## Questions 1

## • Question 1

The goal of this question is to find parameters corresponding to a generalized linear model using least-squares regression. The basis functions you will use for this problem are given by

$$\{1, x, \exp(-x)\}.$$

The data you will use for the least squares fit are given below the instructions.

- 1. In Matlab, form the Vandermonde-like matrix, V, whose columns are the basis functions evaluated at the sample locations  $\{x^{(i)}\}_{i=1}^5$ .
- 2. Form the array y whose entries are the sampled function values  $\{f^{(i)}\}_{i=1}^5$ . 3. Solve for the basis coefficients,  $\alpha = (V^T V)^{-1}(V^T y)$ .

Provide the value of the coefficient corresponding to the basis function x.

*Hint:* Review the example in Lecture 14, video 2.

## $\mathbf{2}$ Answers

- Answer 1
- 1. The Vandermonde-like matrix is

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.838 & 0.432574808472887 \\ 1 & 1.524 & 0.217838786768906 \\ 1 & 2.290 & 0.101266461853883 \\ 1 & 8.258 & 0.000259176826868 \\ 1 & 9.133 & 0.000108040975502 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. The array y is given by

$$y^T = \begin{bmatrix} 1.439, 1.290, 1.003, 0.990, 0.940 \end{bmatrix}.$$

3. Solving for  $\alpha = (V^T V)^{-1} (V^T y)$  in Matlab, we find  $\alpha^T = \begin{bmatrix} 0.937126557618731, & 0.002754314563414, & 1.217548266642066 \end{bmatrix}$  The coefficient corresponding to the basis x is  $\alpha_2=0.002754314563414$ .