```
usage: wunderground_getdata.py [-h] [-o OUTPUTDIR] [-b STARTYEAR] [-e ENDYEAR]
                               [-s STATIONID] [-c CSVFILE] [-k]
                               [-l {debug,info,warning,critical,error}]
```

Combine csv files weather underground in one output file

optional arguments:

```
-h, --help            show this help message and exit
-o OUTPUTDIR, --outputdir OUTPUTDIR
                     Data output directory
-b STARTYEAR, --startyear STARTYEAR
                     Start year
-e ENDYEAR, --endyear ENDYEAR
                     End year
-s STATIONID, --stationid STATIONID
                     Station id
-c CSVFILE, --csvfile CSVFILE
                     CSV data file
-k, --keep            Keep downloaded files
-l {debug,info,warning,critical,error}, --log {debug,info,warning,critical,error}
                     Log level
```

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After the data is downloaded, the directory `${outputdir}/${STATIONID}` contains a separate csv file for each day. In order to combine this data in a single netCDF file, the script *combine\_wunderground\_data.py* is used. The script takes two arguments:

- (-i, --inputdir): Input directory containing daily csv files that need to be combined
- (-o, --outputdir): Output directory of the resulting netCDF file

Multiple input directories can be processed at once using a simple shell command. For example, to process all subdirectories within the current working directory and save the resulting netCDF files to a subdirectory called *ncfiles*:

```
for directory in *; do ./wunderground_getdata.py -i ${directory} -o ncfiles; done
```

### 1.3 KNMI reference data

KNMI station data is used as reference data for rural temperatures. The script *knmi\_getdata.py* downloads the reference data from the KNMI website.

- (-o, --outputdir): Output directory where the data should be saved.
- (-s, --stationid): Station id of the KNMI reference station to download data from. If the argument is not used, the KNMI website is parsed to get all available stationids and data for all stations is downloaded.

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**Program 1.3** combine\_wunderground\_data.py

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```
usage: combine_wunderground_data.py [-h] -i INPUTDIR [-o OUTPUTDIR]
```

Combine csv files weather underground in one output file

optional arguments:

```
-h, --help            show this help message and exit
-i INPUTDIR, --inputdir INPUTDIR
                        Data input directory containing txt files
-o OUTPUTDIR, --outputdir OUTPUTDIR
                        Data output directory
```

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- (-c, --csvfile): Name of output csv file that contains information about the KNMI stations and their location.
- (-k, --keep): Use the argument switch to keep already downloaded data. If the argument switch is not used existing data is overwritten.

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**Program 1.4** knmi\_getdata.py

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```
usage: knmi_getdata.py [-h] [-o OUTPUTDIR] [-s STATIONID] -c CSVFILE [-k]
                        [-l {debug,info,warning,critical,error}]
```

Get data KNMI reference stations

optional arguments:

```
-h, --help            show this help message and exit
-o OUTPUTDIR, --outputdir OUTPUTDIR
                        Data output directory
-s STATIONID, --stationid STATIONID
                        Station id
-c CSVFILE, --csvfile CSVFILE
                        CSV data file
-k, --keep            Keep downloaded files
-l {debug,info,warning,critical,error}, --log {debug,info,warning,critical,error}
                        Log level
```

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## **Urban heat island**

An urban heat island (UHI) is an metropolitan area that is warmer than its surrounding rural areas due to human activities. The temperature difference usually is larger at night than during the day, and is most apparent when the winds are weak.

### **2.1 Calculation of the UHI**