Analyses v2

Cape vs SWA

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Preamble/outline

Here I layout the "new", second incarnation of the analyses as discussed over the course of May/June 2019, following the first draft of the manuscript.

The proposed "story" of questions for the analyses as as follows:

- 1. Is SWA more heterogeneous environmentally than the Cape, and does the scale of that heterogeneity differ to that of the Cape?
- 2. Do the regions differ w.r.t. the species richness of both HDS and QDS cells, and, for HDS cells' richness (S_{HDS}) , does the explanatory power of mean QDS richness (S_{QDS}) and turnover (T_{QDS}) differ between the regions?
- 3. Does heterogeneity explain differences in richness and turnover between the regions?

1. Environmental heterogeneity & scale

Is the Cape for environmentally heterogeneous than SWA, and does the scale of that heterogeneity differ to that of SWA?

For this question, environmental roughness in both regions was calculated, in moving 3 x 3 cell windows, as the average absolute difference between cells and their (usually) 8 neighbours. Alternatively, for a focal cell x^* , the roughness is based on $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_i, \ldots, x_8$ neighbour cells as:

$$Roughness(x^*) = f \begin{pmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \\ x_4 & x^* & x_5 \\ x_6 & x_7 & x_8 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n |x^* - x_i|$$

In R, I have implemented this as follows:

```
roughness <- function(x) {
  raster::focal(x, matrix(1, nrow = 3, ncol = 3), function(x) {
    focal_cell <- x[5]
    neighbour_cells <- x[
      !is.na(x) &
      !is.nan(x) &
      x != focal_cell
   ]
   ifelse(!is.na(focal_cell) & !is.nan(focal_cell),
      mean(abs(focal_cell - neighbour_cells)),
      NA
   )
   })
}</pre>
```

1.1. Ordinating environmental heterogeneity

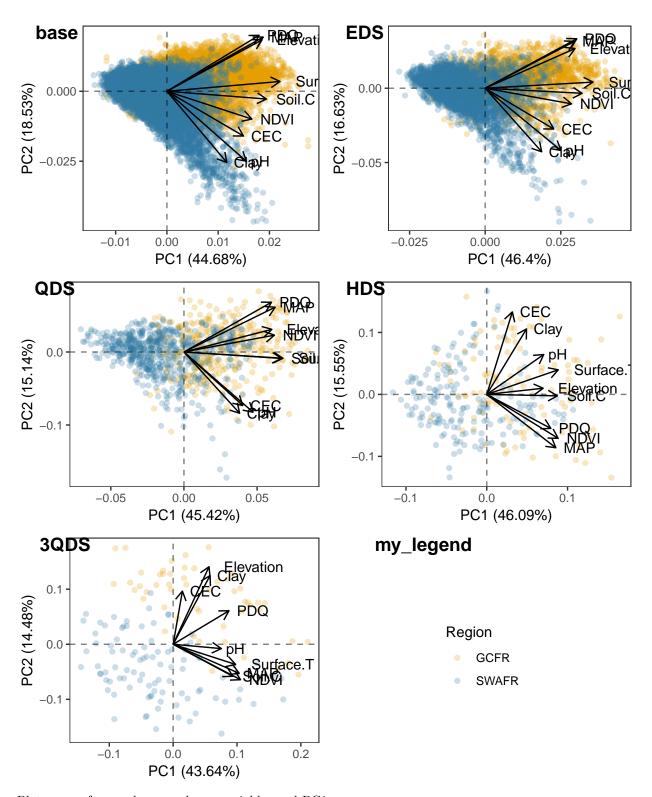
Here, I log(x + 1)-transform and perform a scaled and centred PCA of the roughness values as defined above, at each of five spatial scales: the base data resolution $(0.05^{\circ} \times 0.05^{\circ})$, eighth- (EDS), quarter- (QDS), half- (HDS) and three-quarter-degree-squares (3QDS).

The data matrices for each scale for this PCA look like this (and obviously the "region" column was excluded from the PCA proper):

Table 1: Portions of the data matrices used in the PCA for this analysis.

region	Elevation	MAP	PDQ	Surface.T	NDVI	CEC	Clay	Soil.C	рН
GCFR	5.19	2.52	0.72	1.32	15.13	1.14	1.2	2.46	1.36
GCFR	5	2.7	0.61	1.16	15.01	1.11	1.11	1.74	1.83
GCFR	4.86	2.55	0.72	1.17	15.08	1.18	1.4	1.79	1.65
GCFR	4.44	2.58	0.89	1.1	14.83	1.32	1.12	2.12	2.03
GCFR	4.62	1.98	0.91	0.71	14.35	1.35	0.86	1.54	1.46
GCFR	4.15	2.23	0.62	1.04	13.64	1	0.99	1.21	1.33
SWAFR	3.27	2.77	1.1	0.71	14.91	0.31	1.19	1.59	0.48
SWAFR	2.36	2.41	1.15	0.7	14.28	0.67	1.29	2.03	1.3
SWAFR	2.86	1.98	1.17	1.09	13.58	0.73	2.27	2.4	2.58
SWAFR	2.29	2.65	1.09	1	14.83	0.58	1.3	3.04	1.58
SWAFR	2.61	3.22	1.44	0.61	15.34	0.5	1.6	2.26	1.89
SWAFR	2.39	2.56	1.78	0.49	16.07	0.45	2.64	2	3.14

Plot PC1 vs PC2 at each scale:

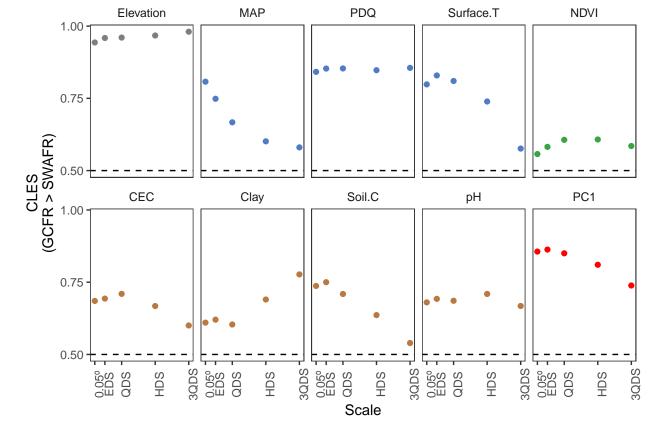


Plot maps of exemplary roughness variables and PC1 $\,$

TODO

1.2. Effect size of Cape vs SWA heterogeneity

I calculated the CLES of Cape > SWA untransformed roughness and PC1 values (from the analysis above). Let's lot CLES vs scale for each variable:



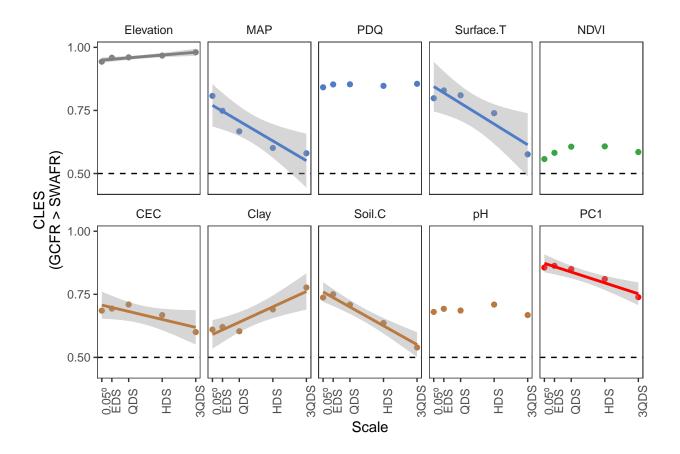
Let's regress CLES against scale for each of these panels:

Table 2: Slopes, significances and \mathbb{R}^2 -values from regressions of CLES against each form of environmental roughness.

variable	slope	p.value	r.squared	sig	slope_sign
MAP	-0.313	0.020	0.874	*	_
Surface.T	-0.330	0.026	0.848	*	-
Soil.C	-0.298	0.003	0.967	*	-
PC1	-0.172	0.010	0.922	*	-
Elevation	0.044	0.016	0.891	*	+
Clay	0.243	0.013	0.902	*	+
CEC	-0.126	0.063	0.735		-
PDQ	0.010	0.387	0.253		
NDVI	0.032	0.459	0.193		
pН	-0.010	0.756	0.037		

CEC is on the verge of significant, so I will still plot it (P = 0.063). Let's plot those significant fits then:

Warning: Removed 15 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).

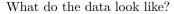


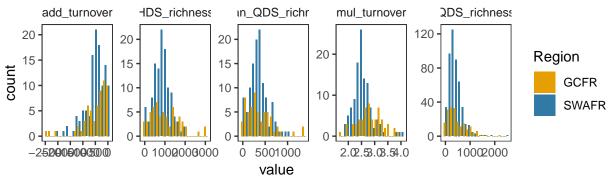
2. Species richness & turnover

Do the regions differ w.r.t. the species richness of both HDS and QDS cells, and, for HDS cells' richness (S_{HDS}) , does the explanatory power of mean QDS richness (S_{QDS}) and turnover (T_{QDS}) differ between the regions?

To tackle this question, I compare measures of species richness and turnover between the regions in both univariate and multivariate/model analyses.

2.1. Univariate comparisons





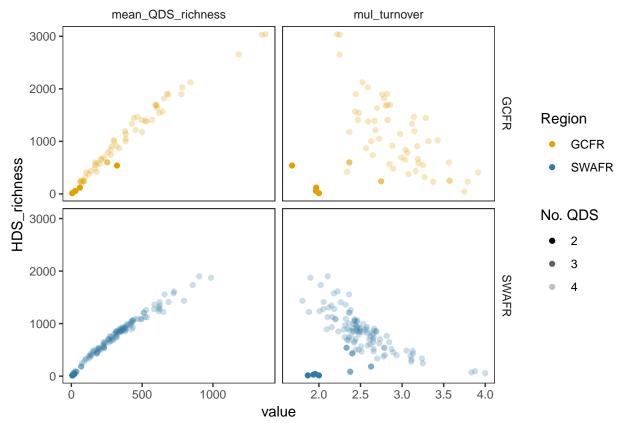
Are there significant differences between GCFR and SWAFR values?

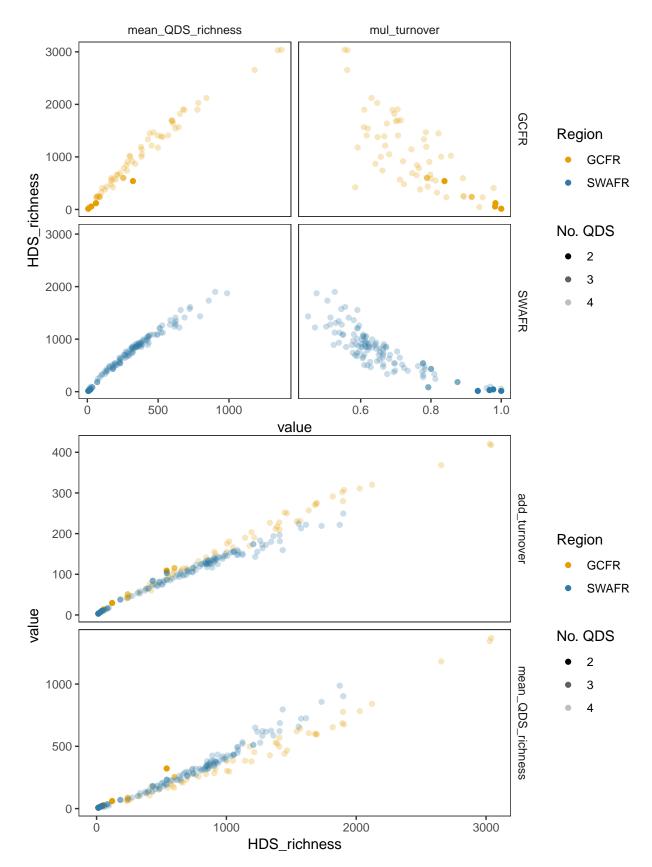
Table 3: Results of Mann-Whitney U-tests and the CLES of GCFR vs SWAFR QDS and HDS richness and multiplicative turnover.

metric	U	P	sig	CLES_value
add_turnover	2918.5	0.0950755		0.5762319
HDS_richness	2864.5	0.0659228		0.5844928
$mean_QDS_richness$	3302.5	0.6440151		0.5210145
$mul_turnover$	1810.5	0.0000003	*	0.7375362
QDS_richness	38845.5	0.0019324	*	0.5761360

2.2. Multivariate comparisons & models

Before I get stuck in with modelling HDS richness as a function of QDS richness and turnover, let's wrap our heads around the dataset first, with special attention to how the number of constituent QDS in HDS affects the patterns:

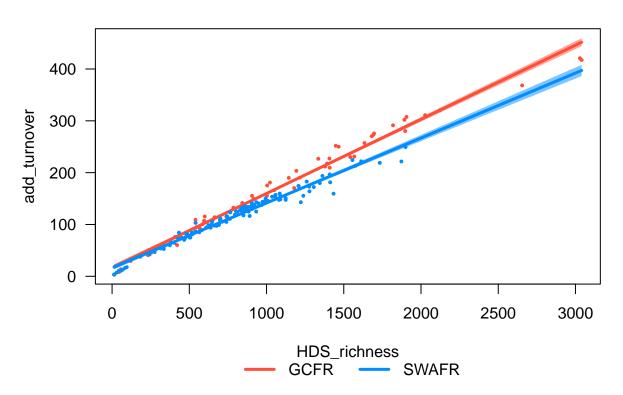


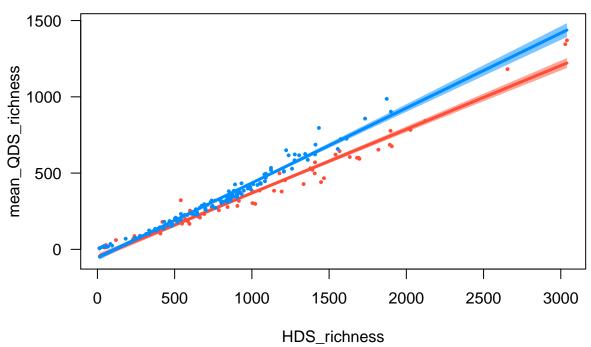


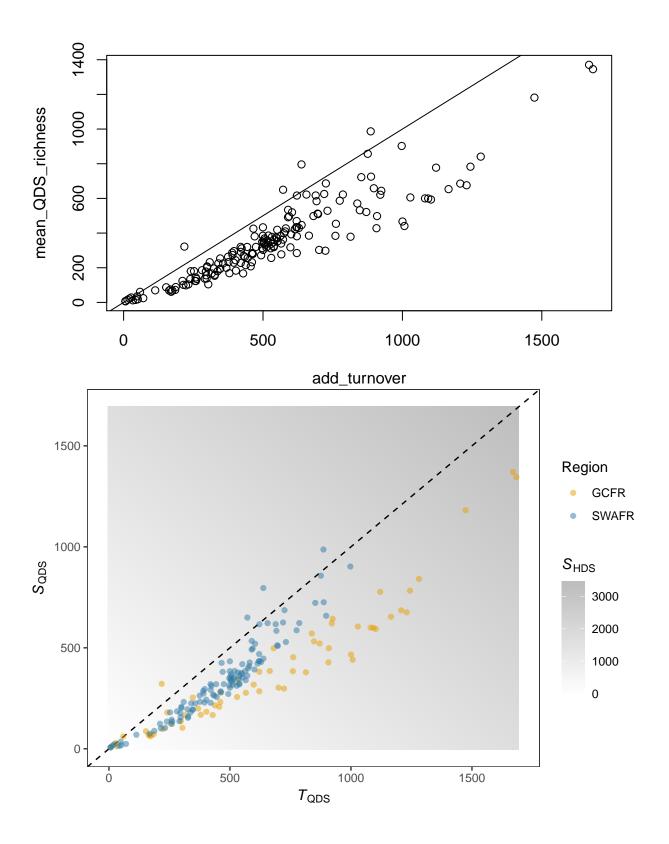
##

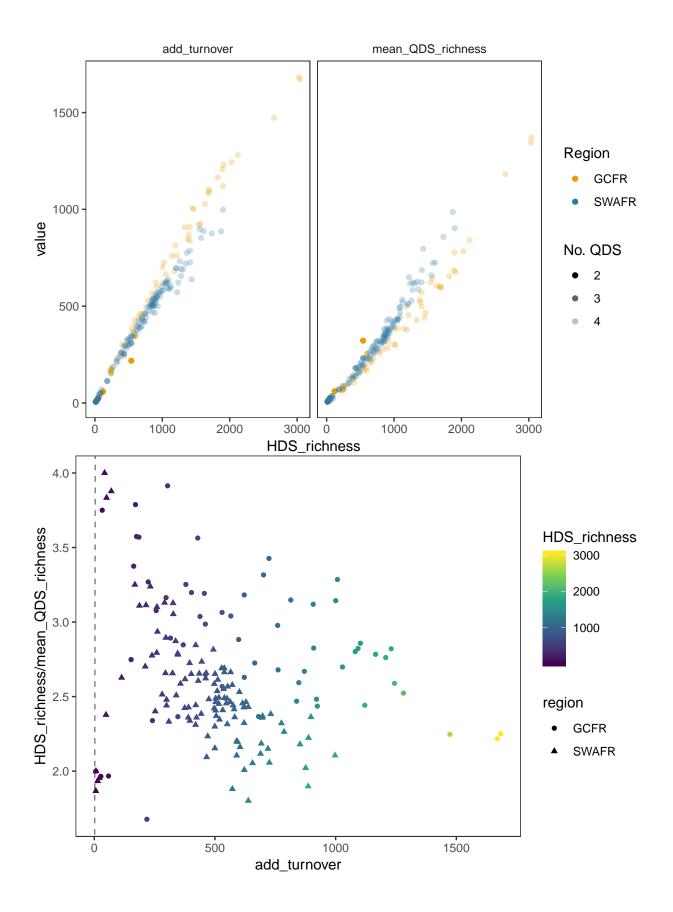
```
## Call:
## lm(formula = add_turnover ~ HDS_richness * region, data = mutate(HDS,
      add_turnover = (HDS_richness - mean_QDS_richness)/n_QDS))
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -36.362 -5.098
                   0.269
                            6.481 27.859
##
## Coefficients:
##
                            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                           16.818779
                                       2.378086
                                                7.072 3.73e-11 ***
                                       0.001872 76.406 < 2e-16 ***
## HDS_richness
                            0.143049
## regionSWAFR
                           -0.730515
                                       3.216319 -0.227
                                                           0.821
## HDS_richness:regionSWAFR -0.017684
                                       0.003056 -5.787 3.35e-08 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 10.28 on 171 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9823, Adjusted R-squared: 0.982
## F-statistic: 3164 on 3 and 171 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mean_QDS_richness ~ HDS_richness * region, data = HDS)
## Residuals:
                 1Q
                      Median
                                           Max
       Min
                                   3Q
## -115.532 -25.990
                      -5.309
                               19.043 148.745
##
## Coefficients:
                            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                           -48.99680
                                        9.97134 -4.914 2.08e-06 ***
## HDS_richness
                                        0.00785 53.248 < 2e-16 ***
                             0.41801
## regionSWAFR
                            -7.02383
                                       13.48606 -0.521
                                                           0.603
## HDS_richness:regionSWAFR
                             0.07330
                                        0.01281
                                                5.720 4.65e-08 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 43.1 on 171 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9684, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9679
## F-statistic: 1749 on 3 and 171 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

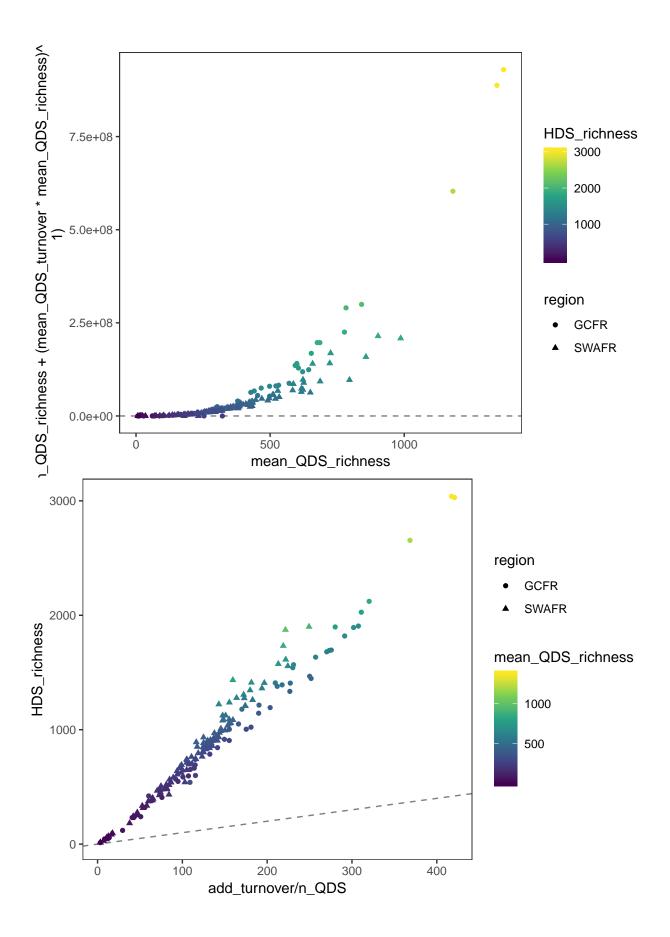


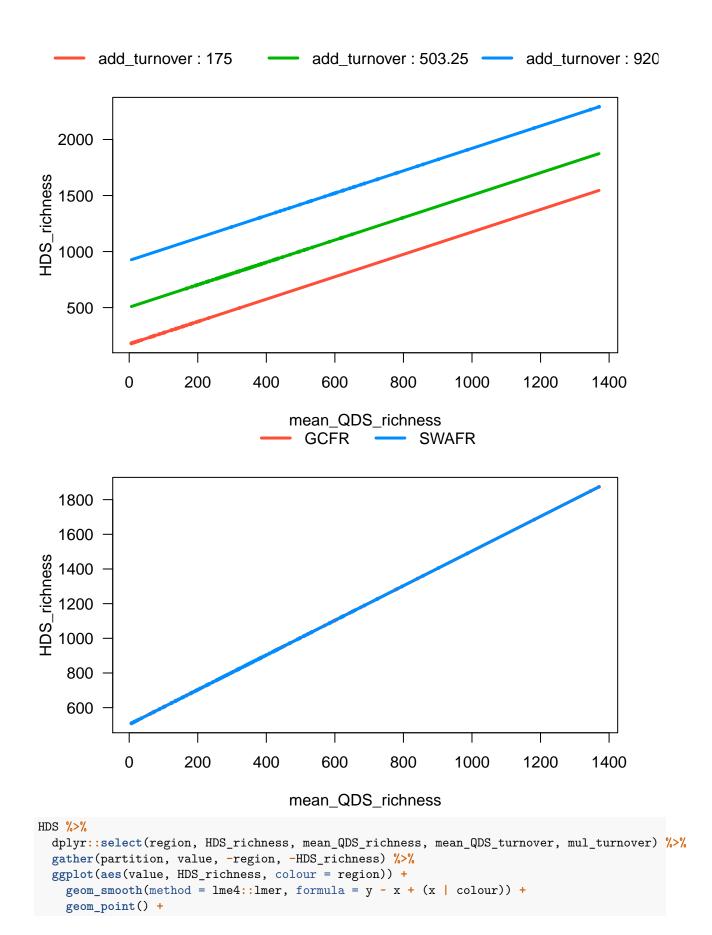












```
facet_grid(~partition, scales = "free_x")
ggplot(HDS, aes(mul_turnover / n_QDS, HDS_richness / n_QDS, colour = region, size = mean_QDS_richness /
  geom_smooth(method = lm) +
  geom_point()
ggplot(HDS, aes(mean_QDS_turnover, HDS_richness, colour = region, size = mean_QDS_richness)) +
  geom smooth(method = lm) +
  geom_point()
foo <- HDS %>%
 mutate(
                      = HDS_richness
   HDS richness
                                          / n_QDS,
   mean_QDS_richness = mean_QDS_richness / n_QDS,
   mul turnover
                  = mul_turnover
                                          / n_QDS
 ) %>%
  {lm(HDS_richness ~ mean_QDS_richness * mul_turnover, .)}
summary(foo)
visreg::visreg(foo, xvar = "mean_QDS_richness", by = "mul_turnover", breaks = 1, overlay = TRUE)
visreg(:visreg(foo, xvar = "mul_turnover", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
foo <- HDS %>%
 mutate(
                      = HDS_richness
   HDS_richness
                                          / n_QDS,
   mean_QDS_richness = mean_QDS_richness / n_QDS
  ) %>%
  {lm(HDS_richness ~ mean_QDS_richness * mean_QDS_turnover + mean_QDS_richness * region + mean_QDS_turn
summary(foo)
visreg::visreg(foo, xvar = "mean_QDS_richness", by = "mean_QDS_turnover", breaks = 3, overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(foo, xvar = "mean_QDS_richness", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(foo, xvar = "mean_QDS_turnover", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
foo <- HDS %>%
 mutate(
                     = HDS_richness
   HDS_richness
                                          / n_QDS,
   mean_QDS_richness = mean_QDS_richness / n_QDS,
                    = mul_turnover
   mul_turnover
                                          / n_QDS
 )
bar <- list(</pre>
  lme4::lmer(HDS_richness ~ mul_turnover + (1 + mul_turnover | region), foo),
 lme4::lmer(HDS_richness ~ mul_turnover + (1 + mul_turnover | region), foo),
  lme4::lmer(HDS_richness ~ mean_QDS_richness * mul_turnover + (1 + mul_turnover | region) + (1 + mean_
summary(bar[[1]])
visreg::visreg(bar[[1]], xvar = "mul_turnover", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(bar[[2]], xvar = "mul_turnover", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(bar[[3]], xvar = "mul_turnover", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(bar[[3]], xvar = "mean_QDS_richness", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
foo <- HDS %>%
  mutate(
   HDS_richness
                     = HDS_richness
                                          / n_QDS,
   mean_QDS_richness = mean_QDS_richness / n_QDS,
```

```
= mul_turnover
                                          / n_QDS
    mul_turnover
  )
bar <- list(</pre>
  lme4::lmer(HDS richness ~ mean QDS turnover + (1 + mean QDS turnover | region), foo),
  lme4::lmer(HDS_richness ~ mean_QDS_turnover + (1 + mean_QDS_turnover | region), foo),
  lme4::lmer(HDS_richness ~ mean_QDS_richness * mean_QDS_turnover + (1 + mean_QDS_turnover | region) +
summary(bar[[1]])
visreg::visreg(bar[[1]], xvar = "mean_QDS_turnover", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(bar[[2]], xvar = "mean_QDS_turnover", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(bar[[3]], xvar = "mean_QDS_turnover", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(bar[[3]], xvar = "mean_QDS_richness", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
HDS %>%
  dplyr::select(region, HDS_richness, mean_QDS_richness, n_QDS) %>%
  mutate(
    HDS_richness = HDS_richness / n_QDS,
    mean_QDS_richness = mean_QDS_richness / n_QDS
  ) %>%
  mutate(
    alpha = mean QDS richness / HDS richness,
    beta = (HDS_richness - mean_QDS_richness) / HDS_richness
  ) %>%
  dplyr::select(region, HDS_richness, alpha, beta) %>%
  gather(partition, value, -region, -HDS_richness) %>%
  ggplot(aes(value, HDS_richness, colour = region)) +
    geom_point() +
    facet_grid(~partition)
HDS %>% dplyr::select(region, hdgc, HDS_richness, mean_QDS_richness, n_QDS) %>% mutate(HDS_richness = H
HDS %>% dplyr::select(region, hdgc, HDS_richness, mean_QDS_richness, n_QDS) %>% mutate(HDS_richness = H
HDS %>% dplyr::select(region, hdgc, HDS_richness, mean_QDS_richness, n_QDS) %>% mutate(HDS_richness = H
HDS %>% dplyr::select(region, hdgc, HDS_richness, mean_QDS_richness, n_QDS) %>% mutate(HDS_richness = H
HDS %>% dplyr::select(region, hdgc, HDS richness, mean QDS richness, n QDS) %>% mutate(HDS richness = H
```

2.1. Univariate comparisons

```
ggplot(HDS, aes(HDS_richness, fill = region)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 20, position = "dodge")
ggplot(HDS, aes(mul_turnover, fill = region)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 20, position = "dodge")
ggplot(HDS, aes(mul_turnover, HDS_richness, colour = region)) +
  geom_smooth() +
  geom_point()
ggplot(HDS, aes(mul_turnover / n_QDS, HDS_richness / n_QDS, colour = region)) +
  geom_smooth() +#method = lm, formula = y ~ log(x)) +
  geom_point()
ggplot(HDS, aes(mean_QDS_richness, HDS_richness, colour = region)) +
```

```
geom_smooth(method = lm) +
geom_point()
ggplot(HDS, aes(mean_QDS_richness / n_QDS, HDS_richness / n_QDS, colour = region)) +
geom_smooth(method = lm) +
geom_point()
m <- lm(HDS_richness ~ mean_QDS_richness * mul_turnover + mean_QDS_richness * region + mul_turnover * r
tidy(m)
visreg::visreg(m, xvar = "mean_QDS_richness", by = "region", cond = list(mul_turnover = 0.5), overlay =
visreg::visreg(m, xvar = "mean_QDS_richness", by = "region", cond = list(region = "SWAFR"), overlay = T.</pre>
```

3. Relating environmental heterogeneity to species richness & turnover

Does heterogeneity explain differences in richness and turnover between the regions?

```
. . .
```

```
library(here)
source(here("analyses-May-2019/setup.R"))
HDS <- read_csv(here("outputs/QDS_data_cells.csv"))</pre>
QDS <- read_csv(here("outputs/EDS_data_cells.csv"))
# Log roughness values to match that PCAs were done on logged data
HDS[, str_which(names(HDS), "roughness")] %<>% log()
QDS[, str_which(names(QDS), "roughness")] %<>% log()
# (.) Explore normality of data -----
non_normal_vars <- HDS[, str_which(names(HDS), "(region|mean_value)")] %>%
  split(.$region) %>%
  map(dplyr::select, -region) %>%
  map(map, shapiro.test) %>%
  map(map_df, tidy, .id = "variable") %>%
  bind_rows(.id = "region") %>%
  as_tibble() %>%
  dplyr::select(-statistic, -method) %>%
  mutate(sig = p.value <= 0.05) %>%
  filter(sig)
HDS[, str_which(names(HDS), "(region|mean_value)")] %>%
  split(.$region) %>%
  map(dplyr::select, -region) %>%
  map(map, log) %>% # !!!
  map(map, shapiro.test) %>%
  map(map_df, tidy, .id = "variable") %>%
  bind_rows(.id = "region") %>%
  as_tibble() %>%
  dplyr::select(-statistic, -method) %>%
  mutate(sig = p.value <= 0.05) %>%
  filter(sig)
# Conclusion: Logging can't solve everything!
```

```
# (a) Separate-regions models with combinations of variables ------
# ..... GCFR ------
GCFR_HDS <- filter(HDS, region == "GCFR")</pre>
predictor names <- HDS %>%
  {names(.)[str_which(names(.), "(roughness|mean_value)")]} %>%
  paste(collapse = " + ")
m_all_richness <- lm(glue("HDS_richness ~ {predictor_names}"), GCFR_HDS)
m_all_turnover <- lm(glue("mul_turnover ~ {predictor_names}"), GCFR_HDS)</pre>
summary(m_all_richness)
summary(m_all_turnover)
m_all_richness_step <- step(m_all_richness)</pre>
m_all_turnover_step <- step(m_all_turnover)</pre>
summary(m_all_richness_step)
summary(m_all_turnover_step)
# PC1 only model
m_PC1_richness <- lm(HDS_richness ~ PC1, GCFR_HDS)</pre>
m_PC1_turnover <- lm(mul_turnover ~ PC1, GCFR_HDS)</pre>
summary(m_PC1_richness)
summary(m_PC1_turnover)
visreg::visreg(m_PC1_richness)
visreg::visreg(m_PC1_turnover)
# ..... SWAFR -----
SWAFR_HDS <- filter(HDS, region == "SWAFR")</pre>
predictor_names <- HDS %>%
  {names(.)[str_which(names(.), "(roughness|mean_value)")]} %>%
  paste(collapse = " + ")
m_all_richness <- lm(glue("HDS_richness ~ {predictor_names}"), SWAFR_HDS)</pre>
m_all_turnover <- lm(glue("mul_turnover ~ {predictor_names}"), SWAFR_HDS)</pre>
summary(m_all_richness)
summary(m_all_turnover)
m_all_richness_step <- step(m_all_richness)</pre>
m_all_turnover_step <- step(m_all_turnover)</pre>
summary(m_all_step)
summary(m_all_turnover_step)
# PC1 only model
m_PC1_richness <- lm(HDS_richness ~ PC1, SWAFR_HDS)</pre>
m_PC1_turnover <- lm(mul_turnover ~ PC1, SWAFR_HDS)</pre>
summary(m_PC1_richness)
summary(m_PC1_turnover)
```

```
visreg::visreg(m_PC1_richness)
visreg::visreg(m_PC1_turnover)
# .... QDS -----
# ..... GCFR -----
GCFR_QDS <- filter(QDS, region == "GCFR")</pre>
predictor_names <- QDS %>%
 {names(.)[str_which(names(.), "(roughness|mean_value)")]} %>%
 paste(collapse = " + ")
m_all <- lm(glue("QDS_richness ~ {predictor_names}"), GCFR_QDS)</pre>
summary(m_all)
m_all_step <- step(m_all)</pre>
summary(m_all_step)
# PC1 only model
m_PC1 <- lm(QDS_richness ~ PC1, GCFR_QDS)</pre>
summary(m_PC1)
visreg::visreg(m_PC1)
# ...... SWAFR -------
SWAFR_QDS <- filter(QDS, region == "SWAFR")</pre>
predictor_names <- QDS %>%
 {names(.)[str_which(names(.), "(roughness|mean_value)")]} %>%
 paste(collapse = " + ")
m_all <- lm(glue("QDS_richness ~ {predictor_names}"), SWAFR_QDS)</pre>
summary(m_all)
m_all_step <- step(m_all)</pre>
summary(m_all_step)
# PC1 only model
m_PC1 <- lm(QDS_richness ~ PC1, SWAFR_QDS)</pre>
summary(m_PC1)
visreg::visreg(m_PC1)
# (b) Combined-regions models with individual variables -----
# .... HDS -----
# ...... Richness ------
predictor_names <- names(HDS)[</pre>
 str_which(names(HDS), "(roughness|mean_value)")
]
```

```
HDS_richness_models_no_region <- predictor_names %>%
 map(~lm(glue("HDS_richness ~ {.x}"), HDS)) %>%
 set_names(predictor_names) %>%
 {tibble(predictor = names(.), model = .)} %>%
 mutate(
   slope_p_value = map_dbl(model, ~tidy(.x)$p.value[[2]]),
   r_squared = map_dbl(model, ~glance(.x)$r.squared),
                 = ifelse(slope p value <= 0.05, "*", ""),
   slope sig
                 = map(model, visreg::visreg, gg = TRUE)
   plot
HDS_richness_models_add_region <- predictor_names %>%
 map(~lm(glue("HDS_richness ~ {.x} + region"), HDS)) %>%
 set_names(predictor_names) %>%
 {tibble(predictor = names(.), model = .)} %>%
 mutate(
   slope_p_value = map_dbl(model, ~tidy(.x)$p.value[[2]]),
   region_p_value = map_dbl(model, ~tidy(.x)$p.value[[3]]),
   r_squared = map_dbl(model, ~glance(.x)$r.squared),
   slope_sig = ifelse(slope_p_value <= 0.05, "*", ""),</pre>
                = ifelse(region_p_value <= 0.05, "*", ""),
   region_sig
   plot
                  = map(model, visreg::visreg, gg = TRUE)
HDS_richness_models_int_region <- predictor_names %>%
 map(~lm(glue("HDS_richness ~ {.x} * region"), HDS)) %>%
 set names(predictor names) %>%
 {tibble(predictor = names(.), model = .)} %>%
 mutate(
    #model_tidy
                   = map(model, tidy),
                   = map_chr(map(model_tidy, "term"), paste, collapse = ", ")
   #foo
   slope_p_value = map_dbl(model, ~tidy(.x)$p.value[[2]]),
   region_p_value = map_dbl(model, ~tidy(.x)$p.value[[3]]),
                 = map_dbl(model, ~tidy(.x)$p.value[[4]]),
   int_p_value
                  = map_dbl(model, ~glance(.x)$r.squared),
   r_squared
                 = ifelse(slope_p_value <= 0.05, "*", ""),
   slope_sig
                 = ifelse(region_p_value <= 0.05, "*", ""),
   region_sig
                  = ifelse(int_p_value
                                         <= 0.05, "*", ""),
   int_sig
   plot
                  = map2(model, predictor,
                      ~ visreg::visreg(.x,
                        xvar = .y,
                        by = "region",
                        overlay = TRUE,
                        gg = TRUE
                    )
 )
cowplot::plot_grid(plotlist = HDS_richness_models_no_region$plot)
cowplot::plot_grid(plotlist = HDS_richness_models_add_region$plot)
cowplot::plot_grid(plotlist = HDS_richness_models_int_region$plot)
# ..... PC1 only model -----
# Richness
```

```
m1 <- lm(HDS_richness ~ PC1,
                                       HDS)
m2 <- lm(HDS_richness ~ PC1 + region, HDS)</pre>
m3 <- lm(HDS_richness ~ PC1 : region, HDS)
m4 <- lm(HDS_richness ~ PC1 * region, HDS)
AIC(m1, m2, m3, m4)
visreg::visreg(m1)
visreg::visreg(m2, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(m3, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(m4, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
tidy(m1)
glance(m1)
# Richness (QDS)
m1 <- lm(QDS_richness ~ PC1,</pre>
                                       QDS)
m2 <- lm(QDS_richness ~ PC1 + region, QDS)</pre>
m3 <- lm(QDS_richness ~ PC1 : region, QDS)
m4 <- lm(QDS_richness ~ PC1 * region, QDS)
AIC(m1, m2, m3, m4)
visreg::visreg(m1)
visreg::visreg(m2, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(m3, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(m4, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
tidy(m1)
glance(m1)
# Turnover
m1 <- lm(mul_turnover ~ PC1,</pre>
m2 <- lm(mul_turnover ~ PC1 + region, HDS)</pre>
m3 <- lm(mul_turnover ~ PC1 : region, HDS)
m4 <- lm(mul turnover ~ PC1 * region, filter(HDS, n QDS == 4))
m5 <- lm(mul_turnover ~ PC1 * region + n_QDS, HDS) # uh oh!
AIC(m1, m2, m3, m4)
visreg::visreg(m1)
visreg::visreg(m2, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(m3, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
visreg::visreg(m4, xvar = "PC1", by = "region", overlay = TRUE)
# !!!!!!
tidy(m4)
glance(m4)
# (c) Combined-regions models with combinations of variables -----
```

```
# TODO
m all \leftarrow lm(
 HDS richness ~
   Elevation_mean_value + Elevation_roughness +
   MAP_mean_value
                      + MAP_roughness +
   NDVI_mean_value
                        + NDVI_roughness +
   PDQ_mean_value
                        + PDQ_roughness +
   pH_mean_value
                         + pH roughness +
   Soil.C_mean_value
                         + Soil.C_roughness +
   Surface.T_mean_value + Surface.T_roughness,
  HDS
)
summary(m_all)
m_all_step <- step(m_all)</pre>
summary(m_all_step)
m_all_int <- lm(</pre>
 HDS_richness ~
   Elevation_mean_value
                                 + Elevation_roughness +
   MAP mean value
                                  + MAP roughness +
   NDVI mean value
                                  + NDVI roughness +
                                  + PDQ_roughness +
   PDQ_mean_value
   pH_mean_value
                                  + pH_roughness +
   Soil.C_mean_value
                                  + Soil.C_roughness +
   Surface.T mean value
                                  + Surface.T roughness +
   Elevation_mean_value : region + Elevation_roughness : region +
   MAP_mean_value
                       : region + MAP_roughness
                                                       : region +
   NDVI_mean_value
                         : region + NDVI_roughness
                                                        : region +
   PDQ_mean_value
                        : region + PDQ_roughness
                                                        : region +
   pH_mean_value
                        : region + pH_roughness
                                                        : region +
   Soil.C_mean_value
                         : region + Soil.C_roughness
                                                         : region +
   Surface.T_mean_value : region + Surface.T_roughness : region,
  HDS
m_all_int2 <- lm(</pre>
  QDS_richness ~
   Elevation mean value
                                  + Elevation roughness +
                                  + MAP roughness +
   MAP mean value
   NDVI_mean_value
                                  + NDVI_roughness +
   PDQ_mean_value
                                  + PDQ_roughness +
                                  + pH_roughness +
   pH_mean_value
   Soil.C_mean_value
                                  + Soil.C_roughness +
                                  + Surface.T_roughness +
   Surface.T_mean_value
   Elevation_mean_value : region + Elevation_roughness : region +
   MAP_mean_value
                        : region + MAP_roughness
                                                       : region +
   NDVI_mean_value
                         : region + NDVI_roughness
                                                        : region +
   PDQ_mean_value
                         : region + PDQ_roughness
                                                        : region +
                         : region + pH_roughness
   pH_mean_value
                                                         : region +
                         : region + Soil.C_roughness
   Soil.C_mean_value
                                                         : region +
   Surface.T_mean_value : region + Surface.T_roughness : region,
  QDS
)
```

```
summary(m_all_int)
summary(m_all_int2)
m_all_int_step <- step(m_all_int)</pre>
m_all_int_step2 <- step(m_all_int2)</pre>
summary(m_all_int_step)
summary(m_all_int_step2)
non_sigs <- m_all_int_step %>%
  tidy() %>%
  filter(p.value > 0.05, term != "(Intercept)") %>%
  pull(term) %>%
  paste(collapse = " - ") %>%
  {paste("-", .)}
m_all_int_step_manual <- update(</pre>
  m_all_int_step,
  as.formula(paste("~ .", non_sigs))
summary(m_all_int_step_manual)
non_sigs <- m_all_int_step_manual %>%
  tidy() %>%
  filter(p.value > 0.05, term != "(Intercept)") %>%
  pull(term) %>%
  paste(collapse = " - ") %>%
  {paste("-", .)}
m_all_int_step_manual2 <- update(</pre>
 m_all_int_step_manual,
  as.formula(paste("~ .", non_sigs))
summary(m_all_int_step_manual2)
AIC(m_all, m_all_step, m_all_int, m_all_int_step)
foo <- tibble(</pre>
 fit = m_all_int_step$fitted.values,
         = HDS$HDS_richness,
 region = HDS$region
ggplot(foo, aes(obs, fit)) +
  geom_smooth(method = lm, colour = "black") +
  geom_point(aes(colour = region))
#plot(m_all_int_step)
foo2 <- tibble(</pre>
        = m_all_int_step2\fitted.values,
  obs
         = QDS$QDS_richness,
 region = QDS$region
ggplot(foo2, aes(obs, fit)) +
  geom_smooth(method = lm, colour = "black") +
  geom_point(aes(colour = region), alpha = 0.25)
#plot(m_all_int_step2)
```

```
ggplot(HDS, aes(PC1, HDS_richness)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = region)) +
  geom_smooth(method = lm, colour = "black")
ggplot(QDS, aes(PC1, QDS richness)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = region)) +
  geom_smooth(method = lm, colour = "black")
m <- lm(HDS_richness ~ PC1, HDS)
#plot(m)
ggplot(HDS, aes(Elevation_mean_value, HDS_richness)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = region)) +
  geom_smooth(method = lm, colour = "black")
ggplot(HDS, aes(Elevation_roughness, HDS_richness)) +
  geom_point(aes(colour = region)) +
  geom_smooth(method = lm, colour = "black")
ggplot(HDS, aes(PC1, Elevation_roughness, colour = region)) +
  geom_point()
ggplot(HDS, aes(PC2, Elevation_roughness, colour = region)) +
  geom_point()
ggplot(QDS, aes(lon, lat, colour = PC1)) +
  geom_point(size = 3) +
  facet_grid(~region, scales = "free_x") +
  scale_colour_viridis_c()
ggplot(HDS, aes(lon, lat, colour = PC1)) +
  geom_point(size = 3) +
  facet_wrap(~region, scales = "free") +
  scale_colour_viridis_c()
ggplot(HDS, aes(lon, lat, colour = PC2)) +
  geom_point(size = 3) +
  facet_wrap(~region, scales = "free")
# (...) PCA biplots again ----
             <- read_rds(here("outputs/QDS_roughness_cells_PCA.RDS"))</pre>
HDS PCA
HDS PCA data <- read csv(here("outputs/QDS roughness cells prepped.csv"))
             <- read rds(here("outputs/EDS roughness cells PCA.RDS"))</pre>
QDS_PCA_data <- read_csv(here("outputs/EDS_roughness_cells_prepped.csv"))
# Log to match PCA
HDS_PCA_data[, -c(1, 2)] \% <> \% log()
QDS_PCA_data[, -c(1, 2)] %<>% log()
autoplot(HDS_PCA,
  data
                  = HDS_PCA_data,
                  = "region",
  colour
 loadings
                  = TRUE,
 loadings.colour = "blue",
 loadings.label = TRUE
autoplot (QDS PCA,
  data
                  = QDS_PCA_data,
```

```
colour
               = "region",
                 = TRUE,
  loadings
  loadings.colour = "blue",
  loadings.label = TRUE
HDS %>%
  filter(n_QDS == 4) %>%
  dplyr::select(region, PC1, PC2) %>%
  group_by(region) %>%
  summarise_all(.funs = list(mean = mean, sd = sd)) %>%
  mutate(
    PC1_upp = PC1_mean + PC1_sd,
    PC1_low = PC1_mean - PC1_sd,
    PC2_upp = PC2_mean + PC2_sd,
   PC2_low = PC2_mean - PC2_sd
  ) %>%
  ggplot(aes(PC1_mean, PC2_mean, colour = region)) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
    geom_vline(xintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
    geom point() +
    geom_errorbar( aes(ymin = PC2_low, ymax = PC2_upp), width = 0) +
    geom_errorbarh(aes(xmin = PC1_low, xmax = PC1_upp), height = 0) +
    geom_point(
             = filter(HDS, n_QDS == 4),
      data
      mapping = aes(PC1, PC2, colour = region),
      alpha = 0.5
    ) +
    theme_minimal()
QDS %>%
  filter(n_EDS == 4) %>%
  dplyr::select(region, PC1, PC2) %>%
  group_by(region) %>%
  summarise_all(.funs = list(mean = mean, sd = sd)) %>%
  mutate(
    PC1_upp = PC1_mean + PC1_sd,
    PC1 low = PC1 mean - PC1 sd,
    PC2_upp = PC2_mean + PC2_sd,
    PC2_low = PC2_mean - PC2_sd
  ) %>%
  ggplot(aes(PC1_mean, PC2_mean, colour = region)) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
    geom_vline(xintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
    geom_point() +
    geom_errorbar( aes(ymin = PC2_low, ymax = PC2_upp), width = 0) +
    geom_errorbarh(aes(xmin = PC1_low, xmax = PC1_upp), height = 0) +
    geom_point(
      data
             = filter(QDS, n_EDS == 4),
      mapping = aes(PC1, PC2, colour = region),
      alpha = 0.25
    ) +
    theme_minimal()
```

```
ggplot(HDS, aes(PC1, PC2, colour = PC2 > 0)) +
  geom_point()
HDS %>%
  split(.$region) %>%
  map(~.x \%\% table(PC2 > 0, PC1 > 0))
my PCA plot <- function(data) {</pre>
  get lim <- function(x) {</pre>
    lim <- ceiling(max(x))</pre>
    c(-lim, lim)
  plot_xlim <- get_lim(data$PC1)</pre>
  plot_ylim <- get_lim(data$PC2)</pre>
  no_legend_no_grid <- theme(</pre>
    legend.position = "none",
    panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
   panel.grid.minor = element_blank()
  white_rect <- grid::grid.rect(gp = grid::gpar(col = "white"))</pre>
  PC1_histograms <- ggplot(data, aes(PC1, fill = region)) +
    geom_histogram(bins = 20, position = "dodge") +
    xlim(plot_xlim) +
    theme minimal() +
    theme(
      axis.title.x
                       = element blank(),
                       = element_blank(),
      axis.text.x
                        = element_text(angle = 90),
      axis.text.y
      axis.line.x.bottom = element_blank(),
      axis.line.x.top = element_blank(),
      axis.line.y.right = element_blank()
    ) +
    no_legend_no_grid
  PC2_histograms <- ggplot(data, aes(PC2, fill = region)) +</pre>
    geom_histogram(bins = 20, position = "dodge") +
    xlim(plot ylim) +
    coord flip() +
    theme_minimal() +
    theme(
      axis.title.y
                       = element_blank(),
                        = element_blank(),
     axis.text.y
      axis.line.y.right = element_blank(),
      axis.line.y.left = element_blank(),
      axis.line.x.top = element_blank()
    no_legend_no_grid
  PCA_biplot <- ggplot(data, aes(PC1, PC2, colour = region)) +
    geom_hline(yintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
    geom_vline(xintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
    geom_point() +
    lims(x = plot_xlim, y = plot_ylim) +
```

```
theme_bw() +
    theme(axis.text.y = element_text(angle = 90)) +
   no_legend_no_grid
  cowplot::plot_grid(
   PC1_histograms, white_rect,
                   PC2_histograms,
   PCA_biplot,
   ncol = 2,
   rel_widths = c(4, 1), rel_heights = c(1, 4)
}
foo <- my_PCA_plot(HDS)</pre>
PC1_histograms <- ggplot(QDS, aes(PC1, fill = region)) +
 xlim(-5, 5) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 20, position = "dodge") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "none", axis.title.x = element_blank(),
                                  axis.text.x = element_blank(),
                                  axis.text.y = element_text(angle = 90),
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank())
PC2_histograms <- ggplot(QDS, aes(PC2, fill = region)) +
  xlim(-5, 5) +
  geom histogram(bins = 20, position = "dodge") +
  coord flip() +
  theme minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "none", axis.title.y = element_blank(),
                                  axis.text.y = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
       panel.grid.minor = element_blank())
PC_biplot <- ggplot(QDS, aes(PC1, PC2, colour = region)) +
  lims(x = c(-5, 5), y = c(-5, 5)) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
  geom_point() +
 theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none", axis.text.y = element_text(angle = 90),
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank())
white_rect <- grid::grid.rect(gp = grid::gpar(col = "white"))</pre>
cowplot::plot grid(
 PC1_histograms, white_rect,
 PC_biplot,
               PC2_histograms,
 ncol = 2,
 rel_widths = c(4, 1), rel_heights = c(1, 4)
PC1_histograms <- ggplot(HDS, aes(PC1, fill = region)) +
  \#xlim(-5, 5) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 20, position = "dodge") +
  theme_minimal() +
```

```
theme(legend.position = "none", axis.title.x = element_blank(),
                                   axis.text.x = element_blank(),
                                   axis.title.y = element_blank(),
                                   axis.text.y = element_blank(),
                                   #axis.text.y = element_text(angle = 90),
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank())
PC2 histograms <- ggplot(HDS, aes(PC2, fill = region)) +
  \#xlim(-5, 5) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 20, position = "dodge") +
  coord flip() +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "none", axis.title.y = element_blank(),
                                   axis.text.y = element_blank(),
                                   axis.title.x = element_blank(),
                                   axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element_blank())
PC_biplot <- ggplot(HDS, aes(PC1, PC2, colour = region)) +
  #lims(x = c(-5, 5), y = c(-5, 5)) +
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 0, lty = "dashed", colour = "grey25") +
  geom_point() +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none", axis.text.y = element_text(angle = 90),
        panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
        panel.grid.minor = element blank())
white_rect <- grid::grid.rect(gp = grid::gpar(col = "white"))</pre>
cowplot::plot_grid(
  PC1_histograms, white_rect,
  PC_biplot,
                PC2_histograms,
 ncol = 2,
 rel_widths = c(4, 1), rel_heights = c(1, 4)
all_PCA_data <- rbind(</pre>
  cbind(scale = "HDS", HDS_PCA_data[, -2]),
  cbind(scale = "QDS", QDS_PCA_data[, -2])
foo <- prcomp(all_PCA_data[, -c(1, 2)], scale. = TRUE)
if (all(foo$rotation[, 1] <= 0)) {</pre>
  foo$rotation[, 1] %<>% multiply_by(-1)
  foo$x[, 1]
                   %<>% multiply_by(-1)
autoplot(foo, data = unite(all_PCA_data, region_scale, region, scale), colour = "region_scale", alpha =
```

- 3.1. Separate-regions models with combinations of variables
- 3.2. Combined-regions models with individual variables
- 3.3. Combined-regions models with combinations of variables