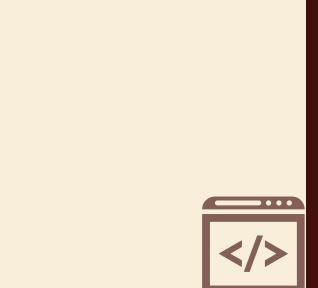






```
// Definition for singly-linked list.
struct ListNode {
  int val;
  struct ListNode *next;
};
struct ListNode* reverse(struct ListNode* head) {
  struct ListNode* prev = NULL;
  struct ListNode* curr = head;
  struct ListNode* next = NULL;
  while (curr) {
    next = curr->next;
    curr->next = prev;
    prev = curr;
    curr = next;
  }
  return prev;
void reorderList(struct ListNode* head) {
  if (!head || !head->next) return;
  // 1. Find middle
  struct ListNode* slow = head;
  struct ListNode* fast = head;
  while (fast->next && fast->next->next) {
    slow = slow->next;
    fast = fast->next->next;
  }
  // 2. Reverse second half
  struct ListNode* second = reverse(slow->next);
  slow->next = NULL;
  // 3. Merge
  struct ListNode* first = head;
  while (first && second) {
    struct ListNode* temp1 = first->next;
    struct ListNode* temp2 = second->next;
    first->next = second;
    second->next = temp1;
    first = temp1;
    second = temp2;
 }
```









```
// Definition for singly-linked list.
struct ListNode {
  int val;
  ListNode *next;
  ListNode(): val(0), next(nullptr) {}
  ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
  ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
};
class Solution {
public:
  ListNode* reverse(ListNode* head) {
    ListNode* prev = nullptr;
    while (head) {
      ListNode* next = head->next;
      head->next = prev;
      prev = head;
      head = next;
    }
    return prev;
  void reorderList(ListNode* head) {
    if (!head || !head->next) return;
    // 1. Find middle by Tortoise and Hare method
    ListNode* slow = head, *fast = head;
    while (fast->next && fast->next->next) {
      slow = slow->next;
      fast = fast->next->next;
    // 2. Reverse second half
    ListNode* second = reverse(slow->next);
    slow->next = nullptr;
    // 3. Merge
    ListNode* first = head;
    while (first && second) {
      ListNode* t1 = first->next;
      ListNode* t2 = second->next;
      first->next = second;
      second->next = t1;
      first = t1;
      second = t2;
```











second.next = t1

first, second = t1, t2

Definition for singly-linked list. class ListNode: def _init_(self, val=0, next=None): self.val = val self.next = next class Solution: def reverse(self, head): prev, curr = None, head while curr: nxt = curr.next curr.next = prev prev = curr curr = nxt return prev def reorderList(self, head: ListNode) -> None: if not head or not head.next: return #1. Find middle slow, fast = head, head while fast.next and fast.next.next: slow = slow.next fast = fast.next.next # 2. Reverse second half second = self.reverse(slow.next) slow.next = None #3. Merge first = head while first and second: t1, t2 = first.next, second.next first.next = second







```
// Definition for singly-linked list.
class ListNode {
  int val;
  ListNode next;
  ListNode() {}
  ListNode(int val) { this.val = val; }
  ListNode(int val, ListNode next) { this.val = val; this.next = next; }
}
class Solution {
  private ListNode reverse(ListNode head) {
    ListNode prev = null, curr = head;
    while (curr != null) {
      ListNode next = curr.next;
      curr.next = prev;
      prev = curr;
      curr = next;
    }
    return prev;
  public void reorderList(ListNode head) {
    if (head == null || head.next == null) return;
    // 1. Find middle
    ListNode slow = head, fast = head;
    while (fast.next != null && fast.next.next != null) {
      slow = slow.next;
      fast = fast.next.next;
    }
    // 2. Reverse second half
    ListNode second = reverse(slow.next);
    slow.next = null;
    // 3. Merge
    ListNode first = head;
    while (first != null && second != null) {
      ListNode t1 = first.next;
      ListNode t2 = second.next;
      first.next = second;
      second.next = t1;
      first = t1;
      second = t2;
    }
 }
```



